CODE REVISER USE ONLY

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DATE: August 07, 2019

TIME: 11:01 AM

WSR 19-16-154

PROPOSED RULE MAKING



CR-102 (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.320)

Do NOT use for expedited rule making

Agency: Washington S	tate Building	Code Council						
⊠ Original Notice								
Supplemental Notice to WSR								
□ Continuance of W	Continuance of WSR							
☑ Preproposal State	ment of Inq	uiry was filed as WSR <u>19-06-075</u>	; or					
Expedited Rule Ma	□ Expedited Rule MakingProposed notice was filed as WSR; or							
□ Proposal is exempt under RCW 34.05.310(4) or 34.05.330(1); or								
Proposal is exemption	ot under RC	W						
Title of rule and othe Uniform Plumbing Coc	r identifying de.	g information: (describe subject) W	/AC 51-56, Adoption and amendment of the 2018					
Hearing location(s):								
Date:	Time:	Location: (be specific)	Comment:					
September 13, 2019	10:00 am	Center Place Regional Event Ctr						
		2426 N Discovery Place						
September 27, 2019	10:00 am	Department of Enterprise						
		Services						
		Presentation Room (1213)						
		1500 Jefferson Street						
Date of intended ado	ption: Nove	ember 8, 2019 (Note: This is NOT t	he effective date)					
Submit written comm	nents to:	、	, ,					
Name: Doug Orth								
Address: 1500 Jeffers	son St SE, C	Olympia, WA 98504						
Email: SBCC@des.wa	a.gov							
Fax:								
Other:								
By (date) September 2	27, 2019	·						
Assistance for perso	ns with dis	abilities:						
Contact Carrie Toebbe	<u>9</u>							
Phone: 360-407-9255								
rax. ττν·								
Email: carrie.toebbe@	des.wa.dov							
Other:								
By (date) September 4	1, 2019							
L								

Purpose of the proposal and its anticipated effects, including any changes in existing rules:

The proposed rules adopt the 2018 edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, published by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, with state amendments to incorporate proposed changes as adopted by the Washington State Building Code Council. The rules will provide increased clarity and life safety measures for building construction in Washington State.

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED CHANGES

2018 UPC										
	WAC Section Changes in 2018 Discussion									
1	F1 F6 002		Deploce 2015 with 2019							
1	51-20-003		Replace 2015 with 2018							
2	51-56-008	Implementation	Replace 2016 with 2020	Edit						
3	51-56-200	221.0	Add Spray Sprinkler Body	Addition						
4	51-56-200	225.0	Water heat (consumer electric storage) (Mini Tank Elect.)	Addition						
5	51-56-400	407.2	Water consumption (Faucets)	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
6	51-56-400	407.2.1	Maximum Water Flow	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
7	51-56-400	407.2.1.1	Residential Lavatory Faucets	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
8	51-56-400	407.2.1.2	Lavatory Faucets in Common and Public Use Areas	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
9	51-56-400	407.2.2	Metering Faucets	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
10	51-56-400	408.2	Water Consumption (Shower heads)	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
11	51-56-400	408.2.1	Multiple Showerheads Serving One Shower	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
12	51-56-400	408.2.5	Tub Spout Diverters and Showerhead Tub Spout Diverter Combinations	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
13	51-56-400	411.2	Water Consumption (Water Closets)	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
14	51-56-400	411.2.1	Dual Flush Water Closets	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
15	51-56-400	411.2.2	Performance	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
16	51-56-400	411.2.3	Flushometer Valve Activated Water Closets	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
17	51-56-400	412.1	Application	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
18	51-56-400	414.3	807.4 to 807.3	Edit						
19	51-56-400	420.0	Sinks	Addition						
20	51-56-400	420.1	Application	Addition						
21	51-56-400	420.2	Water consumption (Sinks)	Addition						
22	51-56-400	420.2.1	Kitchen faucets	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
23	51-56-400	420.3	Pre-rinse spray valve	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
24	51-56-400	423.0	Landscape Irrigation	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						
25	51-56-400	423.1	Sprinkler body	Modification Effective July 1, 2021						

26	51-56-500	501.1	Change 501.1 to 501.1(2)	Edit
27	51-56-500	501.1	Clarification in note (2) of the table	Clarification
28	51-56-500	501.1.3	Consumer electric storage water heater requirements	Modification Effective July 1, 2021
29	51-56-500	501.1.3	Mini-tank electric water heaters	Modification Effective July 1, 2021
30	51-56-600	603.5.12	Change in accordance to That complies	Edit
31	51-56-600	608.3.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
32	51-56-600	608.5	Change approved to comply	Edit
33	51-56-800	807.3	Air gap removal option in exceptions	Modification
34	51-56-900	903.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
35	51-56-900	911.1	Circuit Vent Permitted	Addition
36	51-56-1500	1501.1	Modification of requirements	Modification
37	51-56-1500	1501.1.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
38	51-56-1500	1501.2	Removed from amendment	Deletion
39	51-56-1500	1501.7	Removed from amendment	Deletion
40	51-56-1500	1501.11.2.3	Removed from amendment	Deletion
41	51-56-1500	1501.13.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
42	51-56-1500	1502.0	Removed from amendment	Deletion
43	51-56-1500	1503.4	Removed from amendment	Deletion
44	51-56-1500	1504.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
45	51-56-1500	1504.7	Removed from amendment	Deletion
46	51-56-1500	1504.10.2	Removed from amendment	Deletion
47	51-56-1600	1601.1	Modification of requirements	Modification
48	51-56-1600	1601.11.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
49	51-56-1600	1602.0	Removed from amendment	Deletion
50	51-56-1600	1602.1	Removed from amendment	Deletion
51	51-56-1600	1602.11.2.3	Removed from amendment	Deletion
Note: th	nose not listed	on the table above	remain as adopted in 2015.	
Reasons RCW	s supporting p / 19.27.031 an	roposal: d RCW 19.27-074		

Statutory authority for adoption: 19.27.031, 19.27.074

Statute being im	plemented: 19.27.031, 1	9.27.074				
Is rule necessary	v because of a:					
Federal La	w?		🗆 Yes 🛛 No			
Federal Co	🗆 Yes 🛛 No					
State Court Decision?						
If yes, CITATION	:					
Agency commer matters: None	its or recommendations	s, if any, as to statutory language, implementation, er	forcement, and fiscal			
Name of propon	ent: (person or organizati	on) State Building Code Council	 □ Private □ Public ⊠ Governmental 			
Name of agency	personnel responsible	for:				
	Name	Office Location	Phone			
Drafting:	Richard Brown	1500 Jefferson St. SE, Olympia, WA 98504	360-407-9277			
Implementation:	Richard Brown	1500 Jefferson St. SE, Olympia, WA 98504	360-407-9277			
Enforcement:	Local Jurisdictions Hav	ing				
Authority						
The public ma Name: Address Phone: Fax: TTY: Email: Other:	ment nere: y obtain a copy of the sch :: analysis required unde	nool district fiscal impact statement by contacting:				
	analysis required under	RCW 34.03.320?				
in res: A province of the second sec	Richard Brown 360-407-9277 Richard.brown@des.wa.g se explain:	Olympia, WA 98504				
Regulatory Fairr	ess Act Cost Considera	ations for a Small Business Economic Impact Statem	ent:			
This rule proposa chapter 19.85 RC	l, or portions of the propo W). Please check the bo	sal, may be exempt from requirements of the Regulator c for any applicable exemption(s):	y Fairness Act (see			
□ This rule prop adopted solely to regulation this rule	osal, or portions of the pro conform and/or comply w e is being adopted to com	oposal, is exempt under RCW 19.85.061 because this ru ith federal statute or regulations. Please cite the specific form or comply with, and describe the consequences to t	le making is being federal statute or he state if the rule is not			

adopted.

Citation and description:

□ This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt because the agency has completed the pilot rule process defined by RCW 34.05.313 before filing the notice of this proposed rule.

	e proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exer	mpt under th	ne provisions of RCW 15.65.570(2) because it was
adopted by	a referendum.	mot under F	PCW 19 85 025(3) Check all that apply:
	P(M) 24 05 210 (4)(b)		PCW 24.05.210(4)(a)
	(Internal government operations)		(Distated by statute)
	(internal government operations) PCW(24.05.210,(4)(c))		(Dictated by statute)
	(1)		(Set or adjust fees)
	(Incorporation by reference)		(36101 adjust rees)
	(Correct or clarify language)		((i) Relating to agency hearings: or (ii) process
			requirements for applying to an agency for a license or permit)
□ This rul	e proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exer	mpt under R	CW .
Explanation	of exemptions, if necessary:		
	COMPLETE THIS SECTIO	N ONLY IF	NO EXEMPTION APPLIES
If the propo	sed rule is not exempt , does it impose more-	than-minor	costs (as defined by RCW 19.85.020(2)) on businesses?
🗆 No	Briefly summarize the agency's analysis sho	owing how c	costs were calculated
🛛 Yes	Calculations show the rule proposal likely in	nposes mor	e-than-minor cost to businesses, and a small business
econom	ic impact statement is required. Insert stateme	ent here:	
The	e are costs imposed by the proposed rules bu	It the costs	do not fall disproportionately on small
busi	nesses. These rules will not affect the distribu- a the work. The rules do not affect employment	tion of impa	cted work, whether by small businesses or not,
dom		it, reporting	
Small Busi	ness Economic Impact Statement (RCW	19.85.040)	
Description			
The Washing	gton State Building Code Council (SBCC) is filing a p	proposed rul	e to adopt the updated 2018 edition of Uniform Plumbing
Code (UPC))	(WAC 51-56). Since 1985 the state building code	council has b	een responsible to update to new editions of the building
code per RC	W 19.27.074. The UPC is updated every three yea	rs by the Inte	ernational Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials
(IAPMO). Th	e code development process conducted by the me	odel code or	ganization is open to all interest groups within the design and
developmen	t process.		
The adminis	trative compliance requirements are under the au	uthority of th	e local government, RCW19.27.050. Compliance activities
including pe	rmit issuance, plan review and approval, and insp	ections occu	r at the local level. Requirements for construction document
submittal an	d other reporting requirements are determined b	y the local ju	risdiction and are consistent with previously established
policies. The	proposed amendments to WAC 51-56 include spo	ecific technic	al requirements for building construction to be consistent
	li standards.		
<u>Professional</u>	<u>Services</u>	1074 The lev	al enforcement outbority boying invidiation administers the
codes through	nas nau a statewide building code in effect since is the building and/or fire departments. Administ	1974. The IOC	an enforcement authority naving jurisdiction administers the dures for state building code compliance are established and
will not be c	hanged by the adoption of the update to the curre	ent building (codes. Small businesses will employ the same types of
professional	services for the design and construction of building	ngs and syste	ems to comply with the state building code.
The propose	d rule undates the state building code and does n	ot require ar	ditional equipment supplies labor or other services. Services

The proposed rule updates the state building code and does not require additional equipment, supplies, labor or other services. Services needed to comply with the building code are existing within the construction industry as required by the local authority having jurisdiction.

Costs of Compliance for Businesses

The cost of compliance incurred by Washington businesses includes training and educational materials. The UPC 2018 model codes costs \$125 + tax shipping and handling. This publication is also available on the IAPMO web site. The IAMPO offers training for continuing education credits to architects, engineers and building inspectors.

The Plumbing Code technical advisory group (TAG) determined there is a cost for compliance on businesses for the following proposed state amendments.

- Table 504.1 note 2: This revision will assure that the water heater will be able to provide the system with hot water when needed - the non-storage water heater cannot act as a restriction to flow during peak load operation per UPC section 610.2. There is a minor economic impact - Tankless water heater will have to be rated for higher flow to meet this requirement.
- 2. Sections 407.2, 408.2, 411.2, 412, 420, 423, 501.1.3, 501.1.3. These changes are in response to SSHB 1444 legislation from the 2019 legislative session. The changes update appliance standards. The change will increase construction costs but reduce energy consumption. Because these requirements are established by statute a cost analysis not required here.

Loss of Sales or Revenue

The proposed rules make the state code for building construction consistent with national standards. Businesses with new products or updated test or design standards are recognized in the updated building code.

The update will result in some cost outlay for some small businesses for specific building projects, for a transition period. Other small businesses would see an increase in revenue. The amendments to the plumbing code affect over 25,000 (in 2012) small businesses in the state, where construction activity occurs. The primary intent of the amendments is to improve the safety features in buildings and provide consistency and fairness across the state, for a predictable business environment. The amendments should result in enhanced safety and value in buildings.

<u>Cost of Compliance for Small Businesses</u> (Determine whether the proposed rule will have a disproportionate cost impact on small businesses, compare the cost of compliance for small business with the cost of compliance for the ten percent of businesses that are the largest businesses.)

The majority of businesses affected by the updates to the plumbing code are small businesses; over 95 percent of those listed in the construction and related industries have under 50 employees. The costs per employee are comparable between the largest businesses and the majority of small businesses. The cost to comply with the updated codes is not a disproportionate impact on small business.

Reducing the Costs of the Rule on Small Businesses

The SBCC conducted a detailed review process, including participation at the national code development hearings, to document significant economic impacts of the proposed code amendments.

Small Businesses Involved in the Development of the Rule

For the UPC, the SBCC conducted five open public meetings of the building code technical advisory group, available via telephone conference bridge and over the internet, and allowed comment on every item on every agenda. For the UPC the SBCC appointed 10 representatives of all segments of the business and construction community to serve on the technical advisory groups.

List of Industries

Below is a list of industries required to comply with the building code:

North American Industry Classifica- tion System (NAICS) Code	NAICS Code Definition	Number of Establish- ments in Washingto n State	TOTAL Annual Payroll	TOTAL Annual Revenue	AVG Annual Payroll	AVG Annual Revenue	1% of Avg Annual Payroll	0.3% of Avg Annual Revenue
236115	New single- family housing construction (except for-sale builders)	1261	\$186,272,000		\$147,718		\$1,477	
236116	New multifamily housing construction (except for-sale builders)	45	\$54,622,000		\$1,213,822		\$12,138	
236118	Residential remodelers	2777	\$318,180,000	\$1,536,217,000	\$114,577	\$553,193	\$1,146	\$1,660
236210	Industrial building construction	53 (s)	\$99,790,000					
236220	Commercial and institutional	862	\$772,473,000	\$6,925,925,000	\$896,140	\$8,034,716	\$8,961	\$24,104

	building construction							
238110	Poured concrete foundation and structure contractors	511	\$144,643,000	\$479,256,000	\$283,059	\$937,879	\$2,831	\$2,814
238120	Structural steel and precast concrete contractors	68	\$93,454,000	\$336,100,000	\$1,374,324	\$4,942,647	\$13,743	\$14,828
238130	Framing contractors	417	\$79,196,000	\$279,226,000	\$189,918	\$669,607	\$1,899	\$2,009
238140	Masonry contractors	293	\$74,067,000	\$215,274,000	\$252,788	\$734,724	\$2,528	\$2,204
238150	Glass and glazing contractors	141	\$67,626,000	\$237,985,000	\$479,617	\$1,687,837	\$4,796	\$5,064
238160	Roofing contractors	537	\$179,942,000	\$660,911,000	\$335,088	\$1,230,747	\$3,351	\$3,692
238170	Siding contractors	327	\$58,557,000	\$286,471,000	\$179,073	\$876,058	\$1,791	\$2,628
238190	Other foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	113	\$37,585,000	\$123,771,000	\$332,611	\$1,095,319	\$3,326	\$3,286
238210	Electrical contractors and other wiring installation contractors	1847	\$940,854,000	\$3,026,762,000	\$509,396	\$1,638,745	\$5,094	\$4,916
238220	Plumbing, heating, and air- conditioning contractors	1664	\$959,976,000	\$3,169,548,000	\$576,909	\$1,904,776	\$5,769	\$5,714
238290	Other building equipment contractors	81	\$117,696,000		\$1,453,037		\$14,530	
238310	Drywall and insulation contractors	653	\$282,929,000	\$723,945,000	\$433,276	\$1,108,644	\$4,333	\$3,325
238990	All other specialty trade contractors	547	\$182,710,000	\$573,308,000	\$334,022	\$1,048,095	\$3,340	\$3,144
321213	Engineered wood member (except truss) manufacturing	11	\$14,216,000	\$79,051,000	\$1,292,364	\$7,186,455	\$12,924	\$21,559
321214	Truss manufacturing	22						

321219	Reconstituted wood product manufacturing	3						
321911	Wood window and door manufacturing	39	\$37,814,000	\$145,137,000	\$969,590	\$3,721,462	\$9,696	\$11,164
321992	Prefabricated wood building manufacturing	18	\$6,891,000		\$382,833		\$382,833	
327310	Cement manufacturing	7						
327320	Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	93	\$74,457,000		\$800,613		\$8,006	
327331	Concrete block and brick manufacturing	18	\$11,218,000		\$623,222		\$6,232	
332311	Prefabricated metal building and component manufacturing	9	\$3,564,000		\$396,000		\$3,960	
332312	Fabricated structural metal manufacturing	94	\$125,755,000		\$1,337,819		\$13,378	
332321	Metal window and door manufacturing	16	\$23,776,000		\$1,486,000		\$14,860	
332322	Sheet metal work manufacturing	122	\$122,956,000	\$573,443,000	\$1,007,836	\$4,700,352	\$10,078	\$14,101
335121	Residential electric lighting fixture manufacturing	9						
335122	Commercial, industrial, and institutional electric lighting fixture manufacturing	8	\$2,625,000		\$328,125		\$3,281	
335129	Other lighting equipment manufacturing	4						
423720	Plumbing and heating equipment and supplies (hydronics) merchant wholesalers	168	\$82,225,000	\$897,748,000	\$489,435	\$5,343,738	\$4,894	\$16,031
541310	Architectural services	635	\$326,798,000	\$921,033,000	\$514,643	\$1,450,446	\$5,146	\$4,351
541330	Engineering services	1599	\$1,758,825,000	\$3,946,553,000	\$1,099,953	\$2,468,138	\$11,000	\$7,404

541350	Building inspection services	154	\$9,724,000	\$28,297,000	\$63,143	\$183,747	\$631	\$551
561621	Security systems services (except locksmiths)	109	\$86,072,000	\$233,388,000	\$789,651	\$2,141,174	\$7,897	\$6,424
Note: Data is bla Data Source: Eco	ink in some fields phomic Census of	to protect data the United Stat	a source. tes					
The adoption o rules are likely edition is July 1 under the 2018 The pu contact	f the latest code to be job neutra , 2020. Building code edition w blic may obtair ing:	e edition is no il overall, i.e., permits issue ill generally st n a copy of th	t expected to sign they will not resu ed prior to that da tart with the 2021 ne small busines	hificantly impact the ult in any job gains c ate will be vested ur L construction seasc as economic impac	e number of jobs or losses. The sch oder the 2015 bu on. ct statement or	s in the construct neduled effectiv uilding code. Per the detailed co	ction industry ve date of the rmits issued f ost calculatio	y. These new or projects ons by
contacting: Name: Richard Brown Address: 1500 Jefferson St. SE, Olympia, WA 98504 Phone: 360-407-9277 Fax: TTY: Email: Richard.brown@des.wa.gov Other:								
Date: August	5, 2019			Signature:		1		
Name: Doug Orth								
Title: Council	Chair				001	1		

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-044, filed 12/30/15, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-56-003 Uniform Plumbing Code. The ((2015)) 2018 edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, including Appendices A, B, and I, published by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, is hereby adopted by reference with the following additions, deletions and exceptions: Provided that chapters 12 and 14 of this code are not adopted. Provided further, that those requirements of the Uniform Plumbing Code relating to venting and combustion air of fuel fired appliances as found in chapter 5 and those portions of the code addressing building sewers are not adopted.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-044, filed 12/30/15, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-56-008 Implementation. The Uniform Plumbing Code adopted by chapter 51-56 WAC shall become effective in all counties and cities of this state on July 1, ((2016)) 2020.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-044, filed 12/30/15, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-56-0200 Chapter 2-Definitions.

205.0 Certified Backflow Assembly Tester - A person certified by the Washington state department of health under chapter 246-292 WAC to inspect (for correct installation and approval status) and test (for proper operation), maintain and repair (in compliance with chapter 18.106 RCW) backflow prevention assemblies, devices and air gaps.

210.0 Hot Water - Water at a temperature exceeding or equal to 100°F.

211.0 Insanitary - A condition that is contrary to sanitary principles or is injurious to health.

Conditions to which "insanitary" shall apply include the following:

(1) A trap that does not maintain a proper trap seal.

(2) An opening in a drainage system, except where lawful, that is not provided with an approved liquid-sealed trap.

(3) A plumbing fixture or other waste discharging receptor or device that is not supplied with water sufficient to flush and maintain the fixture or receptor in a clean condition, except as otherwise provided in this code.

(4) A defective fixture, trap, pipe, or fitting.

(5) A trap, except where in this code exempted, directly connected to a drainage system, the seal of which is not protected against siphonage and backpressure by a vent pipe.

(6) A connection, cross-connection, construction, or condition, temporary or permanent, that would permit or make possible by any means whatsoever for an unapproved foreign matter to enter a water distribution system used for domestic purposes.

(7) The foregoing enumeration of conditions to which the term "insanitary" shall apply, shall not preclude the application of that term to conditions that are, in fact, insanitary.

218.0 Plumbing System - Includes all potable water, building supply and distribution pipes, all reclaimed or other alternate source water systems, all rainwater systems, all plumbing fixtures and traps, all drainage and vent pipe(s), and all building drains including their respective joints and connection, devices, receptors, and appurtenances within the property lines of the premises and shall include potable water piping, potable water treating or using equipment, medical gas and medical vacuum systems, and water heaters: Provided, That no certification shall be required for the installation of a plumbing system within the property lines and outside a building.

221.0 Spray Sprinkler Body - Spray sprinkler body means the exterior case or shell of a sprinkler incorporating a means of connection to the piping system designed to convey water to a nozzle or orifice.

225.0 Water Heater (consumer electric storage) - A consumer product that uses electricity as the energy source to heat domestic potable water, has a nameplate input rating of twelve kilowatts or less, contains nominally forty gallons but no more than one hundred twenty gallons of rated hot water storage volume, and supplies a maximum hot water delivery temperature less than one hundred eighty degrees Fahren-<u>heit.</u>

Water Heater (mini-tank electric) - A small electric water heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one gallon and a rated storage volume of less than twenty gallons.

Water/Wastewater Utility - A public or private entity, including a water purveyor as defined in chapter 246-290 WAC, which may treat, deliver, or do both functions to reclaimed (recycled) water, potable water, or both to wholesale or retail customers.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-10-074, filed 5/3/17, effective 6/3/17)

WAC 51-56-0400 Chapter 4-Plumbing fixtures and fixture fittings.

402.5 Setting. Fixtures shall be set level and in proper alignment with reference to adjacent walls. No water closet or bidet shall be set closer than fifteen (15) inches (381 mm) from its center to any side wall or obstruction nor closer than thirty (30) inches (762 mm) center to center to any similar fixture. The clear space in front of any water closet or bidet shall be not less than twenty-four (24) inches (610 mm). No urinal shall be set closer than twelve (12) inches (305 mm) from its center to any side wall or partition nor closer than twenty-four (24) inches (610 mm) center to center.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. The clear space in front of a water closet, lavatory or bidet in dwelling units and sleeping units shall be not less than 21 inches (533

2. The installation of paper dispensers or accessibility grab bars shall not be considered obstructions.

405.4 Application. No individual, public or private corporation, firm, political subdivision, government agency, or other legal entity, may, for purposes of use in the state of Washington, distribute, sell, offer for sale, import, install, or approve for installation any plumb-

ing fixtures or fittings unless the fixtures or fittings meet the standards as provided for in this chapter.

407.2 Water Consumption. The maximum water use allowed in gallons per minute (gpm) or liters per minute (lpm) for any of the following faucets and replacement aerators is the following:

Lavatory faucets	2.5 gpm/9.5 lpm
Kitchen faucets	2.5 gpm/9.5 lpm
Replacement aerators	2.5 gpm/9.5 lpm
Public lavatory faucets other than metering	0.5 gpm/1.9 lpm

407.4 Metering Valves. Lavatory faucets located in restrooms intended for use by the general public shall be equipped with a metering valve designed to close by spring or water pressure when left unattended (self-closing).

EXCEPTIONS:

Where designed and installed for use by persons with a disability.
 Where installed in day care centers, for use primarily by children under 6 years of age.

408.2 Water Consumption. Showerheads shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 2.5 gpm at 80 psi (9.5 L/m at 552 kPa), in accordance with ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1.

EXCEPTION: Emergency use showers shall be exempt from the maximum water usage rates.

408.4 Waste Outlet. Showers shall have a waste outlet and fixture tailpiece not less than two (2) inches (50 mm) in diameter. Fixture tailpieces shall be constructed from the materials specified in Section 701.1 for drainage piping. Strainers serving shower drains shall have a waterway at least equivalent to the area of the tailpiece.

In a residential dwelling unit where a 2 inch waste is not readily available and approval of the AHJ has been granted, the waste outlet, fixture tailpiece, trap and trap arm may be 1-1/2 inch when an existing tub is being replaced by a shower sized per Section 408.6(2). This exception only applies where one shower head rated at 2.5 gpm is installed. EXCEPTION:

408.6 Shower Compartments. Shower compartments, regardless of shape, shall have a minimum finished interior of nine hundred (900) square inches (0.58 $\ensuremath{\text{m}}^2\xspace)$ and shall also be capable of encompassing a thirty (30) inch (762 mm) circle. The minimum required area and dimensions shall be measured at a height equal to the top of the threshold and at a point tangent to its centerline. The area and dimensions shall be maintained to a point of not less than seventy (70) inches (1,778 mm) above the shower drain outlet with no protrusions other than the fixture valve or valves, shower head, soap dishes, shelves, and safety grab bars or rails. Fold-down seats in accessible shower stalls shall be permitted to protrude into the thirty (30) inch (762 mm) circle.

1. Showers that are designed to comply with ICC/ANSI A117.1. EXCEPTIONS: 2. The minimum required area and dimension shall not apply for a shower receptor having overall dimensions of not less than thirty (30) inches (762 mm) in width and sixty (60) inches (1,524 mm) in length.

411.2 Water Consumption. Water closets shall have a maximum consumption not to exceed 1.6 gallons (6.0 L) of water per flush in accordance with ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1. No water closet that operates on a continuous flow or continuous flush basis shall be permitted.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Water closets located in day care centers, intended for use by young children may have a maximum water use of 3.5 gallons per flush or 13.25 liters per flush.

2. Water closets with bed pan washers may have a maximum water use of 3.5 gallons per flush or 13.25 liters per flush. 3. Blow out bowls, as defined in ANSI/ASME A112.19.2M, Section 5.1.2.3 may have a maximum water use of 3.5 gallons per flush or

13.25 liters per flush.

412.1 Application. Urinals shall comply with ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1, ASME A112.19.19, or CSA B45.5/IAPMO Z124. Urinals shall have an average water consumption not to exceed 1 gallon (3.8 L) of water per flush. No urinal that operates on a continuous flow or continuous flush basis shall be permitted.

414.3 Drainage Connection. Domestic dishwashing machines shall discharge indirectly through an air gap fitting in accordance with Section $((\frac{807.4}{)})$ $\frac{807.3}{100}$ into a waste receptor, a wye branch fitting on the tailpiece of a kitchen sink, or dishwasher connection of a food waste disposer. Commercial dishwashing machines shall discharge indirectly through an air gap.

415.2 Drinking Fountain Alternatives. This section is not adopted. See Building Code chapter 29.

418.3 Location of Floor Drains. Floor drains shall be installed in the following areas:

1. Toilet rooms containing two (2) or more water closets or a combination of one (1) water closet and one (1) urinal, except in a dwelling unit. The floor shall slope toward the floor drains.

2. Laundry rooms in commercial buildings and common laundry facilities in multifamily dwelling buildings.

420.0 Sinks

420.1 Application. Sinks shall comply with ASME A112.19.1/CSA B45.2, ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1, ASME A112.19.3/CSA B45.4, or CSA B45.5/IAPMO Z124. Moveable sink systems shall comply with ASME A112.19.12.

420.2 Water Consumption. Sink faucets shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 2.2 gpm at 60 psi (8.3 L/m at 414 kPa) in accordance with ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1, except as noted in Section 420.2.1.

EXCEPTION: Clinical sinks, laundry trays, service sinks.

422.0 Minimum Number of Required Fixtures. For minimum number of plumbing fixtures required, see Building Code Chapter 29 and Table 2902.1.

Sections 422.1 through 422.5 and Table 422.1 are not adopted.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-10-074, filed 5/3/17, effective 6/3/17)

WAC 51-56-0500 Chapter 5-Water heaters.

501.1 Applicability. The regulations of this chapter shall govern the construction, location, and installation of fuel burning and other types of water heaters heating potable water. The minimum capacity for water heaters shall be in accordance with the first hour rating listed in Table 501.1(2). See the Mechanical Code for combustion air and installation of all vents and their connectors. No water heater shall be hereinafter installed that does not comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions and the type and model of each size thereof approved by the authority having jurisdiction. A list of accepted water heater appliance standards is referenced in Table 501(2). Listed appliances shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. Unlisted water heaters shall be permitted in accordance with Section 504.3.2.

TABLE 501.1(2)^{1,3}

Number of Bathrooms		1 to 1.5			2 to	2.5			3 to	3.5	
Number of Bedrooms	1	2	3	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	6
First Hour Rating ² , Gallons	((42)) <u>38</u>	((54)) <u>49</u>	((54)) <u>49</u>	((54)) <u>49</u>	((67)) <u>62</u>	((67)) <u>62</u>	((80)) <u>74</u>	((67)) <u>62</u>	((80)) <u>74</u>	((80)) <u>74</u>	((80)) <u>74</u>

Notes: ¹The first hour rating is found on the "Energy Guide" label.

²Nonstorage and solar water heaters shall be sized to meet the appropriate first hour rating as shown in the table, and shall be capable of delivering hot water at the maximum system demand flow, as calculated in Section 610.0 or Appendix A, as applicable. ³For replacement water heaters, see Section ((101.4.1.1.1)) <u>102.4</u>.

504.1 Location. Water heater installation in bedrooms and bathrooms shall comply with one of the following:

(1) Fuel-burning water heaters may be installed in a closet located in the bedroom or bathroom provided the closet is equipped with a listed, gasketed door assembly and a listed self-closing device. The self-closing door assembly shall meet the requirements of Section 505.1.1. The door assembly shall be installed with a threshold and bottom door seal and shall meet the requirements of Section 505.1.2. All combustion air for such installations shall be obtained from the outdoors in accordance with the International Mechanical Code. The closet shall be for the exclusive use of the water heater.

(2) Water heater shall be of the direct vent type.

505.2 Safety Devices. All storage-type water heaters deriving heat from fuels or types of energy other than gas, shall be provided with, in addition to the primary temperature controls, an over-temperature safety protection device constructed, listed, and installed in accordance with nationally recognized applicable standards for such devices and a combination temperature and pressure relief valve.

506.0 Combustion Air. For issues relating to combustion air, see the Mechanical Code.

Sections 506.1 through 506.9 are not adopted.

Sections 507.6 through 507.9 are not adopted.

507.2 Seismic Provisions. Water heaters shall be anchored or strapped to resist horizontal displacement due to earthquake motion. Strappings shall be at points within the upper one-third and lower one-third of its vertical dimensions. At the lower point, a distance of not less than four (4) inches (102 mm) shall be maintained from the controls to the strapping.

507.13 Installation in Garages. Appliances in garages and in adjacent spaces that open to the garage and are not part of the living space of a dwelling unit shall be installed so that burners, burner-ignition devices and ignition sources are located not less than eighteen (18) inches above the floor unless listed as flammable vapor ignition resistant.

507.16 Venting of Flue Gases - Delete entire section.

Sections 507.18 through 507.22 are not adopted.

509.0 Venting of Equipment. Delete entire section.

510.0 Sizing of Category I Venting Systems. Delete entire section.

511.0 Direct Vent Equipment. Delete entire section.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-10-074, filed 5/3/17, effective 6/3/17)

WAC 51-56-0600 Chapter 6-Water supply and distribution.

601.1 Applicability. This chapter shall govern the materials, design and installation of *water supply systems*, including backflow prevention devices, assemblies and methods used for backflow prevention.

603.1 General. Cross-connection control shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Devices or assemblies for protection of the public water system must be models approved by the department of health under WAC 246-290-490. The authority having jurisdiction shall coordinate with the local water purveyor where applicable in all matters concerning cross-connection control within the property lines of the premises.

No person shall install any water operated equipment or mechanism, or use any water treating chemical or substance, if it is found that such equipment, mechanism, chemical or substance may cause pollution or contamination of the domestic water supply. Such equipment or mechanism may be permitted only when equipped with an approved backflow prevention device or assembly.

603.2 Approval of Devices or Assemblies. Before any device or assembly is installed for the prevention of backflow, it shall have first been approved by the authority having jurisdiction. Devices or assemblies shall be tested for conformity with recognized standards or other standards acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction. Backflow prevention devices and assemblies shall comply with Table 603.2, except for specific applications and provisions as stated in Section 603.5.1 through 603.5.21.

All devices or assemblies installed in a potable water supply system for protection against backflow shall be maintained in good working condition by the person or persons having control of such devices or assemblies. Such devices or assemblies shall be tested in accordance with Section 603.4.2 and WAC 246-290-490. If found to be defective or inoperative, the device or assembly shall be replaced or repaired. No device or assembly shall be removed from use or relocated or other device or assembly substituted, without the approval of the authority having jurisdiction.

Testing shall be performed by a Washington state department of health certified backflow assembly tester.

TABLE 603.2 Backflow Prevention Devices, Assemblies and Methods The following line is deleted from the table:

		Pollution (Low Hazard)		Contami (High H	nation azard)	
Device, Assembly or Method	Applicable Standards	Back Siphonage	Back Pressure	Back Siphonage	Back Pressure	Installation
Backflow preventer for carbonated beverage dispensers (two independent check valves with a vent to the atmosphere.)	ASSE 1022	X				Installation includes carbonated beverage machines or dispensers. These devices operate under intermittent or continuous pressure conditions.

603.4.2 Testing. For devices and assemblies other than those regulated by the Washington department of health in conjunction with the local water purveyor for the protection of public water systems, the authority having jurisdiction shall ensure that the premise owner or responsible person shall have the backflow prevention assembly tested by a Washington state department of health certified backflow assembly tester:

(1) At the time of installation, repair or relocation; and

(2) At least on an annual schedule thereafter, unless more frequent testing is required by the authority having jurisdiction.

603.4.9 Prohibited Location. Backflow prevention devices with atmospheric vents or ports shall not be installed in pits, underground or in submerged locations. Backflow preventers shall not be located in any area containing fumes or aerosols that are toxic, poisonous, infectious, or corrosive.

603.5.6 Protection from Lawn Sprinklers and Irrigation Systems. Potable water supplies to systems having no pumps or connections for pumping equipment, and no chemical injection or provisions for chemical injection, shall be protected from backflow by one of the following:

- (1) Atmospheric vacuum breaker (AVB).
- (2) Pressure vacuum breaker backflow prevention assembly (PVB).
- (3) Spill-resistant pressure vacuum breaker (SVB).
- (4) Reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly (RP).

(5) A double check valve backflow prevention assembly (DC) may be allowed when approved by the water purveyor and the authority having jurisdiction.

603.5.10 Steam or Hot Water Boilers. Potable water connections to steam or hot water boilers shall be protected by an air gap or a reduced pressure principle backflow preventer.

603.5.12 Beverage Dispensers. Potable water supply to carbonators shall be protected by a listed reduced pressure principle backflow preventer as approved by the authority having jurisdiction for the specific use. The backflow preventer ((shall be located in accord-ance)) that complies with Section 603.4.3. The piping downstream of the backflow preventer shall not be of copper, copper alloy, or other material that is affected by carbon dioxide.

603.5.14 Protection from Fire Systems. Except as provided under Sections 603.5.14.1 and 603.5.14.2, potable water supplies to fire protection systems that are normally under pressure, including but not limited to standpipes and automatic sprinkler systems, except in one or two family or townhouse residential flow-through or combination sprinkler systems, shall be protected from back-pressure and back-siphonage by one of the following testable assemblies:

1. Double check valve backflow prevention assembly (DC).

2. Double check detector fire protection backflow prevention assembly.

3. Reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly (RP).

4. Reduced pressure detector fire protection backflow prevention assembly.

Potable water supplies to fire protection systems that are not normally under pressure shall be protected from backflow and shall meet the requirements of the appropriate standard(s) referenced in Table 1401.1.

604.14 Plastic Pipe Termination. Plastic water service piping may terminate within a building, provided the connection to the potable water distribution system shall be made as near as is practical to the point of entry and shall be accessible. Barbed insert fittings with hose clamps are prohibited as a transition fitting within the building.

606.5 Control Valve. A control valve shall be installed immediately ahead of each water-supplied appliance and immediately ahead of each slip joint or appliance supply.

Parallel water distribution systems shall provide a control valve either immediately ahead of each fixture being supplied or installed at the manifold, and shall be identified with the fixture being supplied. Where parallel water distribution system manifolds are located in attics, crawl spaces, or other locations not accessible, a separate shutoff valve shall be required immediately ahead of each individual fixture or appliance served.

608.3 Expansion Tanks, and Combination Temperature and Pressure-Relief Valves. A water system provided with a check valve, backflow preventer, or other normally closed device that prevents dissipation of building pressure back into the water main, independent of the type of water used, shall be provided with an approved, listed, and adequately sized expansion tank or other approved device having a similar function to control thermal expansion. Such expansion tank or other approved device shall be installed on the building side of the check valve, backflow preventer, or other device and shall be sized and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

EXCEPTION: Instantaneous hot water systems installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

((**608.3.1** A water system containing storage water heating equipment shall be provided with an approved, listed, adequately sized combination temperature and pressure-relief valve, except for listed nonstorage instantaneous heater having an inside diameter of not more than three (3) inches (80 mm). Each such approved combination temperature and pressure-relief valve shall be installed on the water-heating device in an approved location based on its listing requirements and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Each such combination temperature and pressure-relief valve shall be provided with a drain in accordance with Section 608.5.))

608.5 Discharge Piping. The discharge piping serving a temperature relief valve, pressure relief valve or combination of both shall have no valves, obstructions or means of isolation and be provided with the following:

(1) Equal to the size of the valve outlet and shall discharge full size to the flood level of the area receiving the discharge and pointing down.

(2) Materials shall be rated at not less than the operating temperature of the system and approved for such use <u>or shall comply with ASME A112.4.1</u>.

(3) Discharge pipe shall discharge independently by gravity through an air gap into the drainage system or outside of the building with the end of the pipe not exceeding 2 feet (610 mm) and not less than 6 inches (152 mm) above the ground pointing downwards.

(4) Discharge in such a manner that does not cause personal injury or structural damage.

(5) No part of such discharge pipe shall be trapped or subject to freezing.

(6) The terminal end of the pipe shall not be threaded.

(7) Discharge from a relief valve into a water heater pan shall be prohibited.

EXCEPTION: Where no drainage was provided, replacement water heating equipment shall only be required to provide a drain pointing downward from the relief valve to extend between two (2) feet (610 mm) and six (6) inches (152 mm) from the floor. No additional floor drain need be provided.

609.9 Disinfection of Potable Water System. New or repaired *potable water* systems *shall* be disinfected prior to use where required by the *authority having jurisdiction*. The method to be followed *shall* be that prescribed by the health authority or, in case no method is prescribed by it, the following:

(1) The *pipe* system *shall* be flushed with clean, *potable water* until *potable water* appears at the points of outlet.

(2) The system or parts thereof *shall* be filled with a waterchlorine solution containing not less than 50 parts per million of chlorine, and the system or part thereof *shall* be valved-off and allowed to stand for twenty-four hours; or, the system or part thereof *shall* be filled with a water-chlorine solution containing not less than 200 parts per million of chlorine and allowed to stand for three hours.

(3) Following the allowed standing time, the system *shall* be flushed with clean, *potable water* until the chlorine residual in the water coming from the system does not exceed the chlorine residual in the flushing water.

(4) The procedure *shall* be repeated when a standard bacteriological test for drinking water, performed by a laboratory certified for drinking water in Washington state, shows unsatisfactory results indicating that *contamination* persists in the system.

609.11 Insulation of Potable Water Piping. Domestic water piping within commercial buildings shall be insulated in accordance with Section C403.2.8 and Table C403.2.8 or Section C404.6 of the Washington State Energy Code, as applicable.

610.4 Sizing Water Supply and Distribution Systems. Systems within the range of Table 610.4 may be sized from that table or by the method set forth in Section 610.5.

Listed parallel water distribution systems shall be installed in accordance with their listing.

611.1 Application. Drinking water treatment units shall comply with NSF 42 or NSF 53. Water softeners shall comply with NSF 44. Ultraviolet water treatment systems shall comply with NSF 55. Reverse osmosis drinking water treatment systems shall comply with NSF 58. Drinking water distillation systems shall comply with NSF 62.

The owner of a building that serves potable water to twenty-five or more people at least sixty or more days per year and that installs drinking water treatment units including, but not limited to, the treatment units in Section 611.1, may be regulated (as a Group A public water system) by the Washington state department of health under chapter 246-290 WAC. See Washington state department of health publication 331-488 for guidance. **612.1 General.** Where residential fire sprinkler systems are installed, they shall be installed in accordance with the International Building Code or International Residential Code.

Sections 612.2 through 612.7.2 are not adopted.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-01-094, filed 12/19/06, effective 7/1/07)

WAC 51-56-0800 Chapter 8-Indirect wastes.

807.3 Domestic Dishwashing Machine. No domestic dishwashing machine shall be directly connected to a drainage system or food disposer without the use of an approved dishwasher air gap fitting on the discharge side of the dishwashing machine. Listed air gap shall be installed with the flood-level (FL) marking at or above the flood level of the sink or drainboard, whichever is higher.

EXCEPTION: Where permitted by the dishwasher manufacturer's instructions, an air gap may be omitted provided that prior to the connection to the sink tailpiece or food waste disposer, the dishwasher waste line shall rise and be securely fastened to the underside of the sink rim or counter, or in the configuration otherwise prescribed by the manufacturer.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-044, filed 12/30/15, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-56-0900 Chapter 9-Vents.

((903.1 Applicable Standards. Vent pipe and fittings shall comply with the applicable standards referenced in Table 701.1, except that:

1. No galvanized steel or 304 stainless steel pipe shall be installed underground and shall be not less than 6 inches (152 mm) above ground.

2. ABS and PVC DWV piping installations shall be installed in accordance with applicable standards in Table 1401.1. Except for individual single family dwelling units, materials exposed within ducts or plenums shall have a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke developed index of 50, when tested in accordance with ASTM E-84 and UL 723.))

908.2.4 Water Closet. This section is not adopted.

911.1 Circuit Vent Permitted. A maximum of eight fixtures connected to a horizontal branch drain shall be permitted to be circuit vented. Each fixture drain shall connect horizontally to the horizontal branch being circuit vented. The horizontal branch drain shall be classified as a vent from the most downstream fixture drain connection to the most upstream fixture drain connection to the horizontal branch. Given its grease-producing potential, restaurant kitchen equipment shall not be connected to a circuit vented system. <u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 16-02-044, filed 12/30/15, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-56-1500 Chapter 15—Alternate water sources for nonpotable applications.

((1501.1.1 Allowable use of Alternative Water. Where approved or required by the authority having jurisdiction, alternate water sources (reclaimed (recycled) water, gray water and on-site treated nonpotable water) shall be permitted to be used in lieu of potable water for the applications identified in this chapter. Reclaimed (recycled) water shall not be used to flush toilets or for other indoor use in any residential property or dwelling unit where residents have access to plumbing systems for repairs or modifications.

1501.2 System Design. Alternate water source systems shall be designed in accordance with this chapter by a registered design professional or person who demonstrates competency to design the alternate water source system as required by the authority having jurisdiction. Components, piping, and fittings used in an alternate water source system shall be *listed*.

1501.7 Minimum Water Quality Requirements. The minimum water quality for alternate water source systems shall meet the applicable water quality requirements for the intended application as determined by the authority having jurisdiction. In the absence of water quality requirements, the EPA/625/R-04/108 contains recommended water reuse guidelines to assist regulatory agencies develop, revise, or expand alternate water source water quality standards.

The treatment for gray water used to flush toilets or urinals shall be oxidized, coagulated, filtered and disinfected, and be consistent at all times with Washington Class A reclaimed water or better and be approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

1501.11.2.3 Discovery of Cross-Connection. In the event that a crossconnection is discovered, the following procedure, in the presence of the AHJ, shall be activated immediately:

(1) Reclaimed (recycled) water piping to the building shall be shutdown at the meter, and the reclaimed (recycled) water riser shall be drained.

(2) Potable water piping to the building shall be shutdown at the meter.

(3) The cross-connection shall be uncovered and disconnected.

(4) The building shall be retested following procedures listed in Sections 1501.11.2.1 and 1501.11.2.2.

(5) The potable water system shall be chlorinated with 50 partsper-million (ppm) chlorine for twenty-four hours.

(6) The potable water system shall be flushed after twenty-four hours, and a standard bacteriological test for drinking water shall be performed by a laboratory certified for drinking water in Washington state. Where test results are satisfactory to the authority having jurisdiction, health authority having jurisdiction, and the water purveyor, the potable water system shall be permitted to be recharged. See also chapter 246-290 WAC.

1501.13.1 General. An abandoned system or part thereof covered under the scope of this chapter shall be disconnected from remaining systems, drained, plugged, and capped in an approved manner. Components of the abandoned system including, but not limited to, pipe, tubing, fittings, and valves shall not be used for potable water systems.

1502.0 Gray Water Systems, is not adopted. Gray water shall not be used for irrigation except as permitted by the department of health rules.

1503.4 Connection to Potable or Reclaimed (Recycled) Water Systems. Reclaimed (recycled) water systems shall have no connection to a potable water supply or alternate water source system. Potable water is permitted to be used as makeup water for a reclaimed (recycled) water storage tank provided the water supply inlet is protected by an approved air gap in accordance with this code.

1504.1 General. The provisions of this section shall apply to the installation, construction, alteration, and repair of on-site treated nonpotable water systems intended to supply uses such as water closets, urinals, trap primers for floor drains and floor sinks, and other uses approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

1504.7 On-Site Treated Nonpotable Water Devices and Systems. Devices or equipment used to treat nonpotable water for on-site use in order to maintain the minimum water quality requirements determined by the authority having jurisdiction shall be listed or labeled (third-party certified) by a listing agency (accredited conformity assessment body) or approved for the intended application. Devices or equipment used to treat gray water or sewage for use in water closet and urinal flushing, surface irrigation, and similar applications shall oxidize, coagulate, filter and disinfect the gray water or sewage, and be consistent at all times with Washington Class A reclaimed water or better and be approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

1504.10.2 Reserved.)) **1501.1 Applicability.** The provisions of this chapter and the Washington state department of health shall apply to the construction, alteration, and repair of alternate water source systems for nonpotable applications.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-044, filed 12/30/15, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-56-1600 Chapter 16- Nonpotable rainwater catchment systems.

((1601.11.1 General. An abandoned system or part thereof covered under the scope of this chapter shall be disconnected from remaining systems, drained, plugged and capped in an *approved* manner. Components of the abandoned system including, but not limited to, pipe, tubing, fittings and valves shall not be used for potable water systems.

1602.0 Nonpotable Rainwater Catchment Systems.

1602.1 General. The installation, construction, alteration, and repair of rainwater catchments systems intended to supply uses such as water closets, urinals, trap primers for floor drains and floor sinks, irrigation, industrial processes, water features, cooling tower makeup and other uses shall be approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

EXCEPTION: Exterior irrigation piping.

1602.11.2.3 Discovery of Cross-Connection. In the event that a crossconnection is discovered, the following procedure, in the presence of the AHJ, shall be activated immediately:

(1) Rainwater catchment water piping to the building shall be shutdown at the meter, and the rainwater water riser shall be drained.

(2) Potable water piping to the building shall be shutdown at the meter.

(3) The cross-connection shall be uncovered and disconnected.

(4) The building shall be retested following procedures listed in Sections 1603.11.2.1 and 1603.11.2.2.

(5) The potable water system shall be chlorinated with 50 partsper-million (ppm) chlorine for twenty-four hours.

(6) The potable water system shall be flushed after twenty-four hours, and a standard bacteriological test for drinking water shall be performed by a laboratory certified for drinking water in Washington state. Where test results are satisfactory to the authority having jurisdiction, health authority having jurisdiction, and the water purveyor, the potable water system shall be permitted to be recharged. See also chapter 246-290 WAC.)) <u>1601.1 Applicability</u>. The provisions of this chapter and the Washington state department of health shall apply to the construction alteration and repair of nonpotable rainwater catch systems.