	IMC Significant Changes									
Summary	Do not adopt change: 5	Accept change: 135	Accept change with amendment: 9							
			May include renumbering or integration of existing amendment							

Last Updated: June 27, 2024

Red text = State amendment
Blue text = Model code change

= Significant change

**NOTE**: Most significant changes are associated with the changes to the refrigeration requirements to adopt and harmonize with the updated A2L refrigerant standards. **See Page 40 for a summary of the 2024 model code refrigeration changes**.

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
		Cha	apter 1 Scope	and Administration			
	Duties and Powers of the Code Official	104	104	The primary purpose of this code change is to update Section 104 to reflect the current manner that alternate methods and materials are evaluated, and to differentiate between evaluations from accredited evaluation agencies and evaluations from others, such as engineers	Accept changes	Accept all changes for	
	Determination of compliance		104.2 and subsections	Reformatted and updated; specifies that the code official can adopt policies on approvals	Accept changes	changes for Sections 104 and 105	
	Applications and permits	104.2	104.3	Relocated	Accept changes		
	Determination of substantially improved or damaged in flood hazard areas		104.3.1	Existing language from IBC,IEBC and IRC added to all codes; allows the use of digital documentation	Accept changes		
	Warrant		104.4.1	Existing language added to all codes	Accept changes		

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
		•	SECTION 1	04—DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE	CODE OFFICIAL		
	<b>104.1 General.</b> The code	official is hereby	authorized and di	rected to enforce the provisions of th	nis code.		
				ll have the authority to determine co application of its provisions. Such i			s of this code
	<ol> <li>Shall be in comp</li> <li>Shall not have th</li> </ol>			of this code. pecifically provided for in this code.			
	is specified, the listin criteria. Listings sha	g shall be based oall be germane to	on the specified so the provision r	nced standard requires equipment, restandard. Where a listing standard is equiring the listing. Installation shahe listing standard and manufacture.	s not specified, the listing all be in accordance with	shall be based on an <i>app</i> the listing and the ma	oroved listing anufacturer's
	<b>104.2.2 Technical ass</b> provide a technical op			with this code, the code official is au	uthorized to require the ov	vner or owner's authoriz	ed agent to
	opinion and r	eport shall be pro	epared by a quali	ort shall be provided without charge fied engineer, specialist, laborator s to be prepared by, and bear the sta	y or specialty organization	n acceptable to the code	
				id report shall analyze the propertie identify and propose necessary rec		or use of the <i>building</i> or	premises and the
	tests as evide	nce of compliance	e. Test methods s	ence of compliance with the provision hall be as specified in this code or by sting procedures. Such tests shall be	other recognized test sta	andards. In the absence o	of recognized test
	104.2.3 Alternat	<b>tive materials, c</b> y material or to pr	lesign and meth ohibit any design	or method of construction and equipment or method of construction not speci	ent. The provisions of th	is code are not intende	ed to prevent the
	<b>Exception:</b> Pe		d alternative mate	erials, designs or methods of constru	ction and equipment com	plying with the	
				ve material, design or method of co is with Sections 104.2.3 through 104.		ved where the code office	cial finds that the
	in writing to th	ne code official for		re required, a request to use an alteri the alternative material, design or mo s not <i>approved</i> .			
	[A] 104.2.3.3 this code.	Compliance with	<b>n code intent.</b> An	alternative material, design or meth	nod of construction shall c	comply with the intent of	f the provisions of
	equivalent of	that prescribed ir		rive material, design or method of obspect to all of the following, as appl		e purpose intended, be	not less than the
	<ol> <li>Qual</li> <li>Strer</li> </ol>	•					
		tiveness.					
		bility.					
		ty, other than fire safety.	satety.				

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subjec	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
				strate equivalency in support of an alte			
	[A] 1 cons	104.2.3.5.1 Fire tests.	Tests conducted	ormance of the end use configuration. T I to demonstrate equivalent fire safe at is sufficient to predict fire safety perfo	ty in support of an al	ternative material, des	ign or method of
		.6 Reports. Supporting with Sections 104.2.3.6.		essary to assist in the approval of mater	rials or assemblies not s	specifically provided for	in this code, shall
	the c	ode official for the insta	llation. The alter	eports shall be issued by an <i>approved</i> a nate material, design or method of conency. Criteria used for the evaluation sl	struction and product	evaluated shall be withi	n the scope of the
	or ar spec	nalysis, used to determ	ine compliance vitalty organization	olying with Section 104.2.3.6.1 shall deswith code intent and justify code equivacceptable to the code official. The cooperation of the code of the co	ivalence. The report s	hall be prepared by a q	ualified engineer,
				orized to require submittal of a peer repared by a peer reviewer that is approve		ction with a request to	use an alternative
	modifications for ind impractical, and that and fire safety or stru department of buildi	ividual cases, provided the modification is in conctural requirements. The ng safety.	that the code offi ompliance with th he details of the w	nvolved in carrying out the provisions of cial shall first find that one or more specie intent and purpose of this code and written request for and action granting numbers of the grant modifications to any provision.	ecial individual reasons that such modification nodifications shall be re	make the strict letter of does not lessen health, ecorded and entered in t	this code accessibility, life ne files of the
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		termination has been made that: the unique characteristics of the size, o	configuration or topogr	raphy of the site render	the elevation
	sta	ndards of Section 1612	of the <i>Internation</i>	al Building Code inappropriate.			
	3. A d	etermination that the g	granting of a varia	iance would result in exceptional hards ince will not result in increased flood h ion of the public; or conflict with existin	neights, additional thre	·	extraordinary
				mum necessary to afford relief, conside	•		
	bui	lding is to be built, stat	ing that the cost	ice specifying the difference between of flood insurance will be commensurable the design flood elevation increases	ate with the increased	risk resulting from the	
				receive applications, review <i>construction</i> h the provisions of this code.	n documents, issue peri	mits, inspect the premi	ses for which
	for reconstructi code official sha that the propos	ion, rehabilitation, repa all determine if the prop ed work constitutes sub	air, <i>alteration</i> , add cosed work consti ostantial improve	ubstantially damaged existing buildidition or other improvement of existin tutes substantial improvement or repament or repair of substantial damage, a fithe International Building Code or Section	g buildings or structur ir of substantial damag nd where required by th	res located in flood haza ge. Where the code officia his code, the code officia	ard areas, the all determines I shall require
				pection to enforce the provisions of the condition that is contrary to or in violati			

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments					
	by this code. If such struct is unoccupied, the code of	t <mark>ure</mark> or premises i official shall first i	s occupied, the c make a reasonab	enter the structure or premises at all re ode official shall present credentials to le effort to locate the owner, the owner fused, the code official shall have reco	the occupant and reque 's authorized agent or c	est entry. If such structur other person having char	e or premises ge or control					
	owner's authorized ag	ent, occupant or	person having cl	ined a proper inspection warrant or ot narge, care or control of the structure c code official for the purposes of inspe	or premises shall not fa	il or neglect, after a prop	an owner, the per request is					
	made as herein provided, to permit entry therein by the code official for the purposes of inspection and examination pursuant to this code.  104.5 Identification. The code official shall carry proper identification when inspecting structures or premises in the performance of duties under this code.  104.6 Notices and orders. The code official shall issue all necessary notices or orders to ensure compliance with this code. Notices of violations shall be in											
	not less than 5 years or for <b>104.7.1 Approvals.</b> A	he code official s ras long as the <i>bu</i> record of appro	<i>iilding</i> or structur	records as required by Sections 104.7. e to which such records relate remains ntained by the code official and shall	in existence, unless oth	erwise provided by othe	r regulations.					
	individuals. Reports of	The code officia such inspections	s shall be in writir	authority to conduct inspections, or s ig and be certified by a responsible offic nade, including notices and orders issu	cer of such approved ag	gency or by the responsit	ole individual.					
		modifications in	accordance with	ation for alternative materials, design a Section 104.2.4; and documentation o								
	<b>104.7.4 Tests.</b> The coo	le official shall ke	ep a record of tes	sts conducted to comply with Sections 3	104.2.2.4 and 104.2.3.5.							
	<b>104.7.5 Fees.</b> The code	e official shall ke	ep a record of fee	s collected and refunded in accordance	with Section 108.							
	and without malice in the dis	scharge of the du	ties required by th	als or employee charged with the enforc nis code or other pertinent law or ordin damage accruing to persons or propert	ance, shall not thereby l	pe rendered personally lia	able, either civilly o					
	<b>104.8.1 Legal defe</b> lawful discharge o defended by the le	f duties and unde gal representativ	er the provisions c es of the jurisdicti	instituted against any officer or employ of this code or other laws or ordinances on until the final termination of the pro- cuted in pursuance of the provisions of t	implemented through to ceedings. The code office	he enforcement of this co	ode shall be					
	<b>104.9 Approved mate</b> such approval.	erials and equipm	nent. Materials, ed	quipment and devices approved by the c	code official shall be con	structed and installed in	accordance with					
	104.9.1 Material and equipr	<b>nent reuse.</b> Mate	erials, equipment	and devices shall not be reused unless s	uch elements are in go	od working condition and	approved.					
	Qualifications (Means of appeal)	114.3	112.3	Specifies that the training and experience must be on matters pertaining to the provisions of this code	Accept changes	Accept changes						
	<b>112.3 Qualifications.</b> The band are not employees of the	• •	shall consist of m	embers who are qualified by experienc	e and training on matt	ers pertaining to the pro	visions of this code					

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
		Cha	apter 2 Defini	tions			
	Def: Ambulatory Care Facility		202	New Definition	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	[BG] AMBULATORY CARE FA	<b>ACILITY.</b> Building d incapable of se	gs or portions the lf-preservation b	ereof used to provide medical, surgical y the services provided or staff has acc	, psychiatric, nursing o cepted responsibility fo	r similar care on a less t or care recipients already	han 24-hour basis incapable.
	Def: Approved Agency			Swaps "agency" with "organization" and adds "furnishing evaluation or certification"	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				rganization that is regularly engaged in here such organization has been appro			
	Def: Balanced Ventilation System	202	202	Added "System" to title. Added "The balanced ventilation system airflow is the average of the mechanical supply and mechanical exhaust airflows."	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				hat simultaneously supplies outdoor a e are each within 10 percent of the aver			e mechanical
	Def: Condensing Unit	202	202	Correlates the definition between the model codes	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	where required, liquid receive	vers, and the reg	ularly furnished a	ation for a given refrigerant, consisting accessories. A factory-made assembly o driven compressors, condensers, liquid	f refrigeration compon	ents designed to compre	ess and liquefy a
	Def. Draftstop		202	Correlates with IBC and IFC	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	<b>DRAFTSTOP.</b> A material, of crawl spaces, floor/ceiling			o restrict the movement of air within o	pen spaces of conceale	ed areas of <i>building</i> comp	oonents such as
	Def: Grease Duct		202	New definition for commonly used term for a duct serving Type I hoods	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	<b>GREASE DUCT.</b> A duct sen air from the hood or cook			oliances equipped with integral down-doors.	Iraft exhaust systems t	hat produce grease, to c	onvey grease-laden
	Def: Gypsum Board, Gypsum Wallboard		202	New definitions for material	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				nsisting of a noncombustible core prima as an interior surfacing for <i>building</i> struct		aper surfacing.	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments				
	Def: Heat Pump	202	202	Correlates the definition between the model codes	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	_	-		one substance and transfers it to ano a system or factory-made appliance that to							
	Def: Listed	202	202	Clarifies that other words may be used in lieu of "Listed"	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	[A] LISTED. Equipment, materials, products or services included in a list published by an organization acceptable to the code official and concerned with evaluation of products or services that maintains periodic inspection of production of <i>listed equipment</i> or materials or periodic evaluation of services and whose listing states either that the <i>equipment</i> , material, product or service meets identified standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. Terms that are used to identify <i>listed equipment</i> , products or materials include "listed," "certified," "classified" or other terms as determined appropriate by the listing organization.										
	Def: Lower Flammable Limit (LFL)	202	202	The previous definition implies that it is the concentration that is the substance capable of propagating the flame, instead of the flame being what is capable	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMI homogeneous mixture of	T (REFRIGERAN refrigerant and a	IT) (LFL). The min	nimum concentration of refrigerant at v test conditions in accordance with ASF	which a flame is capabl IRAE 34.	e of propagating throug	h a				
	Def: Noncombustible Materials	202	202	Removes the specifics of what is involved in ASTM E136 testing	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	following criteria: A material  1: The recorded temper temperature at the be 2: There shall not be flar	that passes ASTI ature of the surf eginning of the t ming from the sp	ME136. ace and interior test. becimen after the		ring the test rise more t	: <del>han 54°F (30°C) above tl</del>	<del>he furnace</del>				
				ds 50 percent, the recorded temperatu at the beginning of the test, and there s			all not at any time				
	Def: Peer Review		202	Added to address a method of review utilized by many jurisdictions (see 104.2.3.7)	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	[A] PEER REVIEW. An independent and objective technical review conducted by an approved third party.										
	Def: Refrigerant	202	202	correlates the definition between the model codes and ASHRAE 15	Accept changes	Accept changes					

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		•	duce refrigeration	h by its expansion or vaporization. The	fluid used for heat trans	fer in a refrigeration syste	em that undergoes a
	change of state to absorb h						
	REFRIGERANT DESIGNAT 34.	<b>ION.</b> The unique	e identifying alpha	anumeric value or refrigerant number a	ssigned to an individual	refrigerant and publish	ed in ASHRAE
	Def: Refrigerant Safety Group Classification	202	202	Editorial	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GRO accordance with ASHRAE 3		TION. The alphant	umeric designation that indicates both t	the toxicity and flammat	pility classifications of ref	rigerants in
	Flammability classificat	ion (refrigerant).	The alphanumeri	c designation used to identify the flamn	nability of refrigerants.		
		_	no flame propaga	tion. Class 2. Indicates a			
	refrigerant with low		Laure (Laurence Lattice	and love bounds and a site. Class 2. Indi	tk		
	refrigerant with high		l low flammability	and low burning velocity. Class 3. Ind	licates a		
			An alphabetical d	esignation used to identify the toxicity	of refrigerants. Class A	indicates a refrigerant w	vith low toxicity.
	Class B indicates a refri				errenigerenier einer		
	Def: Flammability Classification (Refrigerant)	202	202	Moved to be a sub def. under "Refrigeration System"	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Def: Refrigeration System	202	202	Changes "Refrigerating" to "Refrigeration;" editorial changes to correlate with ASHRAE 15	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				d refrigerant containing parts constituextracting then rejecting heat.	ıting one closed refriger	<del>rant circuit</del> parts in which	ı a
	Def: Refrigeration System, Mechanical	202		Deleted existing definition; inaccurate definition with reference to only one circuit	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				nterconnected refrigeration-containin Hin which a compressor is used for cor			i <del>t in which a</del>
	Def: Steam Bath Equipment	_	202	New definition	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	STEAM BATH EQUIPMENT. concentrated heating at ele			, combination room and steam genera bathing.	tor systems, and steam	bath cabinets intended	for high-humidity
	Def: Toxicity Classification (Refrigerant)	202	202	Moved to be a sub def. under "Refrigeration System"	Accept changes	Accept changes	

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		Cha	apter 3 Gener	al Regulations							
	Cutting and notching in cold-formed steel framing	302.5 thru 302.5.2	302.5, 302.5.1	Simplified language by referencing appropriate standards.	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	302.5-Cutting, notching a	and boring in st	eel framing. The	cutting, notching and boring of steel fi	raming members shall o	comply with Sections 30	2.5.1 through				
	<ul> <li>[BS] 302.5 Cutting and notching in cold-formed steel framing. The cutting and notching of holes in cold-formed steel framing members shall be in accordance with AISI S240 for structural members and AISI S220 for nonstructural members.</li> <li>[BS] 302.5.1 Cutting, notching and boring holes in structural steel framing. The cutting, notching and boring of holes in structural steel framing members shall be as prescribed by the registered design professional.</li> </ul>										
	[BS] 302.5.2 Cutting, notching and boring holes in cold-formed steel framing. Flanges and lips of loadbearing cold-formed steel framing members shall not be cut or notched. Holes in webs of load-bearing cold-formed steel framing members shall be permitted along the centerline of the web of the framing member and shall not exceed the dimensional limitations, penetration spacing or minimum hole edge distance as prescribed by the registered design professional.  Cutting, notching and boring holes of steel floor/roof decking shall be as prescribed by the registered design professional.										
	[BS] 302.5.3 Cutting, notching and boring holes in non-structural cold-formed steel wall framing. Flanges and lips of nonstructural cold-formed steel wall studs shall not be cut or notched. Holes in webs of nonstructural cold-formed steel wall studs shall be permitted along the centerline of the web of the framing member, shall not exceed 11/2 inches (38 mm) in width or 4 inches (102 mm) in length, and shall not be spaced less than 24 inches (610 mm) center to center from another hole or less than 10 inches (254 mm) from the bearing end.										
	Piping Support Spacing	Table 305.4	Table 305.4	Removes obsolete PB piping requirements	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	Protection against physical damage	305.5	305.5/305.5. 1	Thickness of shield plates is moved to its own subsection	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	or similar members less than having a minimum thickness of sole plates and below top plates	$1\frac{1}{2}$ $1^{1}/_{4}$ inches of 0.0575 inch shates.	(32 mm) from the all cover the area	ons where piping, other than cast-iron one nearest edge of the member, the pipe of the pipe where the member is notched having a thickness of not less than 0.0.	e shall be protected by sed or bored, and shall ex	shield plates. Protective tend not less than 2 inch	steel shield plates				
	Access	306.1	306.1	Changes "shall be accessible for inspection" to "shall provide access for inspection"	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	306.1 Access. Appliances, controls devices, heat exchangers and HVAC system components that utilize energy shall provide access for inspection, service, repair and replacement without disabling the function of a fire-resistance-rated assembly or removing permanent construction, other appliances, venting systems or any other piping or ducts not connected to the appliance being inspected, serviced, repaired or replaced. A level working space not less than 30 inches deep and 30 inches wide (762 mm by 762 mm) shall be provided in front of the control side to service an appliance.										

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
Yes	Equipment and appliances on roofs or elevated structures	306.5	306.5	Correlates with updated OSHA standard	Accept changes, delete state amendment	Accept changes without state amendment	Could have slight initial cost increase but ultimately cost savings

**306.5 Equipment or appliances on roofs or elevated structures.** Where *equipment* requiring access or *appliances* are located on an elevated structure or the roof of a *building* such that personnel will have to climb higher than 16 feet (4877 mm) above grade to access such *equipment* or *appliances*, an interior or exterior means of access shall be provided. Such access shall not require climbing over obstructions greater than 30 inches (762 mm) in height or walking on roofs having a slope greater than 4 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33-percent slope). Such access shall not require the use of portable ladders. Where access involves climbing over parapet walls, the height shall be measured to the top of the parapet wall.

Permanent ladders installed to provide the required access shall comply with the following minimum design criteria:

- 1. The side railing shall extend above the parapet or roof edge or landing platform not less than 30 42 inches (1067 mm).
- 2. Ladders shall have rung spacing not to exceed 12 inches (305 mm) -not less than 10 inches (254 mm) and not to exceed 14 inches (356 mm) on center. The upper—most rung shall be not greater than 24 inches (610 mm) below the upper edge of the roof hatch, roof or parapet, as applicable.
- 3. Ladders shall have a toe spacing not less than 67 inches (178 mm) and not more than 12 inches (305 mm) deep.
- 4. There shall be not less than 18 16 inches (406 mm) between rails.
- 5. Rungs shall have a diameter not less than 0.75-inch (19.1 mm) and be capable of withstanding a 300-pound (136 kg) load.
- 6. Ladders over 30 feet (9144 mm) in height shall be provided with offset sections and landings capable of withstanding 100 pounds per square foot (488 kg/m²). Landing dimensions shall be not less than 18 inches (457 mm) and not less than the width of the ladder served. A guard rail shall be provided on all open sides of the landing.
- 7. Climbing clearance. The distance from the centerline of the rungs to the nearest permanent object on the climbing side of the ladder shall be not less than 30 inches (762 mm) measured perpendicular to the rungs. This distance shall be maintained from the point of ladder access to the bottom of the roof hatch. A minimum clear width of 15 inches (381 mm) shall be provided on both sides of the ladder measured from the midpoint of and parallel with the rungs except where cages or wells are installed.
- 8. Landing required. The ladder shall be provided with a clear and unobstructed bottom landing area having a minimum dimension of 30 inches (762 mm) by 30 inches (762 mm) centered in front of the ladder.
- 9. Ladders shall be protected against corrosion by *approved* means.
- 10. Access to ladders shall be provided at all times.
- 11. Top landing required. The ladder shall be provided with a clear and unobstructed landing on the exit side of the roof hatch, having a minimum space of 30 inches (762 mm) deep and being the same width as the hatch.

Catwalks installed to provide the required access shall be not less than 24 inches (610 mm) wide and shall have railings as required for service platforms.

**Exception:** This section shall not apply to Group R-3 occupancies.

		Cha	Chapter 4 Ventilation						
Yes	Intake opening location	401.4	401.4	Removes "approved" from "approved factory-built intake exhaust" fitting in Item 3; adds "fan" at the end of Item 3. No special approval should be required for these termination	Keep state amendment but integrate these changes into Item 3.	Agree with staff recommendations	Look at code change to change "fan manufacturer's instructions" to "equipment		

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				fittings when installed per mfr instructions.			manufacturer's instructions"
	401.4 Intake opening location	<b>n.</b> Air intake ope	nings shall comply	with all of the following:			
	1. Intake openings street or public w  2. Mechanical and contaminant sou openings shall be docks provided to way, the distance Exceptions:  2.1. Intake a horizon parking  2.2. Intake a horizon parking  2.3. Intake openings opening. Separation or sleeping unit manufacturer's in established by the maintained between fittings.	gravity outdoor urce, such as ver e permitted to be that the opening e shall be measu ir openings provitally from parking ir openings provitally from parking garage. shall be located tion is not require where a factory nstructions. For he manufacture veen other envir	not less than 10 fer air intake open nts, streets, alleys be located less that is are located not used from the closs diding less than 500 g lots provided that iding less than 500 g lots provided that iding less than 3 fewer death of the second intake, built intake, exhaut these combined recommental air exhaut flood hazard are	with all of the following: eet (3048 mm) from lot lines or building: ings shall be located not less than 16, parking lots and loading docks, exceed to 10 feet (3048 mm) horizontally from less than 25 feet (7620 mm) vertically sest edge of the street or public way.  Of cfm of outdoor air to Group R occupared the openings are not less than 15 feet of the openings are not less than 15 feet of the openings are not less than 15 feet of the openings, operable openings, and aust combination termination fitting terminations, the exhaust air concentration with ASHRAE 62.2 Section 6.8, Exceptions as shall be at or above the elevation reasonable opening or sleet.	of feet (3048 mm) horizept as specified in Item astreets, alleys, parkin above such locations. Notices are permitted to be t (4572 mm) vertically a access are permitted to be t (4572 mm) vertically a ses where such sources ad living space exhaust is used to separate the tration within the intation 4. A minimum of eping unit factory-builter	zontally from any ham a or Section 501.3.1. g garage entries, parking where openings front of the located less than 10 ferone bove the parking lot. The located less than 10 ferone the clear height for the located within 10 ferone air openings of an indire air streams in accordant the located within 10 ferone air streams in accordant the located within 10 ferone air streams in accordant the located within 10 ferone in the located within 10 fer	cardous or noxious Outdoor air intake ing lots and loading in a street or public  cet (3048 mm) cet (3048 mm) or vehicles in the  et (3048 mm) of the vidual dwelling unit dance with the fan ceed 10 percent as ceparation shall be nation termination
		sed parking gara	ge and repair gara	ge ventilation air intakes are permitted g dock.	to be located less than	10 feet horizontally fror	n or 25 feet
	Other buildings intended to be occupied (Outdoor air rates)	403.3	403.3	Removes reference to "three stories and less above grade plane" with the rationale that this takes buildings below the ventilation requirements in ASHRAE	Accept change	Adopt change as shown	
		ust in accordanc	e with Section 40	2 <mark>, R-3 and R-4</mark> occupancies three storie 3.3.2403.4. Other All other buildings in			

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
Yes	Minimum Ventilation Rates	Table 403.3.1.1	Table 403.3.1.1	New categories added: Animal facilities (11); Outpatient healthcare facilities (18); in Food and Beverage: Break rooms, coffee stations, corridors, occupiable storage rooms; in Hotels etc.: central laundry, laundry within dwelling units; in Offices: break rooms, occupiable storage rooms; in Public Spaces: room with adult changing station; in Specialty shops: banks or lobbies; in Storage: added less than 50°F to refrigerated warehouses; in Workrooms: manufacturing with hazardous materials, manufacturing without hazardous materials, sorting/packing/light assembly, telephone closets. New footnotes i and j for healthcare facilities, k for dental and I for warehouses.	Retain the existing state amendments to the table, but Accept all other model code updates	Retain the existing state amendments to the table, but Accept all other model code updates	
			See existi	ng state amendments report for the	e full table text		
Yes	Group R ventilation rates	403.3.2	403.3.2	Similarly to the change in 403.3.1, reference to "three stories or less above grade plane" is removed. This section is not adopted as the state has a specific ventilation code section for residential	Do not adopt; keep state amendment	Retain state amendment	
				less. The design of local exhaust system 3.3.2.5 This section is not adopted. See S		ns for outdoor air in Grou	up R 2, R 3 and R
Yes	Minimum Required Local Exhaust Rates	Table 403.3.2.3	Table 403.3.2.3	Similarly to the change above, reference to "three stories or less above grade plane" is removed. This section is not adopted as the state has a specific ventilation code section for residential	Do not adopt; keep state amendment	Retain state amendment	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #		Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
				TA	BLE 403.3.2.3—			
		•		<del>OR GRO</del>	OUP R-2, R-3 AND R-4 OCCUPANCE	IES THREE STORIES AND	<del>D LESS</del>	
	ARE	Kitchens	<del>-E1)</del>			nt or 50 cfm continuous		
	Rathr	coms and toilet ro	<del>oms</del>			t or 25 cfm continuous		
	For SI: 1 cubic foot per minute = 0		01113		30 cm memmeen	tor 25 cm continuous		
Yes	General (Ambulatory Care Facilities)	407.1	407.1		rial; adds ASHE to the RAE standard citation	Keep state amendment but add the new reference	Keep state amendment but add the new reference	
					sed by Washington state shall be	designed and installed i	n accordance with this co	de and the
	following provisions of the		•					
			-		nply with chapter 246-330 WAC.			
	<b>3.</b> Mechanical ventilat		•		with chapter 246-320 WAC.			
		•	•	-	s <del>and Group I 2 occ<i>upancies</i> s</del> hal	ll be designed and inst	alled in accordance with	this code,
	ASHRAE/ASHE 170 and NF		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					,
		Cha	apter 5 Exhau	ıst Sy	stems			
Yes	Location of exhaust outlets	501.3.1	501.3.1	allow to be gravii of ins Remo	are all in Item 3. Adds an ance for exhaust opening 1 ft or more above a ty intake opening for ease stallation in tight wall areas. Eves "approved" from roved factory-built intake ust" fitting; adds "fan" at and.	Keep state amendment but integrate new language	Keep state amendment but integrate new language	Look at code change pertaining to "fan mfr instructions" Potential decrease in cost
	distances:  1. For ducts conveyin buildings; 6 feet (14 direction of the exh  2. For other product-operable openings  3. For all-environment from operable open all occupancies others.	g explosive or fla 329 mm) from exaust discharge; conveying outle into buildings; 1 tal air exhaust onings, except when than Group	ammable vapors, sterior walls and 10 feet (3048 mm ts: 10 feet (3048 mm) ther than enclosemere the exhaust of the than 10 feet (3 feet	fumes roofs; 3 a) above above above bed park opening 048 mr	om the property lines; 3 feet (9	n property lines; 10 fee stible walls and operal 14 mm) from exterior It exhaust: 3 feet (914 (305 mm) above the gr . Such exhaust shall n	t (3048 mm) from opera ole openings into building walls and roofs; 10 fee mm) from property lines avity air intake opening ot be considered haza	ble openings into ngs that are in the t (3048 mm) from s; 3 feet (914 mm) into buildings for rdous or noxious.

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments			
Amendment	Exceptions:  1. The separation between an air intake and exhaust outlet on a single listed package HVAC unit.  2. Exhaust from environmental air systems other than garages may be discharged into an open parking garage.  3. Except for Group I occupancies, where ventilation system design circumstances require building HVAC air to be relieved, such as during economize operation, such air may be relieved into an open or enclosed parking garage within the same building.  3-4. Exhaust outlets serving structures in flood hazard areas shall be installed at or above the elevation required by Section 1612 of the Internation Building Code for utilities and attendant equipment.  5. For enclosed parking garage exhaust system outlets and transformer vault exhaust system outlets: 10 feet (3048 mm) from property lines which sepa one lot from another; 10 feet (3048 mm) from operable openings into buildings; 3 feet (914 mm) horizontally from, 10 feet (3048 mm) above or 10 (3048 mm) below adjoining finished sidewalk.  6. For transformer vault exhaust system outlets, subject to the requirements of NFPA 70 Section 450.45; Ten feet (3048 mm) from fire escapes, requirements of egress at the exterior of the building, elements of exit discharge, exterior combustible materials, and openings that are not protecte accordance with Section 705.8 of the International Building Code; 10 feet (3048 mm) from property lines which separate one lot from another; 10 (3048 mm) from operable openings into buildings; 10 feet (3048 mm) above walkways.  7. For elevator machinery rooms in enclosed or open parking garages: Exhaust outlets may discharge air directly into the parking garage.  4.8. For specific systems, see the following sections:  4.1-8.1. Clothes dryer exhaust, Section 504.4.  4.2-8.2. Kitchen hoods and other kitchen exhaust equipment, Sections 506.3.13, 506.4 and 506.5.  4.3-8.3. Dust, stock and refuse conveying systems, Section 510.2.  4.4-8.6. Refrigerant discharge, Section 512.10.3.  4.6-8.6. Refrigerant discharge, Section 1105.7.									
	Common ducts		501.6	Only allows common duct connection under negative pressure	Accept changes	Accept changes				
	<b>501.6 Common ducts.</b> The where the common duct or			ving separate dwelling or sleeping units pressure.	s shall not be connecte	d to a common duct or	shaft, except			
	Protection against physical damage	504.8	504.8/ 504.8.1	Thickness of shield plates is moved to its own subsection	Accept changes	Accept changes				
	<b>504.8 Protection against physical damage.</b> Protective shield plates shall be placed where nails or screws from finish or other work are likely to penetrate the clothes dryer exhaust duct. Shield plates having a thickness of not less than 0.0575 inch shall be placed on the finished face of all framing members where there is less than 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inches (32 mm) between the duct and the finished face of the framing member. Protective shield plates shall extend not less than 2 inches (51 mm) above sole plates and below top plates. <b>504.8.1 Shield plates.</b> Shield plates shall be of steel material having a thickness of not less than 0.0575 inch (1.463 mm) (No. 16 gage).									
	Commercial clothes dryers	504.10	504.10	Added a reference to UL 2158A for the specific listing for dryer	Accept changes	Accept changes				

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
				installation similar to that required for domestic dryers			
	installation instructions. E continuously or be interlo materials. Clothes dryer t	Exhaust fan moto ocked to operate ransition ducts u	rs installed in exh when any individused to connect t	er exhaust ducts serving commercial clo aust systems shall be located outside of dual unit is operating. Ducts shall have he appliance to the exhaust duct system with UL 2158A. Transition ducts shall r	f the airstream. In multi a a minimum <i>clearance</i> m shall be limited to sin	iple installations, the fan of 6 inches (152 mm) to ngle lengths not to excee	shall operate combustible
Yes	Exhaust ducts (Domestic Cooking)	505.3	505.3	A reference to two new sections (505.7/505.8) specific to Group I-1 and I-2 occupancies is inserted	Retain state amendment but integrate changes from 2024 (and 2018)	Retain state amendment but integrate ref to 505.7 / 505.8	
	galvanized steel, stainless st shall be independent of all of Section 904.14 of the Internot Domestic kitchen exhaus an independent back-draft of Listed and labeled exhaus Exceptions:  1. Where installed in Chapter 4conting be required to of exhaust ductwo register/grille sh 2. Ducts for domes and fittings prov 2.1. The duct sh 2.2. The underf 2.3. The PVC du 2.4. The PVC du	teel, aluminum on ther exhaust system of the exhaust system of the exhaust system of the exhaust booster fans sometimes of the exhaust be provided with the installed to the exhaust be installed to loor trench in what shall extend not the exhaust of the exhaust	r copper. Such du tems. Installatior and Section 505. ninate with other hall be permitted th the manufactu st is provided in a butdoors. The loc haust register/gr vith a minimum M mg appliances eq tallation complies inder a concrete s ich the duct is ins ot more than 1 in ot more than 1 in ent cemented.	I when installed in accordance with the rer's instructions and where mechanican enclosed kitchen in accordance with all exhaust from the residential dwelling ille in the kitchen is a minimum of the lervice of the site of t	I be airtight, and shall keep to accordance with allocal exhaust ducts at a manufacturer's installing allocal exhaust ducts at a manufacturer's installing allocal exhaust ducts at a manufacturer's installing allocal exhaust ventilation in Table 403.4.7, listed a grunit or sleeping unit 16 feet (1.8 M) from the or trapping grease. In a shall be permitted to the sand or gravel.	be equipped with a back the International Building to a common location when the ation instructions.  This otherwise provided in a labeled ductless range kitchen area may be contacted to the contact of	draft damper, and g Code and ere each duct has accordance with ge hoods shall not his hold by the control of the exhaust
	Group I-I occupancies		505.7	New section describing requirements for the use of domestic equipment in Group I-1/I-2 occupancies	Accept new section	Accept new section	
	International Building Cod 1. Range hoods sha	e shall comply wi all have a minimu	th the following: ım air flow rate of	od installations over domestic cooking of 500 cfm (14 000 L/min).			

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments				
	3. Range hood exha	aust shall dischar	ge to the outdoo	rs.							
	<b>Exception:</b> A listed and	d <i>labeled</i> ductles	s range hood sha	ll be permitted where a charcoal filter i	s provided in the hood	to reduce smoke and o	dors.				
	Group I-2 occupancies		505.8	New section describing requirements for the use of domestic equipment in Group I-1/I-2 occupancies	Accept new section	Accept new section					
	1. Range hoods sha 2. Mechanical vent 3. Range hood exha	e shall comply wi all have a minimu ilation shall be p aust shall dischar	th the following: Im air flow rate of rovided to the roo rge to the outdoo	d installations above domestic cooking e f 500 cfm (14 000 L/min). oms or spaces containing the domestic rs. Il be permitted where a charcoal filter i	cooking equipment in a	accordance with Section	ո 403.3.1.				
	<b>Exception:</b> A listed and	l labelea ducties	s range nood sna		s provided in the flood	to reduce smoke and o	dors.				
	Corrosion protection	506.2	506.2	Adds "and exhaust equipment" to ensure all exposed portions of the hood system are protected.	Accept changes	Accept changes					
	<b>506.2 Corrosion protectio</b> corrosion in an <i>approved</i> r		aust equipment e	exposed to the outside atmosphere or s	ubject to a corrosive e	nvironment shall be prot	ected against				
	Grease duct systems	506.3	506.3	Replaces "Ducts serving Type 1 hoods" with "Grease duct systems." Part of the change that changed most "duct" and "Type 1 hoods" references to "grease duct" throughout the subsections of 506.3	Accept changes	Accept changes					
				nall be independent of all other exhaust d, constructed and installed in accorda			. Commercial				
	<u>-</u>		_	designed, constructed and installed in			3.13.3.				
	Grease duct test	506.3.2.5	506.3.2.5 506.3.2.5.1 506.3.2.5.2	A testing requirement has been added, with the specifics for the testing (light/water) added as two new sections.	Accept changes	Accept changes	No significant change in cost				
	506.3.2.5 Grease duct test. A field test shall be performed prior to the use or concealment of any portion of a grease duct system. Grease ducts shall be considered to be concealed where installed in shafts or covered by coatings or wraps that prevent the grease ducts from being visually inspected on all sides. The permit holder shall be responsible to provide the necessary equipment and perform the grease duct leakage test. A light test shall be performed to determine that all welded and brazed joints are liquid tight.										
				m, including the hood-to-duct connect built grease ducts, this test shall be lim							

Existing State Amendment	Ti	tle or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments					
	welds.	The test shall be perfo	ormed in accord	ance with either	Section 506.3.2.5.1 or 506.3.2.5.2.	•							
	lamp		to emit light equa		ssing a lamp, having not less than 1600 hs perpendicular to the duct walls. A sur								
	pres	sure of not less than	1,200 psi (8274 k	Pa) shall be used,	d by simulating a cleaning operation of t along with any necessary hoses and spr ace of cleaning water at any point on the	ray nozzles, to apply high							
	Exhau	st fans	506.5.1	506.5.1	UL standard was updated	Accept changes	Accept changes						
	506.5.	1 Exhaust fans. Exhau	ıst fan housings s	erving a Type I ho	od shall be constructed as required for g	grease ducts in accordan	ce with Section 506.3.1.						
	Exc	Exception: Fans listed and labeled in accordance with UL 762 705.											
	Pollutio	on control units	506.5.2	506.5.2	Portions of Item 4 were moved into Item 5 and Item 5 was divided int subsections for better clarity; UL standard was updated	Accept changes	Accept changes						
	506.5.2	<b>06.5.2 Pollution-control units.</b> The installation of pollution-control units shall be in accordance with all of the following:											
	1.												
	2.	Fans serving pollut	ion-control units	shall be <i>listed</i> an	nd <i>labeled</i> in accordance with UL <del>762-</del> 70	<b>)5.</b>							
	3.	and seismic loads v	vithin the stress	limitations of the	all be of noncombustible material secu e International Building Code.	•	-						
	4.	Pollution-control u	nits located indo	ors shall be <i>listed</i>	and labeled for such use. Where enclose	sed duct systems, as rec	quired by Section 506.3.1	1, are connected to					
		a pollution control resistance rating as with the manufactu	the duct enclos	<del>ure. Access shall l</del>	d labeled, in accordance with UL 2221 be provided for servicing and cleaning of	<del>1 or ASTM E2336, for lo</del> of the unit. The space or	<del>cation in an enclosure ha</del> enclosure shall be ventil	aving the same fire ated in accordance					
	5.	systems, as require	d by Section 506	3.3.11, are connec	on-control unit and combustible matericted to a pollution control unit installe	ed indoors, all of the foll		d grease duct					
				· ·	ance with ASTM E2336 or UL 2221, for lo								
			ll be installed in a duct enclosure.		n or space enclosure, constructed as rec	quired by Section 506.3.	11, and have the same fi	re-resistance					
		5.3. Access shall			aning of the unit.								
			•	~	be ventilated in accordance with the n	nanufacturer's installat	ion instructions.						
	6.	Clearances shall be	maintained bet	ween the pollutio	on-control unit and combustible mate	rial in accordance with	the listing.						
	7.	Roof-mounted police roof.	lution-control u	nits shall be <i>liste</i>	ed for outdoor installation and shall b	oe mounted not less th	an 18 inches (457 mm) a	above the					
	8.	Exhaust outlets for	pollution-contro	l units shall be in	accordance with Section 506.3.13.								
	9.	airflow is reduced operations occur.	below the design	n velocity, the air	vided to monitor the pressure drop ac rflow differential pressure control sha								
	10.		•		ry-installed fire suppression system.								
	11.	Service space shall	be provided in a	ccordance with t	he manufacturer's instructions for the <sub>l</sub>	pollution control unit a	nd the requirements of S	Section 306.					

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	means to prevent a cleanings.	air bypass. Wher	e a trap is utilized	e interceptor and shall be sized for the d it shall have a seal depth that accou	nts for the system pres	ssurization and evapora	
	Commercial kitchen hoods	507	507	Section 507 was reorganized and broken into three main sections: General (507.1), Type I Hoods (507.2), Type II Hoods (507.3). Light duty appliances was moved to the Type II hood section.	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	General (Commercial Kitchen Hoods)	507.1	507.1	The last sentence of the main section was moved to 507.3 to clarify that if a Type I hood is installed in place of a Type II hood, all supporting systems must comply with that for a Type I hood. The existing exceptions were reorganized and four new exceptions added for wood burning ovens, the exception from the previous 507.2 was moved for "reduced grease emission appliances," electric dishwashers with a self-contained condensing system, and the bulk of the former section 507.3 for appliances that do not produce grease or smoke.	Accept changes	Accept changes	

**507.1 General.** Commercial kitchen exhaust hoods shall comply with the requirements of this section. Hoods shall be Type I or II and shall be designed to capture and confine cooking vapors and residues. A Type I hood shall be installed at or above appliances in accordance with Section 507.2. A Type II hood shall be installed at or above appliances in accordance with Section 507.3. Where any cooking appliance under a single hood requires a Type I hood, a Type I hood shall be installed. Where a Type II hood is required, a Type I or Type II hood shall be installed.

## **Exceptions:**

- 1. Factory-built commercial cooking recirculating systems that are and *labeled* in accordance with UL 710B, and installed in accordance with Section 304.1, shall not be required to comply with Sections 507.1.5, 507.1.6, 507.2.3, 507.2.5, 507.2.8, 507.2.10 and 507.3.1. Spaces in which such systems are located shall be considered to be kitchens and shall be ventilated in accordance with Table 403.3.1.1. For the purpose of determining the floor area required to be ventilated, each individual *appliance* shall be considered as occupying not less than 100 square feet (9.3 m²).
- 2. A hood shall not be required at or above any of the following:
  - 2.1. Factory-built commercial cooking recirculating systems *listed* and *labeled* in accordance with UL 710B, and installed in accordance with Section 304.1. Spaces in which such systems are located shall be considered to be kitchens and shall be ventilated in accordance with Table 403.3.1.1. For

State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	the purpos square feet		the floor area r	equired to be ventilated, each individ	ual <i>appliance</i> shall be c	onsidered as occupying	not less than 100
			_	lown-draft exhaust systems are <i>listed</i> a		ication in accordance wi	th NFPA 96.
			-	ems are listed and tested for the applica			
				accordance with UL 2162 and vented in		anufacturer's instructio	ns.
		0		accordance with UL 197 for reduced gre self-contained condensing system <i>liste</i>		anco with III 021	
				iers and <i>appliances</i> that produce heat o			e as a result of the
	cooking process that do not requi the floor area rea	are incorporated re Type II hoods quired to be exha	l into the HVAC sy shall be provided ousted, each indiv	rstem design or into the design of a sep with exhaust at a rate of 0.70 cfm per vidual <i>appliance</i> that is not required to lonal square footage shall be provided v	arate removal system. S square foot [0.00356 m be installed under a Typ	Spaces containing such c 3/(s × m²)]. For the purpo e II hood shall be consid	ooking appliances are of determining ered as occupying
	Fuel-burning appliances	507.1.3	507.1.3	More specific requirements are added for the use of draft hoods or atmospheric burners in the same space containing Type I or Type II hoods.	Accept changes	Keep 2021 language	
	same room or space contain combustion air obtained fro	ning a Type For T m the outdoors (	ype II hood excer or from other spa	nce vents. Appliances equipped with dropt where the appliance is located in a seces in the building in accordance with C	ealed enclosure equippe hapter 7 or the <i>Internat</i>	ed with a self-closing de <del>ional Fuel Gas Code.</del>	vice with
	Hood size and location	507.4	507.1.6	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Performance test	507.6	507.1.7	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	
					Accept the move for the exception		
Yes	Type I hoods	507.2	507.2	Existing exception moved to 507.1	but retain the state amendment exception at this location	Accept changes and retain amendment	See commentary on existing amendment
Yes	507.2 Type I hoods. Type installed over medium-dut Exceptions:	I hoods shall be in the interpretate in the in	nstalled where co	507.1  poking appliances produce grease or sn by cooking appliances.	but retain the state amendment exception at this location	and retain amendment ooking process. Type I h	commentary on existing amendment goods shall be
Yes	507.2 Type I hoods. Type installed over medium-dut  Exceptions:  1. A Type I hood shall recontains 5 mg/m3 or le	I hoods shall be in the state of the required for the required for the state of the	nstalled where co d extra-heavy-dut or an electric coo en tested at an ex	507.1  poking <i>appliances</i> produce grease or sn	but retain the state amendment exception at this location noke as a result of the continuous agency provides do in accordance with UL	and retain amendment ooking process. Type I h	commentary on existing amendment

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	Extra-heavy-duty cooking appliances	507.5.1	507.2.2.10.1	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Heavy-duty cooking appliances	507.5.2	507.2.2.10.2	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Medium-duty cooking appliances	507.5.3	507.2.2.10.3	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Fire suppression systems	509.1	507.2.11	Relocated requirement as part of the reorganization of 507 as it only pertains to Type I hoods.	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	<b>507.2.11 Fire suppression</b> 904.12 of the <i>International B</i>			be provided with an <i>approved</i> autom al Fire Code.	natic fire suppression s	system complying with	Section
	Type II hoods	507.3	507.3	A portion of the existing language was moved to 507.1 as exception 6 while a sentence from 507.1 was moved and clarified as to the use of Type I hoods in lieu of a Type II hood	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	507.3 Type II hoods. Type II	hoods shall be i	nstalled above lig	ght-duty cooking appliances, dishwashe scept where the heat and moisture load	rs and appliances that	produce heat or moistur	re and do not
	design or into the design of a	<del>a separate remo</del>	<del>val system</del> . Type I	I hoods shall be installed above all app	oliances that produce p	roducts of combustion a	nd do not produce
	grease or smoke as a result of	of the cooking pr	ocess. <del>Spaces col</del>	ntaining cooking appliances that do no e of determining the floor area required	t require Type II hoods	shall be provided with e	<del>xhaust at a rate of</del>
	be installed under a Type II he exhaust at a rate of 0.70 cfm hood installation complies w	nood shall be con per square foot vith all of the rec	<del>nsidered as occup</del> <del>[0.00356 m3/(s • r</del> quirements for a 1	bying not less than 100 square feet (9.3- m2)]. A Type I hood shall be permitted t Type I hood installation. Where such a T e suppression or grease filters.	<del>m2). Such additional sc</del> to be installed for a requ	<del>quare footage shall be pr</del> uired Type II hood, provi	<del>ovided with</del> ded that the Type I
	Capacity of Type II hoods		507.3.4	Added a section specific to the exhaust capacity needed for Type II hoods similar to Section 507.2.10 for Type I	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				st a minimum net quantity of air determ culated by subtracting any airflow supp			
	Light-duty cooking appliances	507.5.4	507.3.4.1	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Dishwashing appliances	507.5.5	507.3.4.2	Relocated	Accept changes	Accept changes	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments	
	Makeup air temperature	508.1.1	508.1.1	Intended to clarify the requirement, which was to either design the HVAC system for the kitchen to handle makeup air loads, or to have a dedicated makeup air conditioning system. Clarified that the 10 degree differential applies to the thermostat setpoint temperature in the kitchen, not the temperature of the kitchen.	Accept change	Accept changes		
	the added heating and cool additional capacity necessa conditioned by dedicated s temperature in the kitchen s	ing loads of the ry for the latent a ystems such tha space is not grea	makeup air do no and sensible load t the difference ter than 10°F (6°C	al between makeup air and the air in the exceed the capacity of the HVAC systes that are introduced by the makeup air in temperature between the makeup air c).  Shall not be required to be conditioned.	em. HVAC systems that supplied to the kitchen	serve the kitchen space so space, or the makeup	shall have the air shall be	
	Makeup air duct	506.3.1.2	508.1.2	Relocated	Accept change	Accept changes		
	Air balance	508.1.2	508.1.3	Renumbered only	Accept change	Accept changes		
		Sections 5	10, 511, 512, 5	13, and 514 were renumbered	Accept changes	Accept changes		
		Cha	pter 6 Duct 9	Systems				
	Return air openings	601.5	601.5	Specifies that the return in air 2, 7, 10 and both exceptions only refers to that for heating or AC systems. Two additional items added specific to return air from closets (8, 9) in an attempt to control moisture levels.	Accept changes	Accept changes	Develop code change proposal to address application to HRV/ERV	
	<ol> <li>Openings shall not appliance located in</li> </ol>	be located less the the same room	han 10 feet (3048 or space.	ventilation and air-conditioning syster mm) measured in any direction from a all not be taken from a hazardous or in	n open combustion cha	amber or draft hood of a		
	<ol> <li>The amount of return air taken from any room or space shall be not greater than the flow rate of supply air delivered to such room or space.</li> <li>Return and transfer openings shall be sized in accordance with the appliance or equipment manufacturer's installation instructions, ACCA Manual D or the design of the registered design professional.</li> </ol>							
		-		ischarged into another aweiling unit.  Omplished through a direct connection	to the return side of a fo	orced air furnace. Trans	fer openings	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments			
	in the crawl space o	enclosure shall n	ot be prohibited.							
	7. Return air for heati unconditioned attic		oning systems sh	all not be taken from a bathroom, toile	t room, kitchen, garage	e, boiler room, furnace r	oom or			
	8. Return air from a cl	oset shall serve o	only the closet and	d shall not require a dedicated closet su	pply duct.					
				re feet (2.8 m²) shall require the closet			mm) or have			
	either a louvered door or an air transfer grille, each with a net free area of not less than 30 square inches (19 355 mm²).  10. Return air for heating or air-conditioning systems shall not be taken from indoor swimming pool enclosures and associated deck areas.  Exceptions:									
			•	dified in accordance with Section 403.2	2.1, Item 2.					
		ed HVAC system	is serving only suc	h spaces.						
	Exceptions:	6 1								
				ystems from a kitchen is not prohibited ooking appliances.	d where such return aii	openings serve the kit	chen and are			
				estems from a kitchen is not prohibited	in a dwelling unit wher	e the kitchen and living	snaces are in			
	a single room and	d the cooking <i>ap</i>	ppliance is electric	and located not less than 5 feet (1524	mm) in any direction fr	om the return air intake	opening.			
	<ol><li>Dedicated forced</li></ol>	air systems serv	ing only the gara	ge shall not be prohibited from obtainir	ng return air from the ga	rage.				
Yes	General (Plenums)	602.1	602.1/602.1. 1/ 602.1.2	Single section was split into scoping section with three subsections; no substantive wording changes.	Accept changes but modify to remove the second sentence of 602.1 and keep the state amendment within new 602.1.2	Accept changes but modify to remove the second sentence of 602.1 and keep the state amendment within new 602.1.2	The redundant language in 602.1 was submitted as an errata item to ICC			
	spaces, mechanical equipme	ent rooms and th	ne framing cavitie	air plenums shall be limited to uninhal s addressed in Section 602.3. Plenums ng equipment. Fuel-fired appliances sha	shall be limited to one	fire area. Air systems sha				
	<b>602.1 General.</b> Supply, retuing the within a plenum.	rn, exhaust, reli	ef and <i>ventilation</i>	n air plenums shall be in accordance	with this section. Fuel-	fired <i>appliances</i> shall no	t be installed			
	<b>602.1.1 Locations limited.</b> <i>Plenums</i> shall be limited to uninhabited crawl spaces, above a ceiling or below the floor, attic spaces, mechanical equipment rooms and the framing cavities addressed in Section 602.2.									
	<b>602.1.2 Limited to a fire area.</b> Plenums shall be limited to one fire area. Air systems that serve multiple fire areas shall be ducted directly from the boundary of the fire area served directly to the air-handling equipment.									
	602.1.3 Fuel-fired applia	nces. Fuel-fired	appliances shall no	ot be installed within a <i>plenum</i> .						
	Stud cavity and joist space plenums	602.3	602.2.1	Renumbered; moved as a subsection of Construction of plenums	Accept changes	Accept changes				

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments		
	Materials within plenums	602.2.1	602.3	Renumbered and reorganized Sections 602.2 and 602.3 for clarity. 602.2 is all construction requirements. 602.3 is requirements for materials within plenums	Accept changes	Accept changes			
	602.3 Materials within plenums. Except as required by Sections 602.2.1.1 through 602.2.1.8, Materials within plenums shall be noncombustible or shall be listed and labeled as having a flame spread index of not more than 25 and a smoke developed index of not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723 in compliance with the applicable requirements in Sections 602.3.1 through 602.3.10.  Exceptions:  1. Rigid and flexible ducts and connectors shall conform to Section 603.								
	2. Duct coverings, linings, tape and connectors shall conform to Sections 603 and 604.								
			•	hin <i>plenums</i> in one- and two family dw	<del>ellings.</del>				
	4. This section shall n			ha fallawing.					
	5. Combustible mater 5.1. Continuous no								
	5.2. Approved gyp		•	<del>30103.</del>					
	1			in a <i>plenum</i> and listed for the applicati	<del>on</del>				
	Materials expose			·	011.				
	2. Combustible mat								
			le raceways or er						
	2.2. Approved	gypsum board as	ssemblies.						
				within a plenum and listed for the applic					
	3. 5.3 Materials in C with the fabricati		n 5 fabrication a	reas and the areas above and below t	the fabrication area th	at share a common air	recirculation path		
	602.3.1 Ducts, connect	ors, duct coveri	ngs, linings and	tape. Rigid and flexible ducts and conn	ectors shall conform to	Section 603. Duct cove	rings, linings, tape		
	and connectors shall co	nform to Sectior	is 603 and 604.						
	602.3.2 Smoke detecto	<b>rs.</b> Smoke detec	tors shall be <i>liste</i>	d and <i>labeled</i> .					
	Electrical equipment in plenums	602.2.1.4 - 602.2.4.1.2	602.3.6	Added to "electrical" to the section for requirements for plumbing and mechanical products in plenums	Accept changes	Accept changes			
	located in a <i>plenum</i> and ha	ve exposed com	bustible material	<b>ducts in plenums.</b> Where discrete elect, they shall be <i>listed</i> and <i>labeled</i> for such			appurtenances are		
	<b>Exception:</b> Electrical equipment with metallic enclosures exposed within a <i>plenum</i> .								
		602.2.1.1 thru 602.2.1.8	602.3.3 thru 602.3.8	Renumbered as subsections under materials within plenums	Accept changes	Accept changes			

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation						
	Other combustible materials	part of 602.2.1	602.3.10	Portions of the language removed from 602.3 were relocated here	Accept changes	Accept changes						
	<b>602.3.10 Other combustible materials.</b> Other combustible materials not covered by Section 602.3 shall be <i>listed</i> and <i>labeled</i> as having a flame spread index of not more than 25 and a smoke-developed index of not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.											
	Coverings and linings	604.3	604.3	Adds a second exception allowing an increased smoke developed index for coverings located outside of ducts consistent with IBC requirements	Accept changes	Accept changes						
	604.3 Coverings and linings. Duct coverings and linings, including adhesives where used, shall have a flame spread index not more than 25 and a smoke-developed index not more than 50, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723, using the specimen preparation and mounting procedures of ASTM E2231. Duct coverings and linings shall not flame, glow, smolder or smoke when tested in accordance with ASTM C411 at the temperature to which they are exposed in service. The test temperature shall not fall below 250°F (121°C). Coverings and linings shall be listed and labeled.  Exceptions:  1. Polyurethane foam insulation that is spray applied to the exterior of ducts in attics and crawl spaces shall be subject to all of the following requirements:  1.1. The foam plastic insulation shall have a flame spread index not greater than 25 and a smoke-developed index not greater than 450, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723, using the specimen preparation and mounting procedures of ASTM E2231.  1.2. The foam plastic insulation shall not flame, glow, smolder or smoke when tested in accordance with ASTM C411 at the temperature to which they are exposed in service. The test temperature shall not fall below 250°F (121°C).  1.3. The foam plastic insulation complies with the requirements of Section 2603 of the International Building Code.  1.4. The foam plastic insulation is protected against ignition in accordance with the requirements of Section 2603.4.1.6 of the International Building Code.  2. Duct coverings added to the outside of ducts and not contained in plenums, including adhesives where used, shall have a flame spread index not more than 25 and a smoke-developed index not more than 450, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723, using the specimen preparation and mounting procedures of ASTM E2231. Duct coverings and linings shall not flame, glow, smolder or smoke when tested in accordance with ASTM C411 at the temperature to which they are exposed in service. The test temperature shall not fall bel											
	Mechanical, electrical and plumbing controls		607.2.4	New section to specifically prohibit installation of wiring and controls through dampers unless part of the air distribution system	Accept changes	Accept changes	Cost associated with limitation to 4 ft when changeout; possible exception for existing systems?					
	607.2.4 Mechanical, electrical and plumbing controls. Mechanical, electrical and plumbing controls shall not be installed in air duct systems.  Exception: Controls shall be permitted to be installed in air duct systems only if the wiring is directly associated with the air distribution system. The wiring shall comply with the requirements of Section 602 and the total length of such wiring shall not exceed 4 feet (1.2 m).											

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	Controls not permitted to be installed through dampers		607.2.4.1	New section to specifically prohibit installation of wiring and controls through dampers unless permitted by the listing	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				ampers. Mechanical, electrical and plur on dampers unless otherwise permitted			e dampers, smoke
	Through penetrations	607.6.1	607.6.1	The exception now specifies that it does not apply to Groups I-2 and I-3.	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	712.1.9 of the International E  Exception: In occupant meets all of the followir  1. The duct shall b mm) (No. 26 gag  2. The duct shall o  3. The duct shall n (64 516 mm² per  4. The annular spa subjected to AS location of the p  5. Grille openings	Building Code.  Sies other than Gode and gelected gelected and gelected gelect	roups I-2 and I-3, I located within the dwelling unit or ch (102 mm) nom oor area. duct is protected 263 time-temperate time period en g of a fire-resista	a duct is permitted to penetrate three the cavity of a wall and shall be constructed to generate three the cavity of a wall and shall be constructed as sleeping unit and the duct system shall inal diameter and the total area of such with materials that prevent the passage at the conditions under a minimum populivalent to the fire-resistance rating of ance-rated floor/ceiling or roof/ceiling and	floors or less without a sted of steel having a m I be continuous from the ducts shall not exceed ge of flame and hot gas sitive pressure different f the construction pene	fire damper at each floor ini- mum thickness of 0. the unit to the exterior of 100 square inches for an asses sufficient to ignite contial of 0.01 inch (2.49 Patrated.	or provided that it 0187 inch (0.4712 the <i>building</i> . ny 100 square feet otton waste when a) of water at the
		Cha	apter 9 Speci	fic Appliances, Fireplaces and	d Solid Fuel-Burn	ing Equipment	
	General (Incinerators and Crematories	907.1	907.1	Adds a new UL standard specific for factory built cremation furnaces and commercial incinerators	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	incinerators for domestic a	pplications shall	be listed and lab	percial direct-fed incinerators shall be <i>lis</i> beled in accordance with UL 791. Inciner with the manufacturer's instructions.			
	Electric Space Heaters	912		Title was updated, with changes to both 912.1 and 912.2 to specify the correct UL standard and that they must be installed in accordance with mfr instructions	Accept changes	Accept changes	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments					
			SECTION 91	2—INFRARED RADIANT HEATERS ELEC	TRIC SPACE HEATERS							
	912.1 General. Electric infland installed in accordance			ed electric space heaters shall <del>comply v</del> tions.	with UL 499 be listed ar	id <i>labeled</i> in accordance	with UL 2021,					
			•	ition independent of electric supply lin	-							
	912.3 Clearances. Heaters shall be installed with clearances from combustible material in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.											
	Steam Bath Equipment		931	New section with UL standard and "install per mfr instructions"	Accept changes	Accept changes						
	SECTION 931—STEAM BATH EQUIPMENT											
		<b>931.1 General.</b> Steam bath equipment shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 499 and shall be installed in accordance with their listing and the manufacturer's instructions.										
		Cha	apter 10 Boile	ers, Water Heaters and Pressu	ıre Vessels							
Yes	Scope (Boilers, Water Heaters and Pressure Vessels)	1001.1	1001.1	New exception 8 for pressure vessels in appliances and equipment regulated by Chapter 9	Retain state amendment in exception 7 and add new exception 8	Accept changes with state amendment as noted						
	1001.1 Scope. This chapter Exceptions:	r shall govern the	e installation, <i>alte</i>	ration and repair of boilers, water heate	ers and pressure vessels							
		s used for unhea	ted water supply.									
		•		ommerce Commission containers.								
		oulk oxygen and	•	subject (0.14 mg) or less superstin		din 250 manuada na						
				cubic feet (0.14 m <sup>3</sup> ) or less operating ups B, F, H, M, R, S and U.	g at pressures not exc	reeding 250 pounds pe	r square inch (psi)					
		-	-	t are regulated by Chapter 11 of this cod								
				l cables, telephone cables, power cab		humidity control systen	ns.					
				n by federal or state <del>inspectors</del> inspection equipment that are regulated by Chapto								
	o. Tressure vesser.	3 used in specific	дарриансез ана с	New section requires a water	er 5 or triis code.							
	Water heater pan required		1002.4	heater pan where leakage may cause damage	Accept change	Accept changes	See also UPC 507.5					
	<ul> <li>1002.4 Water heater pan required. Where a storage-type water heater or a hot water storage tank is installed in a location where water leakage from the tank will cause damage, the tank shall be installed in a pan constructed of one of the following: <ol> <li>Galvanized steel or aluminum of not less than 0.0236 inch (0.6 mm) in thickness.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Plastic of not less than 0.036 inch (0.9 mm) in thickness constructed of material having a flame spread index of not more than 25 and a smoke-developed index of not more than 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.</li> <li>Other approved materials.</li> </ul>											

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments		
	Safety and relief valve discharge	1006.6	1006.6	Item 7 indicates that the termination of discharge should be readily visible or a leak detection device installed. Item 10 is editorial only. Item 13 changes the reference for piping materials from potable water in the plumbing code to Section 1202 for hydronic piping.	Accept changes	Accept changes			
	<b>1006.6 Safety and relief valve discharge.</b> Safety and relief valve discharge pipes shall be of rigid pipe that is <i>approved</i> for the temperature of the system. High-pressure-steam safety valves shall be vented to the outside of the structure. The discharge piping serving pressure relief valves, temperature relief valves and combinations of such valves shall:								

- 1. Not be directly connected to the drainage system.
- 2. Discharge through an air break located in the same room as the appliance.
- 3. Not be smaller than the diameter of the outlet of the valve served and shall discharge full size to the air break.
- 4. Serve a single relief device and shall not connect to piping serving any other relief device or equipment.
- 5. Discharge to the floor, to the pan serving the boiler or storage tank, to a waste receptor or to the outdoors.
- 6. Discharge in a manner that does not cause personal injury or structural damage.
- 7. Discharge to a termination point that is readily visible and observable by the building occupants. If the discharge termination point is not readily visible and observable, a leak detection monitoring device with alarm notification (and not automatic shut-off) is required.
- 8. Not be trapped.
- 9. Be installed so as to flow by gravity.
- 10. Not terminate Terminate not more than 6 inches (152 mm) above the floor or flood level rim of the waste receptor.
- 11. Not have a threaded connection at the end of such piping.
- 12. Not have valves or tee fittings.
- 13. Be constructed of those materials listed in Section 605.4 of the *International Plumbing Code* or materials tested, rated and approved for such use in accordance with ASME A112.4.1 Utilize piping material complying with Section 1202.

Chapter 11 Refrigeration										
	Cite		U							
Scope (Refrigeration)	1101.1	1101.1	Removed language that was redundant with definition.	Accept changes	Accept changes					
<b>1101.1 Scope.</b> This chapter shall govern the design, installation, construction and repair of <i>refrigeration systems</i> that vaporize and liquefy a fluid during the refrigeration cycle. Permanently installed refrigerant storage systems and other components shall be considered as part of the <i>refrigeration system</i> to which they are attached.										
Refrigerants other than ammonia	1101.1.1	1101.1.1	Editorial, with an added reference to IIAR CO2 for those systems containing CO2	Accept changes	Accept changes					

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	than ammonia <del>, including</del>	<del>oressure vessels</del>	and pressure rel	piping design and installation for syster ief devices, shall comply with this chap also comply with IIAR CO2.			
	Ammonia refrigerant	1101.1.2	1101.1.2	Edited for clarity and adds IIAR 6 as a required standard	Accept changes	Accept changes	
				ng ammonia <del>as the</del> refrigerant shall com equired to comply with this chapter.	pply with IIAR 2 for syst	em design, IIAR 3 for va	lves, IIAR 4 for
	Factory-built equipment and appliances	Table 1101.2	Table 1101.2	Removed the UL standard for refrigeration fittings as redundant to that found in 1107	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Group A2L, A2, A3 and B1 high probability equipment		1101.2.1	New section added for A2L refrigerant reference standards	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	<b>1101.2.1 Group A2L, A2,</b> UL/CSA 60335-2-40 or UL/		probability equi	ipment. High-probability equipment us	sing Group A2L, A2, A3 o	or B1 refrigerant shall o	omply with UL 484,
	Maintenance	1101.6	1101.6	Removed the word "Mechanical" as all refrigeration systems should be maintained.	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	1101.6 Maintenance. Mee excessive corrosion, other			all be maintained in proper operating c	ondition, free from acc	umulations of oil, dirt, v	vaste,
	Changing refrigerant	1101.7	1101.7	Edited to be in line with ASHRAE 15	Accept changes	Accept changes	Costs associated
	pounds (13.6 kg) of any other for the new refrigerant type. accordance with the followin 1. The owner or made where t	r group refrigera Changes of refri g: the owner's aut he owner object	ant shall not be cl gerant in an exist horized agent sha as to the change.	seration systems having a refrigerant circ hanged without prior notification to the ing system to a refrigerant with a differe all be notified prior to making a change se with one of the following:	e code official and comp nt refrigerant designation	pliance with the applica on shall be allowed only	ble code provision where in
	2.1. Writ 2.2. An e	ten instructions	of the original eq e system by a <i>re</i> g	uipment manufacturer.  gistered design professional or by an a	approved agency that v	validates safety and sui	tability of the
				d into the same safety group, requireme	ents that were applicab	ole to the existing system	m shall
	4. Where the rep	lacement refrig		I into a different safety group, the syste Il require code official approval.	m shall comply with th	e requirements of this s	tandard for a new

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	Mixing	1102.2.1	1102.2.1	Edited to be in line with ASHRAE 15	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	designations shall only be mix  1. The addition of a so  2. The resulting mixtue  Exception: Addition of	ed in a system in ac econd refrigeran are does not char a second refriger	ccordance with bot t is allowed by th nge the refrigeran ant is allowed wh	e equipment manufacturer and is in ac	cordance with the man	ufacturer's written instr	uctions.
	Refrigerant classification, amount and OEL	Table 1103.1	Table 1103.1	Updated table and new refrigerants in line with ASHRAE 34 and SSPC34	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	See page 39 for table wi	th new refrigera	ants				
	Refrigeration System Application Requirements	1104	1104	Adds the word "Refrigeration throughout the section for clarity and consistency with ASHRAE 15	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	Air conditioning for human comfort	1104.3.1	1104.3.1	Requires that high probability systems must use A1 or A2L refrigerants, based on requirements in ASHRAE 15. Other refrigerants can be used if under 6.6 lbs for res or 22 lbs for commercial.	Accept changes	Adopt updates	
	Table 1103.1, Group B1, B2 is human comfort shall use Gr  Exceptions:  1. Equipment lister	and B3 refrigeran oup A1 or A2L re ed for and used in ed for and used in	ets shall not be us frigerant. residential occup	n industrial occupancies where the quar- sed in high-probability systems for air co pancies containing a maximum of 6.6 po supancies containing a maximum of 22 p	ounds (3 kg) of refrigera	<del>comfort.</del> High-probabilit nt.	
	Group A2, A3, B2 and B3 refrigerants	1104.3.2	1104.3.2	Non-industrial use is deleted and the remainder updated for the use of A3 and B3 refrigerants consistent with ASHRAE 15.	Accept changes	Accept changes	
	quantity of refrigerant in an	<del>y independent re</del>	efrigerant circuit	I B3 refrigerants. Group A2 and B2 refeexceeds the amount shown in Table 110 used in high-probability systems. Group	94.3.2. Group Λ3 and B3	refrigerants shall not be	used except

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments	
	<ol> <li>Listed self-contain</li> <li>Industrial occupan</li> <li>Equipment listed</li> </ol>	ere the floor area p ned systems havion ncies. for and used in re	per occupant is no ng a maximum of sidential <i>occupal</i>	ot less than 100 square feet (9.3 m²). 0.331 pounds (150 g) of Group A3 refrig ncies containing a maximum of 6.6 pour	nds (3 kg) of Group A2 o			
	Maximum permissible quantities of refrigerants	Table 1104.3.2	NA	The table is no longer necessary with the changes to ammonia refrigerant requirements and ASHRAE 15.	Accept changes	Accept changes		
	Class 2 and 3 refrigerants	1106.3	1106.3	Replaced "Flammable" with "Class 2 and 3" and removed the exception as A2L is not in these classes. Consistent with ASHRAE 15.	Accept changes	Accept changes		
	1106.3 Flammable Class 2 and 3 refrigerants. Where refrigerants of Groups A2, A3, B2 and B3 are used, the machinery room shall conform to the Class hazardous location classification requirements of NFPA 70.  Exception: Machinery rooms for systems containing Group A2L refrigerants that are provided with ventilation in accordance with Section 1106.4.							
	Group A2L and B2L refrigerants	1106.4	1106.4	Deleted existing text and replace with a scoping section for A2I and B2L machinery rooms with new subsections 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 consistent with the requirements of ASHRAE 15.	Accept changes	Accept changes		
	refrigerants that do not cont comply with Sections 1106.	form to the Class 4.1 through 1106 oms conforming to	<del>l, Division 2, haza</del> .4.3.	t machinery rooms refrigerants. Machinerdous location electrical requirements of the science of	of NFPA 70, as permitted	by the exception to Secti	<del>on 1106.3,</del> shall	
	Ventilation system activation	1106.4.1		Text from 2021 deleted in its entirety based on changes in ASHRAE 15 for A2L and B2L refrigerants	Accept changes	Accept changes		
	be in accordance with Secti	<del>on 605.8 of the <i>In</i></del>	<del>ternational Fire (</del>	activated by the refrigerant detection so Code and all of the following: neentration of 25 percent of the LFL.	<del>system in the <i>machiner</i>y</del>	<i>,</i> / room. Refrigerant detec	tion systems shall	

State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #		Summary	2024 St Recommen		2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	2. Upon activation, the d	etection system	shall activate the	emergency	ventilation system require	ed by Section 11	06.4.2.		
	3. The detection, signalir	ng and control ci	rcuits shall be su	<del>pervised.</del>					
	Elevated temperatures	1106.2	1106.4.1	Relocate	d section	Accept char	nges	Accept changes	
	1106.2 1106.4.1 Elevated to permanently installed in the		Open flame-prod	ducing devi	ces or continuously opera	ting hot surface	es over 12	290°F (700°C) shall not b	e
	Emergency ventilation system	1106.4.2		with new	t deleted and replaced ventilation ents from ASHRAE 15	Accept dele	etion	Accept changes	
	1106.4.2 Emergency ventil Shutdown of the emergency					e minimum exh	aust rate	specified in ASHRAE 15 (	or Table 1106.4.2
	Refrigerant detector		1106.4.2	of ventila	E 15 requires two levels ation based on the e of the refrigerant	Accept char	nge	Accept changes	
	1106.4.2 Refrigerant detection accordance with the response					tors shall signa	l an alarm	and activate the ventil	ation system in
Yes	Minimum Exhaust Rates	Table 1106.4.2			and replaced with new sed on ASHRAE 15	Accept dele amendment longer need	t no	Accept changes	
	Group A2L and B2L detector activation		Table 1106.4.2	levels of	e based on the two ventilation required by E 15small leak vs. k	Accept char	nge	Accept changes	
		TABLE 1	106.4.2—GROUP	A2L and B2L	DETECTOR ACTIVATION				
	ACTIVATION	I LEVEL	RESPON	IMUM ISE TIME onds)	ASHRAE 15 VENTILATION (seconds)	ALARM RESET	ALARM	ТҮРЕ	
	Less than or equal to the O	EL in Table 1103.1		300	1	Automatic	Trou	ble	
	Less than or equal to the re concentration level in Tabl			15	2	Manual	Emerge	ency	
	Emergency ventilation	1106.4.3	NA		t deleted and replaced ventilation	Accept dele	etion	Accept changes	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments				
	Mechanical ventilation		1106.4.3	Referral to ASHRAE 15 for the mechanical ventilation system requirements	Accept change	Accept changes					
	<b>1106.4.3 Mechanical ventilation.</b> The <i>machinery room</i> shall have a mechanical ventilation system complying with ASHRAE 15.										
	Piping	1107.1	1107.1	Simplified language and removed references to ammonia	Accept change	Accept changes					
	<b>1107.1 Piping.</b> Refrigerant p for R-717 (ammonia) refriger			<del>7 (ammonia) systems</del> shall conform to <del>IAR 2.</del>	the requirements in this	section. <del>Piping material</del>	<del>l and installations</del>				
	Refrigerant Pipe	Table 1107.4	Table 1107.4	Added standard for steel pipe	Accept change	Accept changes					
	Refrigerant Pipe Fittings	Table 1107.5	Table 1107.5	Added "and copper alloy (brass)"	Accept change	Accept changes					
	Flexible connectors, expansion and vibration compensators	1107.7	1107.7	Provides more detail for the listing requirements	Accept change	Accept changes					
				npensators. Flexible connectors and entire the components are installed.	expansion and vibration	n control devices shall	be <i>listed</i> and				
	Brass (copper alloy) pipe	1108.5	NA	Removed the section as it is redundant with 1108.6; Subsequent sections renumbered	Accept deletion	Accept changes					
	Refrigerant pipe enclosure	1109.2.2	1109.2.2	Added a section for outside the building, consistent with ASHRAE 15	Accept change	Accept changes					
	<ol> <li>1109.2.2 Refrigerant pipe enclosure. Refrigerant piping shall be protected by locating it within the building elements or within protective enclosures.</li> <li>Exception: Piping protection within the building elements or protective enclosure shall not be required in any of the following locations:         <ol> <li>Where installed without ready access or located more than 7 feet 3 inches (2210 mm) above the finished floor.</li> <li>Where located within 6 feet (1829 mm) of the refrigerant unit or appliance.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Where located in a machinery room complying with Section 1105.</li> <li>Outside the building:         <ol> <li>Where protected from damage from the weather, including but not limited to hail, ice and snow loads.</li> <li>Where protected from damage within the expected foot or traffic path.</li> <li>Where installed underground not less than 8 inches (200 mm) below finished grade and protected against corrosion.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>										
	Prohibited location	1109.2.3	1109.2.3	Added "Exposed" to "within an interior exit stair"	Accept change	Accept changes					

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments					
	<ol> <li>Exposed within a fire-resistance-rated exit access corridor.</li> <li>Exposed within an interior exit stairway.</li> <li>Within an interior exit ramp.</li> <li>Within an exit passageway.</li> <li>Within an elevator, dumbwaiter or other shaft containing a moving object.</li> </ol>											
	Exposed piping surface temperature	1109.2.6	1109.2.6	Specifies that the section only applies where "ready access" can be by unauthorized personnel.	Accept change	Accept changes						
	1109.2.6 Exposed piping surface temperature. Exposed piping having surface temperatures greater than 120°F (49°C) or less than 5°F (-15°C) with ready access to nonauthorized personnel shall be protected from contact or shall have thermal insulation that limits the exposed insulation surface temperature to a range of 5°F (-15°C) to 120°F (49°C).											
	Pipe identification	1109.2.7	1109.2.7	Marking for A2L and B2L piping was modified to meet ASHRAE 15 requirements	Accept change	Accept changes						
	identification shall be locat identification label shall be piping system. For Group A2 Group A2, A3, B2 and B3 refr	ed at intervals in the state of	not exceeding 20 m). The identifica erants, the identi entification shall a	is other than the room or space where the feet (6096 mm) on the refrigerant pition shall indicate the refrigerant designation shall also include the following also include the following statement: "I he following statement: "DANGER—To	iping or pipe insulation gnation and safety grous statement: "WARNING DANGER—Risk of Fire of	n. The minimum height of up classification of refrig —Risk of Fire. Flammable	of lettering of the gerant used in the Refrigerant." For					
	Installation requirements for A2, A3, B2 or B3 refrigerant	1109.3	1109.3	For consistency with ASHRAE 15. A2, A3, B2 and B3 were combined with A2L and B2L within ASHRAE 15.	Accept change	Accept changes						
	1109.3 Installation require with the requirements of Sec			PL, B2 or B3 refrigerant. Piping system	ns using Group A2L, A2,	A3, B2L, B2 or B3 refrige	erant shall comply					
	Protection against physical damage	1109.3.1	1109.3.1	Added A2, A3, B2, and B3 per the previous change	Accept change	Accept changes						
	1109.3.1 Pipe protection against physical damage. In addition to the requirements of Section 305.5, aluminum, copper and steel tube used for Group A2, A3, B2 and B3 refrigerants and located in concealed locations where tubing is installed in studs, joists, rafters or similar member spaces, and located less than 1 1/4 11/4 inches (32 mm) from the nearest edge of the member, shall be continuously protected by shield plates. Protective steel shield plates having a minimum thickness of 0.0575 inch shall cover the area of the tube plus the area extending not less than 2 inches (51 mm) beyond both sides of the tube.											
	Shield plates		1109.3.1.1	The requirement located previously in 1109.3.1 was moved to its own section	Accept change	Accept changes						

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments			
	<b>1109.3.1.1 Shield plates.</b> Sl	nield plates shal	l be of steel mater	rial having a thickness of not less than 0	0.0575 inch (1.46 mm) (N	No. 16 gage).				
	Shaft ventilation	1109.3.2	1109.3.2	With the combining of A2 and A2L et al, specific ventilation requirements for A2, A3, B2 and B3 were added in this section from 1109.4.2	Accept change	Accept changes				
	1109.3.2 Shaft ventilation. Refrigerant pipe shafts with systems using Group A2L or B2L refrigerant shall be naturally or mechanically ventilated. Refrigerant pipe shafts with one or more systems using any Group A2, A3, B2 or B3 refrigerant shall be continuously mechanically ventilated and shall include a refrigerant detector. The shaft ventilation exhaust outlet shall comply with Section 501.3.1. Naturally ventilated shafts shall have a pipe, duct or conduit not less than 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter that connects to the lowest point of the shaft and extends to the outdoors. The pipe, duct or conduit shall be level or pitched downward to the outdoors. Mechanically ventilated shafts shall have a minimum airflow velocity in accordance with Table 1109.3.2. The mechanical ventilation shall be continuously operated or activated by a refrigerant detector. Systems utilizing a refrigerant detector shall activate the mechanical ventilation at a maximum refrigerant concentration of 25 percent of the lower flammable limit of the refrigerant. The detector, or a sampling tube that draws air to the detector, shall be located in an area where refrigerant from a leak will concentrate. The shaft shall not be required to be ventilated for double-wall refrigerant pipe where the interstitial space of the double-wall pipe is vented to the outdoors.									
	Installation requirements for A2, A3, B2 or B3 refrigerant	1109.4/110 9.4.1/ 1109.4.2	NA	These sections were removed. For consistency with ASHRAE 15. A2, A3, B2 and B3 were combined with A2L and B2L within ASHRAE 15. Subsequent sections renumbered	Accept deletion	Accept changes				
	Condensate control	1109.7	NA	It was felt this section was unenforceable.	Accept deletion	Accept changes				
	air, and are located in space	<del>s or areas wher</del> c	condensation ha	that, during normal operation, will reads the potential to cause a safety hazare d in an <i>approved</i> manner to prevent da	d to the building occup	<del>ants, structure, electrica</del>				
	Field test gasses	1110.3	1110.3	Adds an allowance for the use of premixed nitrogen with a tracer gas, or hydrogen or helium. Consistency with ASHRAE 15	Accept change	Accept changes				
	<b>1110.3 Field test gases.</b> The medium used for field pressure testing the <i>refrigeration system</i> shall be one of the following inert gases: oxygen-free nitrogen, helium argon or premixed nonflammable oxygen-free nitrogen with a tracer gas of hydrogen or helium. For R-744 refrigeration systems, carbon dioxide shall be allowed as the test medium. For R-718 <i>refrigeration systems</i> , water shall be allowed as the test medium.									
	Test gases not permitted		1110.3.1	Moved portion of former section to a new subsection	Accept change	Accept changes				
	1110.3.1 Test gases not per	rmitted. Oxyger	n, air, refrigerants	other than those identified in Section 2	1110.3, combustible ga	ses and mixtures contai	ning such gases			

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments	
	shall not be used as the pres	sure test mediu	m.					
	Factory test procedure		1110.4	Aligns requirements for test gases with ASHRAE 15	Accept change	Accept changes		
	them shall not be used. The	means used to	build up the test	med with dry nitrogen or other nonflam pressure shall have either a pressure- the test pressure but low enough to	limiting device or a pre-	ssure-reducing device a	nd a gauge on the	
	<b>Exceptions:</b>							
	<ol> <li>Mixtures of dry nitrogen, inert gases or a combination of them with Class 1 refrigerant in concentrations of a refrigerant weight fraction (mass fraction) n exceeding 5 percent shall be permitted for tests.</li> <li>Mixtures of dry nitrogen, inert gases or a combination of them with Class 2L, Class 2 and Class 3 refrigerants in concentrations not exceeding the lower or refrigerant weight fraction (mass fraction) of 5 percent or 25 percent of the LFL shall be permitted for tests.</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>Compressed air without added refrigerants shall be permitted for tests, provided that the <i>refrigeration system</i> is subsequently evacuated to less than microns (0.1333 kPa) before charging with refrigerant. The required evacuation level is atmospheric pressure for <i>refrigeration systems</i> using R-718 (v or R-744 (carbon dioxide) as the refrigerant.</li> </ol>							
4. Systems erected on the premises using Group A1 refrigerant and with copper tubing not exceeding 0.62 of an inch (15.7 mm) outs tested by means of the refrigerant charged into the system at the saturated vapor pressure of the refrigerant at not less than 68°F (20							diameter shall be	
	Piping system strength test	1110.5	1110.6	Rewritten for consistency with ASHRAE 15	Accept change	Accept changes		
	pressure side and high-press Refrigeration system compo system are permitted, provio the lowest design pressure f determination of test pressu system component with a na Refrigerant piping and 1. The system shall be device(s). The desig vessel or other syste not show loss of pre- 1110.3, the test press	nents and refrig ded that all requior any system of re shall be the pameplate. A pass tubing greater to pressurized for an pressures for m component we ssure on the test sure shall be no icrons shall be	piping system. The erant piping shall ired portions are component or (b) pressure identified sing test result she han 3/4 inch (19 m a period of not letesting shall be the exity and the sale pressure measure these than the sale achieved. After a sale inchieved.	The refrigerant piping system shall be be refrigerant piping system shall be tested in accordance with ASME B3 tested at least once. Pressurize with tested at least once. Pressurize with tested at least once. Pressurize with tested lowest value of set pressure for any don the label nameplate of the condensall have no rupture or structural failure am) in diameter shall be tested in accordess than 60 minutes to not less than the pressure listed on the label nameple. Additional test gas shall not be addeding device during the pressure test. Wituration dew point pressure at 77°F (2: achieving a vacuum, the system shall to minutes.	sted in accordance with 31.5 or this section. Sep est gas for a minimum of a pressure relief devices using unit, compressor, e of any system compondance with ASHRAE 15. e lower of the design prate of the condensing ut to the system after the here using refrigerant as 5°C).	both of the following marate tests for isolated por a comparate tests for isolated por 10 minutes to not less the inthe system. The design compressor unit, pressurent or refrigerant piping.  The sessures or the setting of the compressor, compressor, compressor, compressor that of the pressure tests a test medium in according to the compressor of the pressure tests a test medium in according to the compressor of the pressure tests a test medium in according to the compressor of the pressure tests at test medium in according to the compressor of the compressor of the compressor of the pressure tests at test medium in according to the compressor of the co	ethods: ortions of the nan the lower of (a) n pressures for re vessel or other  f the pressure relief essor unit, pressure at. The system shall dance with Section	
	Joints and refrigerant containing parts in air ducts Limited charge systems Booster compressor Centrifugal/nonpositive	1110.5.1 1110.5.2 1110.6 1110.7	NA	Sections removed based on changes to ASHRAE 15	Accept deletion	Accept deletion		

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	displacement compressors						
		Cha	apter 12 Hydr	onic Piping			
	Scope	1201.1	1201.1	Adds items included in chapter but previously left out of the scoping	Accept change	Accept changes	
	<b>1201.1 Scope.</b> The provisions of this chapter shall govern the construction, installation, <i>alteration</i> and repair of hydronic piping systems. This chapter shall apply to hydronic piping systems that are part of heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems. Such piping systems shall include steam, hot water, radiant heating, radiant cooling, chilled water, steam condensate, ground source heat pump loop systems, and snow- and ice-melting. Potable cold and hot water distribution systems shall be installed in accordance with the <i>International Plumbing Code</i> .						
	Hydronic Pipe	Table 1202.4	Table 1202.4	Adds stainless steel tubing and adds a new ASTM standard for stainless steel pipe; removes lead	Accept change	Accept changes	
	Hydronic Pipe Fittings	Table 1202.5	Table 1202.5	Adds stainless steel and new standards for copper, PE-RT, PEX and steel	Accept change	Accept changes	
	[Joint preparation and installation]	1203.3.4	1203.3.4	Allows the use of green solvent cement for higher contrast upon inspection	Accept change	Accept changes	
	<ul> <li>1203.3.4 Solvent-cemented joints. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free from moisture. An approved primer shall be applied to CPVC and PVC pipe-joint Joints shall be made while the cement is wet. Solvent cement conforming to the following standards shall be applied to all joint surfaces: <ol> <li>ASTM D2235 for ABS joints.</li> <li>ASTM F493 for CPVC joints.</li> <li>ASTM D2564 for PVC joints.</li> </ol> </li> <li>CPVC joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2846.</li> <li>Exception: For CPVC pipe joint connections, a primer is not required where all of the following conditions apply: <ol> <li>The solvent cement used is third-party certified as conforming to ASTM F493.</li> <li>The solvent cement is yellow or green in color.</li> <li>The solvent cement is used only for joining ¹/₂-inch (12.7 mm) through 2-inch (51 mm) diameter CPVC pipe and fittings.</li> <li>The CPVC pipe or fittings are manufactured in accordance with ASTM D2846</li> </ol> </li></ul>					pe-joint surfaces.	
	Polybutylene plastic pipe and tubing	1203.9/ 1203.9.1	NA	Removed as PB is no longer in use; subsequent sections renumbered	Accept change	Accept changes	
	Stainless steel pipe		1203.13	Added new section to include stainless steel in hydronic systems	Accept change	Accept changes	

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	1203.13 Stainless steel   shall be threaded or welde			eel pipe or fittings shall be mechanic 03.3.	al joints that are made	e with an <i>approved</i> elast	omeric seal, or
	Stainless steel tubing		1203.14	Added new section to include stainless steel in hydronic systems	Accept change	Accept changes	
	1203.14 Stainless steel tubing. Joints between stainless steel tubing or fittings shall be mechanical or welded joints conforming to Section 1203.3.						
	Where required (valves)	1205.1	1205.1	adds "Access shall be provided to all full open valves and shutoff valves."	Accept change	Accept changes	
	<b>1205.1 Where required.</b> Shutoff valves shall be installed in hydronic piping systems in the locations indicated in Sections 1205.1.1 through 1205.1.6. <i>Access</i> shall be provided to all full-open valves and shutoff valves.						
	Materials (embedded pipe)	1209.1	1209.1	Removes PB from materials list	Accept change	Accept changes	
	PB joints	1209.3.3	NA	Removes PB specs; subsequent sections renumbered	Accept change	Accept changes	
	Radiant tubing placement		1209.6, 1209.6.1, 1209.6.2, 1209.6.3, Table 1209.6.1	New sections and table detailing proper installation of radiant heating and cooling tubing	Accept change	Accept changes	

**1209.6 Radiant tubing placement.** Hydronic tubing to be embedded for the purpose of radiant heating or cooling shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and with the tube layout and spacing in accordance with the system design. Individual tubing circuit lengths shall be installed with a variance of not more than ±10 percent from the design.

**1209.6.1 Radiant tubing circuit length.** The maximum circuit length of radiant tubing from a supply-and-return manifold shall not exceed the lengths specified by the system design or, in the absence of manufacturer's specifications, the lengths specified in Table 1209.6.1.

TABLE 1209.6.1—MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH OF RADIANT TUBING FROM A SUPPLY-AND-RETURN MANIFOLD ARRANGEMENT			
NOMINAL TUBE SIZE	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (feet)		
1/4	125		
5/16	200		
3/8	250		
1/2	300		
5/8	400		
3/4	500		

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
		1			750		
	For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.						
	length of each circuit an	d the areas serve	ed.	radiant tubing circuit shall have a tag	-		
	Snow and ice melt tubing placement		1209.7, 1209.7.1, 1209.7.2, Table 1209.7.1	New sections and table detailing proper installation of snow melt systems	Accept change	Accept changes	
				ubing to be embedded for the purpos			led in accordance
				e tube layout and spacing in accordand se maximum circuit length of snow- a			nanifold shall not
				the absence of manufacturer's specifi			
	circuit lengths shall be i	nstalled with a v	ariance of not mo	ore than ±10 percent from the design.			
		1	TABLE 1209.7.1—I	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH OF SNOW-	AND		
		ICE-MEL	T TUBING FROM A	A SUPPLY-AND-RETURN MANIFOLD ARR			
		NOMINAL TUB	E SIZE	MAXII	MUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (feet)		
		1/2			140		
		5/8			250		
		3/4			325		
	For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.	1			475		
	13. 3.1 1000 30 1.0 11111.						
	<b>1209.7.2 Snow- and ice-</b> representative of the <i>but</i>		vings. The snow-	and ice-melt tubing drawings and desig	gn report shall be provide	ed to the <i>building</i> owner	or the designated
	Ground source loop pipe	Table 1210.4	Table 1210.4	Adds new standard for PEX	Accept change	Accept changes	
	Ground source loop pipe fittings	Table 1210.5	Table 1210.5	Adds new standards for PEX, PE-RT	Accept change	Accept changes	
	Joints	1210.6	1210.6	Editorial only	Accept change	Accept changes	
		Cha	apter 15 Refe	renced Standards			

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC #	2024 IMC #	Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
	The following standards	were updated:					
		AHRI 700; AMCA 550, 2 ANSI Z21.1, ASHRAE 15, ASME B1.1, B16.18, B16. 1; ASSE 1061, ASSP Z359. ASTM A53/5: A181/181M, A254/254M, A395/395M, B75/75M, B8 D1785, D223 D2683, D273 E2231, E223 F714, F876, I F1974, F2080 F2769, F2800 AWS A5.8M/ AWWA C110 CPSC Title 1 CSA C448 SI B137.9, B137 ICC IBC, IEC ICC 901/SRO	Z21.8; ,34, 62.1, 170; B1.13, B1.20.1 22, B16.24, B1 1079; 1; 3M, A105/105M A193/193M, A2 A269/269M, A3 A420/420M, A5 8, B280, B819, 95, D2241, D24 67, D2846/2846 66, F437, F439, F877, F1281, F 00, F2098, F215 66, F2855, F322 A5.8 D/A21.10, C115, 5; eries, B137.1, E 7.10, B137.11, C, IFC, IFGC, I	A, A106/106M, A126, 34/234M, A240/240M, 12/312M, A334.334M, 36, B32, B42, B43, B68/68M, C315, C411, D56, D93, D1693, 12, D2466, D2467, D2564, M, D3035, D3278, E119, E136, F441/441M, F442/442M, F493, 1476, F1807, F1924, F1960, 9, F2389, F2464, F2623, F2735, 6/3226M, F3253; F2735, C91; B137.2, B137.3, B137.5, B137.6, B137.18 RC, ICC 900/SRCC Std 300,	Accept all changes	Accept changes	
		262, 286, 704 NSF 14, 358. SMACNA 00 UL 103, 109, 391, 427, 477 710, 710B, 73 959, 1240, 13 1978, 1996, 2 2846, 60335-	4; 1, 358.2, 358.3 2, 005, 006; 127, 174, 180, 1, 484, 499, 507 23, 732. 791, 8; 369, 1479, 1482	181, 207, 263, 268, 268A, 343, 7, 508, 536, 555C, 555S, 705, 34, 842, 858. 864, 867, 875, 923, 2, 1563, 1777, 1812, 1815, 1887, 58, 2158A, 2162, 2200, 2518,			
	The following standards	are <b>new</b> :					

Existing State Amendment	Title or Subject	2021 IMC # 2024 IMC #		Summary	2024 Staff Recommendation	2024 TAG Member Recommendation	Other Comments
		A778/A778M, F3347, F3348; C22.2 No. 62282-3-100; <b>IIAR</b>		ACCA 183; ASTM A333/A333M, t;CSA C22.2 No. 62282-2-100, R 6 SMACNA 022 Phenolic duct Fibrous glass duct construction	2.2 No. 62282-2-100, Accept all added standards		
New Appen	New Appendices						
	New Appendix D Clean Air Delivery			Requires MERV 13 filers in Group A, B, E and I	Do not adopt/conflicts with Section 605.4	Do not adopt	
	New Appendix E Clean Air Delivery and Monitoring		Required CO2 sensors for every 500 square feet of occupiable space in Groups A, B, E and I	Do not adopt statewide/can be adopted locally by AHJ	Do not adopt		

## **CHAPTER 11: REFRIGERATION**

1101.2.1 Group A2L, A2, A3 and B1 high-probability equipment.

High-probability equipment using Group A2L, A2, A3, or B1 refrigerant shall comply with UL 484, UL/CSA 60335-2-40, or UL/CSA 60335-2-89.

	TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERANT CLASSIFICATION, AMOUNT AND OEL												
CHEMICAL REFRIGERANT	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				OF REFRIG				(F) DEGREES OF		
REFRIGERANT			CLASSIFICATION		RCL			LFL		OEL	HAZARD <sup>a</sup>		
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	ppm			
R-11 <sup>c</sup>	CCl₃F	trichlorofluoromethane	A1	0.39	1,100	6.26.1	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-12 <sup>c</sup>	$CCl_2F_2$	dichlorodifluoromethane	A1	5.6	18,000	90	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-13 <sup>c</sup>	CClF <sub>3</sub>	chlorotrifluoromethane	A1	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-13B1 <sup>c</sup>	CBrF <sub>3</sub>	bromotrifluoromethane	A1	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-13l1	CF <sub>3</sub> I	trifluoroiodomethane	A1	1.0	2,000	16	_	_	_	500	_		
R-14	CF <sub>4</sub>	tetrafluoromethane (carbon tetrafluoride)	A1	25	110,000	400	-	-	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-22	CHClF <sub>2</sub>	chlorodifluoromethane	A1	13	59,000	210	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-23	CHF <sub>3</sub>	trifluoromethane (fluoroform)	A1	7.3	41,000	120	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-30	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	dichloromethane (methylene chloride)	B1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
R-31	CH <sub>2</sub> ClF	chlorofluoromethane	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
R-32	CH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	difluoromethane (methylene fluoride)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	4.8	36,000	77	19.1	144,000	306	1,000	1-4-0		
R-40	CH <sub>3</sub> Cl	chloromethane (methyl chloride)	B2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
R-41	CH₃F	fluoromethane (methyl fluoride)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
R-50	CH <sub>4</sub>	methane	A3	_	_	_	_	50,000	_	1,000	_		
R-113 <sup>c</sup>	CCl <sub>2</sub> FCClF <sub>2</sub>	1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	A1	1.2	2,600	20	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-114 <sup>c</sup>	CClF <sub>2</sub> CClF <sub>2</sub>	1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane	A1	8.7	20,000	140	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-115	CClF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	chloropentafluoroethane	A1	47	120,000	760	_	_	_	1,000	_		
R-116	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	hexafluoroethane	A1	34	97,000	550	_	_	_	1,000	1-0-0		
R-123	CHCl <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane	B1	3.5	9,100	57	_	_	_	50	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-124	CHClFCF <sub>3</sub>	2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane	A1	3.5	10,000	56	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-125	CHF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	pentafluoroethane	A1	23	75,000	370	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-134a	CH <sub>2</sub> FCF <sub>3</sub>	1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane	A1	13	50,000	210	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-141b	CH <sub>3</sub> CCl <sub>2</sub> F	1,1-dichloro-1-fluoroethane	_	0.78	2,600	12	17.8	60,000	287	500	2-1-0		
R-142b	CH <sub>3</sub> CClF <sub>2</sub>	1-chloro-1, 1-difluoroethane	A2	5.1	20,000	82	20.4	80,000	329	1,000	2-4-0		
R-143a	CH <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	1,1,1-trifluoroethane	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>4.5</del> 4.4	21,000	70	17.5	82,000	282	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>		
R-152a	CH <sub>3</sub> CHF <sub>2</sub>	1,1-difluoroethane	A2	2.0	12,000	32	8.1	48,000	130	1,000	1-4-0		

TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERANT CLASSIFICATION, AMOUNT AND OEL—continued												
CHEMICAL	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				OF REFRIG				(F) DEGREES	
REFRIGERANT			CLASSIFICATION		RCL			LFL		OEL	OF HAZARD <sup>a</sup>	
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	ppm		
R-170	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	ethane	A3	0.54	7,000	8.6	2.4	31,000	38	1,000	2-4-0	
R-E170	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub>	Methoxymethane (dimethyl ether)	A3	1.0	8,500	16	4.0	34,000	64	1,000	_	
R-218	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	octafluoropropane	A1	43	90,000	690	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-227ea	CF <sub>3</sub> CHFCF <sub>3</sub>	1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropane	A1	36	84,000	580	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-236fa	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane	A1	21	55,000	340	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-245fa	CHF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane	B1	12	34,000	190				300	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-290	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	propane	A3	<del>0.56</del> 0.59	5,300	9.5	2.4	21,000	38	1,000	2-4-0	
R-C318	-(CF <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> -	octafluorocyclobutane	A1	41	80,000	<del>660</del> 650	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-400 <sup>c</sup>	zeotrope	R-12/114 (50.0/50.0)	A1	10	28,000	160	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-400 <sup>c</sup>	zeotrope	R-12/114 (60.0/40.0)	A1	11	30,000	170	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-401A	zeotrope	R-22/152a/124 (53.0/13.0/34.0)	A1	6.6	27,000	110	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-401B	zeotrope	R-22/152a/124 (61.0/11.0/28.0)	A1	7.2	30,000	120	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-401C	zeotrope	R-22/152a/124 (33.0/15.0/52.0)	A1	5.2	20,000	84	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-402A	zeotrope	R-125/290/22 (60.0/2.0/38.0)	A1	17	66,000	270	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-402B	zeotrope	R-125/290/22 (38.0/2.0/60.0)	A1	15	63,000	240	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-403A	zeotrope	R-290/22/218 (5.0/75.0/20.0)	A2	7.6	33,000	120	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-403B	zeotrope	R-290/22/218 (5.0/56.0/39.0)	A1	18	<del>70,000</del> 68,000	290	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-404A	zeotrope	R-125/143a/134a (44.0/52.0/4.0)	A1	31	130,000	500	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-405A	zeotrope	R-22/152a/142b/C318 (45.0/7.0/5.5/42.5)	_	16	57,000	260	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-406A	zeotrope	R-22/600a/142b (55.0/4.0/41.0)	A2	4.7	21,000	<del>25</del> 75	18.8	82,000	301.9	1,000	_	
R-407A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (20.0/40.0/40.0)	A1	19	83,000	300	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-407B	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (10.0/70.0/20.0)	A1	21	79,000	330	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-407C	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (23.0/25.0/52.0)	A1	18	81,000	290	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-407D	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (15.0/15.0/70.0)	A1	16	68,000	250	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-407E	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (25.0/15.0/60.0)	A1	17	80,000	280	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-407F	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (30.0/30.0/40.0)	A1	20	95,000	320	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-407G	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (2.5/2.5/95.0)	A1	13	52,000	210	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-407H	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a (32.5/15.0/52.5)	A1	19	92,000	300	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-407I	zeotrope	R-32/125/124a (19.5/8.5/72.0)	A1	16	71,100	250	_	_	_	1,000	_	
R-408A	zeotrope	R-125/143a/22 (7.0/46.0/47.0)	A1	21	<del>95,000</del> 94,000	<del>340</del> 330	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	
R-409A	zeotrope	R-22/124/142b (60.0/25.0/15.0)	A1	7.1	29,000	110	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>	

TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERANT CLASSIFICATION, AMOUNT AND OEL—continued											
CHEMICAL REFRIGERANT	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				OF REFRIG				(F) DEGREES OF
REFRIGERANI			CLASSIFICATION		RCL			LFL		OEL	HAZARD <sup>a</sup>
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	ppm	
R-409B	zeotrope	R-22/124/142b (65.0/25.0/10.0)	A1	7.3	30,000	120	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-410A	zeotrope	R-32/125 (50.0/50.0)	A1	26	140,000	420	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-410B	zeotrope	R-32/125 (45.0/55.0)	A1	27	140,000	430	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-411A	zeotrope	R-127/22/152a (1.5/87.5/11.0)	A2	2.9	14,000	46	11.6	55,000	185.6	<del>990</del> 970	_
R-411B	zeotrope	R-1270/22/152a (3.0/94.0/3.0)	A2	2.8	13,000	45	14.8	70,000	238.3	<del>980</del> 940	_
R-412A	zeotrope	R-22/218/142b (70.0/5.0/25.0)	A2	5.1	22,000	82	20.5	87,000	328.6	1,000	_
R-413A	zeotrope	R-218/134a/600a (9.0/88.0/3.0)	A2	5.8	22,000	<del>94</del> 93	23.4	88,000	374.9	1,000	_
R-414A	zeotrope	R-22/124/600a/142b (51.0/28.5/4.0/16.5)	A1	6.4	26,000	100	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-414B	zeotrope	R-22/124/600a/142b (50.0/39.0/1.5/9.5)	A1	6.0	23,000	<del>95</del> 96	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-415A	zeotrope	R-22/152a (82.0/18.0)	A2	2.9	14,000	47	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-415B	zeotrope	R-22/152a (25.0/75.0)	A2	2.1	12,000	34	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-416A	zeotrope	R-134a/124/600 (59.0/39.5/1.5)	A1	3.9	14,000	62	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-417A	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600 (46.6/50.0/3.4)	A1	3.5	13,000	<del>56</del> 55	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-417B	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600 (79.0/18.3/2.7)	A1	4.3	15,000	<del>70</del> 69	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-417C	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600 (19.5/78.8/1.7)	A1	5.4	21,000	87	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-418A	zeotrope	R-290/22/152a (1.5/96.0/2.5)	A2	4.8	22,000	77	19.2	89,000	308.4	1,000	_
R-419A	zeotrope	R-125/134a/E170 (77.0/19.0/4.0)	A2	4.2	15,000	67	16.7	60,000	268.6	1,000	_
R-419B	zeotrope	R-125/134a/E170 (48.5/48.0/3.5)	A2	4.6	17,000	74	18.5	69,000	297.3	1,000	_
R-420A	zeotrope	R-134a/142b (88.0/12.0)	A1	12	<del>45,000</del> 44,000	<del>190</del> 180	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-421A	zeotrope	R-125/134a (58.0/42.0)	A1	17	61,000	280	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-421B	zeotrope	R-125/134a (85.0/15.0)	A1	21	69,000	330	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-422A	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a (85.1/11.5/3.4)	A1	18	63,000	290	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-422B	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a (55.0/42.0/3.0)	A1	16	56,000	250	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-422C	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a (82.0/15.0/3.0)	A1	18	62,000	290	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-422D	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a (65.1/31.5/3.4)	A1	16	58,000	260	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-422E	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a (58.0/39.3/2.7)	A1	16	57,000	260	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-423A	zeotrope	R-134a/227ea (52.5/47.5)	A1	19	59,000	<del>310</del> 300	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-424A	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a/600/601a (50.5/47.0/0.9/1.0/0.6)	A1	6.2	23,000	100	_	_	_	970 990	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-425A	zoetrope	R-32/134a/227ea (18.5/69.5/12.0)	A1	16	72,000	260	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-426A	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600a/601a (5.1/93.0/1.3/0.6)	A1	5.2	20,000	83	_	_	_	990	_
R-427A	zeotrope	R-32/125/143a/134a (15.0/25.0/10.0/50.0)	A1	18	79,000	290	_	_	_	1,000	2-1-0

TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERANT CLASSIFICATION, AMOUNT AND OEL—continued											
CHEMICAL	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				OF REFRIG				(F) DEGREES OF
REFRIGERANT			CLASSIFICATION		RCL			LFL		OEL	HAZARD <sup>a</sup>
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	ppm	
R-428A	zeotrope	R-125/143a/290/600a (77.5/20.0/0.6/1.9)	A1	23	<del>83,000</del> 84,000	370	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-429A	zeotrope	R-E170/152a/600a (60.0/10.0/30.0)	A3	0.81	6,300	13	3.2	25,000	83.8	1,000	_
R-430A	zeotrope	R-152a/600a (76.0/24.0)	A3	1.3	8,000	21	5.2	32,000	44.0	1,000	_
R-431A	zeotrope	R-290/152a (71.0/29.0)	A3	<del>0.69</del> 0.68	5,500	11	2.7	22,000	38.6	1,000	_
R-432A	zeotrope	R-1270/E170 (80.0/20.0)	A3	0.13	1,200	2.1	2.4	22,000	39.2	<del>700</del> 550	_
R-433A	zeotrope	R-1270/290 (30.0/70.0)	A3	0.34	3,100	5.5	2.4	20,000	32.4	<del>880</del> 750	_
R-433B	zeotrope	R-1270/290 (5.0-95.0)	A3	<del>0.51</del> 0.39	3,500	6.3	2.0	18,000	32.1	950	_
R-433C	zeotrope	R-1270/290 (25.0-75.0)	A3	0.41	3,700	6.5	2.0	18,000	83.8	790	_
R-434A	zeotrope	R-125/143a/600a (63.2/18.0/16.0/2.8)	A1	20	73,000	320	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-435A	zeotrope	R-E170/152a (80.0/20.0)	A3	1.1	8,500	17	4.3	34,000	68.2	1,000	_
R-436A	zeotrope	R-290/600a (56.0/44.0)	A3	0.50	4,000	8.1	2.0	16,000	32.3	1,000	_
R-436B	zeotrope	R-290/600a (52.0/48.0)	A3	0.51	4,000	8.2	2.0	16,000	32.7	1,000	_
R-436C	zeotrope	R-290/600a (95.0/5.0)	A3	0.57	5,000	9.1	2.3	20,000	36.5	1,000	_
R-437A	zeotrope	R-125/134a/600/601 (19.5/78.5/1.4/0.6)	A1	<del>5.0</del> 5.1	19,000	82	_	_	_	990	_
R-438A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/600/601a (8.5/45.0/44.2/1.7/0.6)	A1	4.9	20,000	79	-	-	_	990	-
R-439A	zeotrope	R-32/125/600a (50.0/47.0/3.0)	A2	4.7	26,000	76	18.9	104,000	303.3	990 1,000	_
R-440A	zeotrope	R-290/134a/152a (0.6/1.6/97.8)	A2	1.9	12,000	31	7.8	46,000	124.7	1,000	_
R-441A	zeotrope	R-170/290/600a/600 (3.1/54.8/6.0/36.1)	A3	0.39	3,200	6.3	2.0	16,000	31.7	1,000	_
R-442A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/152a/227ea (31.0/31.0/30.0/3.0/5.0)	A1	21	100,000	330	-	_	_	1,000	_
R-443A	zeotrope	R-1270/290/600a (55.0/40.0/5.0)	A3	0.19	1,700	3.1	2.2	20,000	35.6	640	_
R-444A	zeotrope	R-32/152a/1234ze(E) (12.0/5.0/83.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	5.1	21,000	81	19.9	82,000	324.8	850	_
R-444B	zeotrope	R-32/152a/1234ze(E) (41.5/10.0/48.5)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	4.3	23,000	69	17.3	93,000	277.3	930	_
R-445A	zeotrope	R-744/134a/1234ze(E) (6.0/9.0/85.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	4.2	16,000	67	2.7	63,000	347.4	930	_
R-446A	zeotrope	R-32/1234ze(E)/600 (68.0/29.0/3.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	2.5	16,000	39	13.5	62,000	217.4	960	_
R-447A	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234ze(E) (68.0/3.5/28.5)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	2.6	16,000	42	18.9	65,000	303.5	960	_
R-447B	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234ze(E) (68.0/8.0/24.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>23</del> 2.6	<del>30,000</del> 16,000	<del>360</del> 42	20.6	121,000	312.7	970	_
R-448A	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf/134a/1234ze(E) (26.0/26.0/20.0/21.0/7.0)	A1	24	110,000	390	_	_	_	<del>890</del> 860	_
R-449A	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf/134a (24.3/24.7/25.3/25.7)	A1	23	100,000	370	_	_	_	<del>830</del> 840	_

TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERANT CLASSIFICATION, AMOUNT AND OEL—continued											
CHEMICAL	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				OF REFRIG				(F) DEGREES
REFRIGERANT			CLASSIFICATION		RCL			LFL		OEL	OF HAZARD <sup>a</sup>
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	
R-449B	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf/134a (25.2/24.3/23.2/27.3)	A1	23	100,000	370	_	_	_	850	-
R-449C	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf/134a (20.0/20.0/31.0/29.0)	A1	23	98,000	360	_	_	_	800	-
R-450A	zeotrope	R-134a/1234ze(E) (42.0/58.0)	A1	20	72,000	320	_	_	_	880	_
R-451A	zeotrope	R-1234yf/134a (89.8/10.2)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>5.3</del> 5.0	18,000	81	20.3	70,000	326.6	<del>520</del> 530	_
R-451B	zeotrope	R-1234yf/134a (88.8/11.2)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>5.3</del> 5.0	18,000	81	20.3	70,000	326.6	530	_
R-452A	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf (11.0/59.0/30.0)	A1	27	<del>10,000</del> 100,000	440	_	_	_	<del>780</del> 790	_
R-452B	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf (67.0/7.0/26.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>23</del> 4.8	30,000	<del>360</del> 77	19.3	119,000	310.5	870	_
R-452C	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234yf (12.5/61.0/26.5)	A1	27	100,000	430	_	_	_	<del>800</del> 810	_
R-453A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/227ea/600/601a (20.0/20.0/53.8/5.0/0.6/0.6)	A1	7.8	34,000	120	_	_	_	1,000	-
R-454A	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf (35.0/65.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>28</del> 3.2	16,000	<del>450</del> 52	18.3	63,000	293.9	690	_
R-454B	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf (68.9/31.1)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>22</del> 3.1	19,000	<del>360</del> 49	22.0	77,000	352.6	850	_
R-454C	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf (21.5/78.5)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>29</del> 4.4	19,000	<del>460</del> 71	18,0	62,000	289.5	620	_
R-455A	zeotrope	R-744/32/1234yf (3.0/21.5/75.5)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>23</del> 4.9	22,000	<del>380</del> 79	26.9	118,000	432.1	650	_
R-456A	zeotrope	R-32/134a/1234ze(E) (6.0/45.0/49.0)	A1	20	77,000	320	_	_	_	900	_
R-457A	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf/152a (18.0/70.0/12.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>25</del> 3.4	15,000	<del>400</del> 54	13.5	60,000	216.3	650	_
R-457B	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf/152a (35.0/55.0/10.0)	A2L	3.7	19,000	59	14.9	76,000	239	730	_
R-458A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/227ea/236fa (20.5/4.0/61.4/13.5/0.6)	A1	18	76,000	280	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-459A	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf/1234ze(E) (68.0/26.0/6.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>23</del> 4.3	27,000	<del>360</del> 69	17.4	107,000	278.7	870	_
R-459B	zeotrope	R-32/1234yf/1234ze(E) (21.0/69.0/10.0)	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	30	<del>16,000</del> 25,000	<del>470</del> 92	23.3	99,000	373.5	640	_
R-460A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/1234ze(E) (12.0/52.0/14.0/22.0)	A1	24	92,000	380	_	_	_	<del>650</del> 950	-
R-460B	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/1234ze(E) (28.0/25.0/20.0/27.0)	A1	25	120,000	400	_	_	_	950	_
R-460C	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/1234ze(E) (2.5/2.5/46.0/49.0)	A1	20	73,000	310	_	_	_	900	_
R-461A	zeotrope	R-125/143a/134a/227ea/600a (55.0/5.0/32.0/5.0/3.0)	A1	17	61,000	270	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-462A	zeotrope	R-32/125/143a/134a/600 (9.0/42.0/2.0/44.0/3.0)	A2	3.9	16,000	62	16.6	105,000	265.8	1,000	_

TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERANT CLASSIFICATION, AMOUNT AND OEL—continued    Description											
CHEMICAL	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				CUPIED SE				DEGREES
REFRIGERANT			CLASSIFICATION		RCL			LFL		OEL	OF HAZARD <sup>a</sup>
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	ppm	
R-463A	zeotrope	R-744/32/125/1234yf/134a (6.0/36.0/30.0/14.0/14.0)	A1	19	98,000	300	_	_	_	990	_
R-464A	zeotrope	R-32/125/1234ze(E)/227ea (27.0/27.0/40.0/6.0)	A1	27	120,000	430	_	_	_	930	_
R-465A	zeotrope	R-32/290/1234yf (21.0/7.9/71.1)	A 2	2.5	12,000	40	10.0	98,000	160.9	660	_
R-466A	zeotrope	R-32/125/13I1 (49.0/11.5/39.5)	A1	6.2	30,000	99	_	-	_	860	_
R-467A	zeotrope	R-32/125/134a/600a (22.0/5.0/72.4/0.6)	A2L	6.7	31,000	110	_		_	1,000	_
R-468A	zeotrope	R-1132a/32/1234yf (3.5/21.5/75.0)	A2L	4.1	18,000	66	_	_	_	610	_
R-469A	zeotrope	R-744/R-32/R-125 (35.0/32.5/32.5)	A1	8	53,000	_	_	_	_	1,600	-
R-470A	zeotrope	R-744/32/125/134a/1234ze(E)/227ea (10.0/17.0/19.0/7.0/44.0/3.0)	A1	17	77,000	270	_	_	_	1,100	_
R-470B	zeotrope	R-744/32/125/134a/1234ze(E)/227ea (10.0/17.0/19.0/7.0/44.0/3.0)	A1	16	72,000	270	_	_	_	1,100	_
R-471A	zeotrope	R-1234ze(E)/227ea/1336mzz(E) (78.7/4.3/17.0)	A1	9.7	31,000	160	_	_	_	710	_
R-472A	zeotrope	R-744/32/134a (69.0/12.0/19.0)	A1	4.5	35,000	72	_	_	_	2,700	_
R-500 <sup>d</sup>	azeotrope	R-12/152a (73.8/26.2)	A1	<del>7.6</del> 7.4	<del>30,000</del> 29,000	120	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-501 <sup>c</sup>	azeotrope	R-22/12 (75.0/25.0)	A1	13	54,000	210	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-502 <sup>d</sup>	azeotrope	R-22/115 (48.8/51.2)	A1	21	73,000	330	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-503 <sup>d</sup>	azeotrope	R-23/13 (40.1/59.9)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-504 <sup>c</sup>	azeotrope	R-32/115 (48.2/51.8)	_	28	140,000	450	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-507A	azeotrope	R-125/143a (50.0/50.0)	A1	32	130,000	<del>520</del> 510	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-508A	azeotrope	R-23/116 (39.0/61.0)	A1	14	55,000	220	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-508B	azeotrope	R-23/116 (46.0/54.0)	A1	13	52,000	200	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-509A	azeotrope	R-22/218 (44.0/56.0)	A1	24	75,000	<del>390</del> 380	_	_	_	1,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-510A	azeotrope	R-E170/600a (88.0/12.0)	A3	0.87	7,300	14	3.5	29,000	56.1	1,000	_
R-511A	azeotrope	R-290/E170 (95.0/5.0)	A3	0.59	5,300	9.5	2.4	21,000	38.0	1,000	_
R-512A	azeotrope	R-134a/152a (5.0/95.0)	A2	1.9	11,000	31	7.7	45,000	123.9	1,000	
R-513A	azeotrope	R-1234yf/134a (56.0/44.0)	A1	20	72,000	320	_		_	650	
R-513B	azeotrope	R-1234yf/134a (58.5/41.5)	A1	21	74,000	330	_	_	_	640	_
R-514A	azeotrope	R-1336mzz(S)/1130(E) (74.7/25.3)	B1	0.86	2,400	14	_	_	_	320	_
R-515A	azeotrope	R-1234ze(E)/227ea (88.0/12.0)	A1	19	<del>62,000</del> 63,000	300	_	_	_	810	-

		TABLE 1103.1—REFRIGERA	NT CLASSIFICATION,	AMOUNT	AND OEL—	continued					
CHEMICAL	FORMULAS	CHEMICAL NAME OF BLENDS	REFRIGERANT SAFETY GROUP				OF REFRIG				(F) DEGREES OF
REFRIGERANT			CLASSIFICATION	RCL			LFL		OEL	HAZARD <sup>a</sup>	
				lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	lb/MCf	ppm	g/m³	ppm	
R-515B	azeotrope	R-1234ze(E)/227ea (91.1/8.9)	A1	18	61,000	290	_	_	_	810	_
R-516A	azeotrope	R-1234yf/134a/152a (77.5/8.5/14.0)	A2	<del>7.0</del> 3.2	<del>27,000</del> 13,000	<del>110</del> 52	13.1	50,000	210.1	590	_
R-600	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	butane	A3	0.15	1,000	2.4	3.0	20,000	48	1,000	1-4-0
R-600a	CH(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	2-methylpropane (isobutane)	A3	0.59	4,000	<del>9.6</del> 9.5	2.4	16,000	38	1,000	2-4-0
R-601	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	pentane	A3	0.18	1,000	2.9	2.2	12,000	35	600	
R-601a	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	2-methylbutane (isopentane)	A3	0.18	1,000	2.9	2.4	13,000	38	600	_
R-610	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	ethoxyethane (ethyl ether)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	400	_
R-611	HCOOCH₃	methyl formate	B2	_	_	_		_	_	100	_
R-717	NH <sub>3</sub>	ammonia	B2L	0.014	320	0.22	7.2	167,000	116	25	3-3-0°
R-718	H <sub>2</sub> O	water	A1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0-0-0
R-744	CO <sub>2</sub>	carbon dioxide	A1	4.5	40,000	72	_	_	_	5,000	2-0-0 <sup>b</sup>
R-1130(E)	CHCl=CHCl	trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<del>B1</del> B2	0.25	1,000	4	16	65,000	258	200	_
R-1132a	CF <sub>2</sub> =CH <sub>2</sub>	1,1-difluoroethylene	A2	2.0	13,000	33	8.1	50,000	131	500	_
R-1150	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH <sub>2</sub>	ethene (ethylene)	A3	_	_	_	2.2	31,000	36	200	1-4-2
R-1224yd(Z)	CF <sub>3</sub> CF=CHCl	(Z)-1-chloro-2,3,3,3-tetrafluoroethylene	A1	23	60,000	<del>360</del> 370	_	_	_	1,000	_
R-1233zd(E)	CF₃CH=CHCl	trans-1-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propene	A1	5.3	16,000	85	_	_	_	800	_
R-1234yf	CF <sub>3</sub> CF=CH <sub>2</sub>	2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-1-propene	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	<del>4.7</del> 4.5	16,000	75	18.0	62,000	289	500	_
R-1234ze(E)	CF₃CH=CFH	trans-1,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-1 -propene	<del>A2</del> <sup>€</sup> A2L	4.7	16,000	<del>75</del> 76	18.8	65,000	303	800	_
R-1270	CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub>	Propene (propylene)	A3	0.1	1,000	1.7	_	_	_	500	1-4-1
R-1336mzz(E)	CF₃CHCHCF₃	trans 1,1,1,4,4,4-hexafluoro-2- butene	A1	3.0	7,200	48	_	_	_	400	-
R-1336mzz(Z)	CF₃CHCHCF₃	cis-1,1,1,4,4,4-hexaflouro-2-butene	A1	<del>5.4</del> 5.2	13,000	84	_	_	_	500	_

For SI: 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 cubic foot = 0.0283 m<sup>3</sup>.

a. Degrees of hazard are for health, fire, and reactivity, respectively, in accordance with NFPA 704.

b. Reduction to 1-0-0 is allowed if analysis satisfactory to the code official shows that the maximum concentration for a rupture or full loss of refrigerant charge would not exceed the IDLH, considering both the refrigerant quantity and room volume.

c. The ASHRAE Standard 34 flammability classification for this refrigerant is 2L, which is a subclass of Class 2.

c. Class I ozone depleting substance; prohibited for new installations.

d. Occupational Exposure Limit based on the OSHA PEL, ACGIH TLV-TWA, the TERA WEEL or consistent value on a time-weighed average (TWA) basis (unless noted C for ceiling) for an 8 hr/d and 40 hr/wk.

1104.3.1Air conditioning for human comfort. In other than industrial occupancies where the quantity in a single independent circuit does not exceed the amount in Table 1103.1, Group B1, B2 and B3 refrigerants shall not be used in high-probability systems for air conditioning for human comfort. High-probability systems used for human comfort shall use Group A1 or A2L refrigerant.

### Exceptions:

- 1. Equipment listed for and used in residential occupancies containing a maximum of 6.6 pounds (3 kg) of refrigerant.
- 2. Equipment listed for and used in commercial occupancies containing a maximum of 22 pounds (10 kg) of refrigerant.
- 3. Industrial occupancies.
- 1104.3.2 Nonindustrial occupancies Group A2, A3, B2 and B3 refrigerants. Group A2 and B2 refrigerants shall not be used in high-probability systems where the quantity of refrigerant in any independent refrigerant circuit exceeds the amount shown in Table 1104.3.2. Group A2 and B2 refrigerants shall not be used in high-probability systems. Group A3 and B3 refrigerants shall not be used except where approved.

Exceptions: This section does not apply to laboratories:

- Laboratories where the floor area per occupant is not less than 100 square feet (9.3 m²).
- 2. Listed self-contained systems having a maximum of 0.331 pounds (150 g) of Group A3 refrigerant.
- 3. Industrial occupancies.
- 4. Equipment listed for and used in residential occupancies containing a maximum of 6.6 pounds (3 kg) of Group A2 or B2 refrigerant.
- 5. Equipment listed for and used in commercial occupancies containing a maximum of 22 pounds (10 kg) of Group A2 or B2 refrigerant.

## TABLE 1104.3.2 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE QUANTITIES OF REFRIGERANTS

	MAXIMUM POUNDS FOR VARIOUS OCCUPANCIES									
TYPE OF REFRIGERATION SYSTEM	Institutional	Public a ssembly	Residential	All other occupancies						
Sealed absorption system										
In exit access	0	0	3.3	3.3						
In adjacent outdoor locations	0	0	<del>22</del>	<del>22</del>						
In other than exit access	0	6.6	6.6	6.6						
Unit systems										
In other than exit access	0	0	6.6	<del>6.6</del>						

For SI: 1 pound = 0.454 kg.

1106.3 Flammable Class 2 and 3 refrigerants. Where refrigerants of Groups A2, A3, B2 and B3 are used, the machinery room shall conform to the Class I, Division 2, hazardous location classification requirements of NFPA 70.

Exception: Machinery rooms for systems containing Group A2L refrigerants that are provided with ventilation in accordance with Section 1106.4.

L106.4 Special requirements for Group A2L refrigerant machinery rooms. Machinery rooms with systems containing Group A2L refrigerants that do not conform to the Elass L Division 2, hazardous location electrical requirements of NFPA 70, as permitted by the exception to Section 1106.3, shall comply with Sections 1106.4.1 through 1106.4.2

Exception: Machinery rooms conforming to the Class I, Division 2, hazardous location classification requirements of NFPA 70 are not required to comply with Sections 1106.4.1 and 1106.4.2.

1106.4 Group A2L and B2L refrigerant. Machinery rooms for Group A2L and B2L refrigerant shall comply with Sections 1106.4.1 through Section 1106.4.3.

1106.4.1 Elevated temperatures. Open flame-producing devices or continuously operating hot surfaces over 1290 °F (700 °C) shall not be permanently installed in the room.

[F] 1106.4.1 Ventilation system activation. Ventilation shall be activated by the refrigerant detection system in the machinery room. Refrigerant detection systems shall be in accordance with Section 605.8 of the International Fire Code and all of the following:

- 1. The detectors shall activate at or below a refrigerant concentration of 25 percent of the LFL.
- 2. Upon activation, the detection system shall activate the emergency ventilation system required by Section 1106.4.2.
- 3. The detection, signaling and control circuits shall be supervised.

L106.4.2 Emergency ventilation system. An emergency ventilation system shall be provided at the minimum exhaust rate specified in ASHRAE 15 or Table 1106.4.2. Shutdown of the emergency ventilation system shall be by manual means.

106.4.2 Refrigerant detector. In addition to the requirements of Section 1105.3, refrigerant detectors shall signal an alarm and activate the ventilation system in accordance with the response time specified in Table 1106.4.2.

### TABLE 1106.4.2 GROUP A2L and B2L DETECTOR ACTIVATION

<u>Activation Level</u>	Maximum Response Time (seconds)	ASHRAE 15 Ventilation Level	Alarm Reset	Alarm Type
Less than or equal to the OEL in Table 1103.1	300	1	Automatic	Trouble
Less than or equal to the refrigerant concentration level in Table 1103.1	<u>15</u>	2	Manual	Emergency

### **TABLE 1106.4.2 MINIMUM EXHAUST RATES**

REFRIGERANT	Q(m/sec)	Q(cfm)
R32	15.4	32,600
R143	<del>13.6</del>	28,700
R444A	6.46	13,700
R444B	10.6	<del>22,400</del>
R445A	7.83	16,600
R446A	<del>23.9</del>	50,700
R447A	23.8	50,400
R451A	7.04	15,000
R451B	7.05	15,000
R1234yf	7.80	16,600
R1234ze(E)	5.92	12,600

### 1106.4.3 Emergency ventilation system discharge.

The emergency ventilation system point of discharge to the atmosphere shall be located outside of the structure at not less than 15 feet (4572 mm) above the adjoining grade level and not less than 20 feet (6096 mm) from any window, ventilation opening or exit.

### 1106.4.3 Mechanical ventilation.

The machinery room shall have a mechanical ventilation system complying with ASHRAE 15.

### TABLE 1107.4 REFRIGERANT PIPE

PIPING MATERIAL	STANDARD			
Aluminum tube	ASTM B210/ASTM B210M, ASTM B491/B491M			
Brass (copper alloy) pipe	ASTM B43			
Copper linesets	ASTM B280, ASTM B1003			
Copper pipe	ASTM B42, ASTM B302			
Copper tube <sup>a</sup>	ASTM B68, ASTM B75, ASTM B88, ASTM B280, ASTM B819			
Steel pipe <sup>b</sup>	ASTM A53, ASTM A106 <u>, ASTM A333</u>			
Steel tube	ASTM A254, ASTM A334			

- a. Soft annealed copper tubing larger than 1³/s-inch (35 mm) O.D. shall not be used for field-assembled refrigerant piping unless it is protected from mechanical damage.
- b. ASTM A53, Type F steel pipe shall not be used for refrigerant lines having an operating temperature less than -20°F (-29°C), only be permitted for discharge lines in pressure relief systems.

### TABLE 1107.5 REFRIGERANT PIPE FITTINGS

FITTING MATERIAL	STANDARD
Aluminum	ASTM B361
Brass (copper alloy)	ASME B16.15, ASME B16.24
Copper and Copper Alloy (Brass)	ASME B16.15, ASME B16.18, ASME B16.22, ASME B16.24, ASME B16.26, ASME B16.50
Steel	ASTM A105, ASTM A181, ASTM A193, ASTM A234, ASTM A420, ASTM A707

1107.7 Flexible connectors, expansion and vibration compensators. Flexible connectors and expansion and vibration control devices shall be listed and labeled for use in refrigerant systems and pressures for which the components are installed.

1109.2.2 Refrigerant pipe enclosure. Refrigerant piping shall be protected by locating it within the building elements or within protective enclosures. Exception: Piping protection within the building elements or protective enclosure shall not be required in any of the following locations:

- 1. Where installed without ready access or located more than 7 feet 3 inches (2210 mm) above the finished floor.
- 2. Where located within 6 feet (1829 mm) of the refrigerant unit or appliance.
- 3. Where located in a machinery room complying with Section 1105.
- 4. Outside the building:
  - 4.1 Protected from damage from the weather, including, but not limited to, hail, ice, and snow loads and
  - 4.2 Protected from damage within the expected foot or traffic path or
- 4.3 Outside, underground, installed not less than 8 inches (200 mm) below finished grade and protected against corrosion.

1109.2.3 Prohibited locations. Refrigerant piping shall not be installed in any of the following locations:

- 1. Exposed within a fireresistance-rated exit access corridor.
- 2. Exposed wWithin an interior exit stairway.
- 3. Within an interior exit ramp.
- 4. Within an exit passageway.
- 5. Within an elevator, dumbwaiter or other shaft containing a moving object.

1109.2.6 Exposed piping surface temperature. Exposed piping with ready access to nonauthorized personnel having surface temperatures greater than 120°F (49°C) or less than 5°F (-15°C) shall be protected from contact or shall have thermal insulation that limits the exposed insulation surface temperature to a range of 5°F (-15°C) to 120°F (49°C).

1109.2.7 Pipe identification. Refrigerant pipe located in areas other than the room or space where the refrigerating equipment is located shall be identified. The pipe identification shall be located at intervals not exceeding 20 feet (6096 mm) on the refrigerant piping or pipe insulation. The minimum height of lettering of the identification label shall be ½ inch (12.7 mm). The identification shall indicate the refrigerant designation and safety group classification of refrigerant used in the piping system. For Group A2L and B2L refrigerants, the identification shall also include the following statement: "DANGER—Risk of Fire or Explosion. Flammable Refrigerant." For Group A2, A3, B2 and B3 refrigerants, the identification shall also include the following statement: "DANGER—Toxic Refrigerant." Based on the identification shall also include the following statement: "DANGER—Toxic Refrigerant."

1109.3 Installation requirements for Group A2L, A2, A3, er B2L, B2, or B3 refrigerant. Piping systems using Group A2L, A2, A3, er B2L, B2, or B3 refrigerant shall comply with the requirements of Sections 1109.3.1 and 1109.3.2.

1109.3.1 Pipe protection. In addition to the requirements of Section 305.5, aluminum, copper and steel tube used for Group A2L A2, A3, and B2L, B2, and B3 refrigerants and located in concealed locations where tubing is installed in studs, joists, rafters or similar member spaces, and located less than 1½ inches (38 mm) from the nearest edge of the member, shall be continuously protected by shield plates. Protective steel shield plates having a minimum thickness of 0.0575 inch (1.46 mm) (No. 16 gage) shall cover the area of the tube plus the area extending not less than 2 inches (51 mm) beyond both sides of the tube.

1109.3.2 Shaft ventilation. Refrigerant pipe shafts with systems using Group A2L or B2L refrigerant shall be naturally or mechanically ventilated. Refrigerant pipe shafts with one or more systems using any Group A2, A3, B2, or B3 refrigerant shall be continuously mechanically ventilated and shall include a refrigerant detector. The shaft ventilation exhaust outlet shall comply with Section 501.3.1. Naturally ventilated shafts shall have a pipe, duct or conduit not less than 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter that connects to the lowest point of the shaft and extends to the outdoors. The pipe, duct or conduit shall be level or pitched downward to the outdoors. Mechanically ventilated shafts shall have a minimum airflow velocity in accordance with Table 1109.3.2. The mechanical ventilation shall be continuously operated or activated by a refrigerant detector. Systems utilizing a refrigerant detector shall activate the mechanical ventilation at a maximum refrigerant concentration of 25 percent of the lower flammable limit of the refrigerant. The detector, or a sampling tube that draws air to the detector, shall be located in an area where refrigerant from a leak will concentrate. The shaft shall not be required to be ventilated for double-wall refrigerant pipe where the interstitial space of the double-wall pipe is vented to the outdoors.

1109.4 Installation requirements for Group A2, A3, 82 or B3 refrigerant. Piping systems using Group A2, A3, B2 or B3 refrigerant shall comply with the requirements of Sections 1109.4.1 and 1109.4.2

1109.4.1 Piping material. Piping material for Group A2, A3, B2 or B3 refrigerant located inside the building, except for machinery rooms, shall be copper pipe, brass pipe or steel pipe. Pipe joints located in areas other than the machinery room shall be welded. Self-contained listed and labeled equipment or appliances shall have piping material based on the listing requirements.

1109.4.2 Shaft ventilation. Refrigerant pipe shafts with systems using Group A2, A3, B2 or B3 refrigerant shall be continuously mechanically ventilated. The shaft ventilation exhaust outlet shall comply with Section 501.3.1. Mechanically ventilated shafts shall have a minimum airflow velocity as specified in Table 1109.3.2. The shaft shall not be required to be ventilated for double-wall refrigerant pipe where the interstitial space of the double-wall pipe is vented to the outdoors.

1109.7 Condensate control. Refrigerating piping and fittings that, during normal operation, will reach a surface temperature below the dew point of the surrounding air, and are located in spaces or areas where condensation has the potential to cause a safety hazard to the building occupants, structure, electrical equipment or any other equipment or appliances, shall be insulated or protected in an approved manner to prevent damage from condensation.

1110.3 Test gases. The medium used for pressure testing the refrigerant system shall be one of the following inert gases: oxygen-free nitrogen, helium, er argon or premixed nonflammable oxygen-free nitrogen with a tracer gas of hydrogen or helium. For R-744 refrigerant systems, carbon dioxide shall be allowed as the test medium. Oxygen, air, combustible gases and mixtures containing such gases shall not be used as a test medium. Systems erected on the premises with tubing not exceeding 15.9 mm) outside diameter shall be allowed to use the refrigerant identified on the nameplate label or marking as the test medium.

#### 1110.3.1 Test gases not permitted.

Oxygen, air, refrigerants other than those identified in Section 1110.3, combustible gases and mixtures containing such gases shall not be used as the pressure test medium.

1110.5 Piping system strength test pressure test and leak test. Refrigerating system components and refrigerant piping shall be tested in accordance with ASME B31.5 or this section. Separate tests for isolated portions of the system are permitted provided that all required portions are tested at least once. Pressurize with test gas for a minimum of 10 minutes to not less than the lower of (a) the lowest design pressure for any system component, or (b) the lowest value of set pressure for any pressure relief devices in the system. The design pressures for determination of test pressure shall be the pressure identified on the label nameplate of the condensing unit, compressor, compressor unit, pressure vessel, or other system component with a nameplate. A passing test result shall have no rupture or structural failure of any system component or refrigerant piping. Refrigerant piping and tubing greater than 3/4 inches in diameter shall be tested in accordance with ASHRAE 15.

The refrigerant piping system shall be tested as a whole or separate tests shall be conducted for the low-pressure side and high-pressure side of the piping system. The refrigerant piping system shall be tested in accordance with both of the following methods:

- The system shall be pressurized for a period of not less than 60 minutes to not less than the lower of the design pressures or the setting of the pressure relief
  device(s). The design pressures for testing shall be the pressure listed on the label nameplate of the condensing unit, compressor, compressor unit, pressure
  vessel or other system component with a nameplate. Additional test gas shall not be added to the system after the start of the pressure test. The system shall not
  show loss of pressure on the test pressure measuring device during the pressure test. Where using refrigerant as a test medium in accordance with Section
  1110.3. the test pressure shall be not less than the saturation dew point pressure at 7.7°F (125°C).
- A vacuum of 500 microns shall be achieved. After achieving a vacuum, the system shall be isolated from the vacuum pump. The system pressure shall not rise
  above 1,500 microns for a period of not less than 10 minutes.

1110.5.2 Limited charge systems. Limited charge systems with a pressure relief device, erected on the premises, shall be tested at a pressure not less than one and one-half times the pressure setting of the relief device. Listed and labeled limited charge systems shall be tested at the equipment or appliance design pressure.

1110.5.1 Joints and refrigerant-containing parts in air ducts. Joints and all refrigerant-containing parts of a refrigerating system located in an airduct of an air conditioning system that conveys conditioned air to and from human-occupied spaces shall be tested at a pressure of 150 percent of the higher of the design pressure or pressure relief

1110.6 Booster compressor. Where a compressor protected by a pressure relief device is used as a booster to obtain an intermediate pressure, and such compressor discharges into the suction side of another compressor, the booster compressor shall be considered to be a part of the low- pressure side of the system.

1110.7 Centrifugal/nonpositive displacement compressors. Where testing systems—using centrifugal or—other nonpositive displacement compressors, the entire system shall be considered to be the low-pressure side for test purposes.

### **CHAPTER 15: REFERENCED STANDARDS**

ASHRAE

ASHRAE

1791 Tullie Circle NE
Atlanta, GA 30329

15-2022 Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems

34-2022 Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants

ASTM

ASTM International
100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700
West Conshohocken, PA 19428

A333-18 Standard Specification for Seamless and Welded Steel Pipe for Low-Temperature Service and other Applications

with required Notch Toughness

UL LLC
333 Pfingsten Road
Northbrook, IL 60062-2096

UL/CSA 60335-2-40—17 2022 Household and Similar Electrical Appliances—Safety—Part 2-40: Particular Requirements for Electrical Heat Pumps, Air-

Conditioners and Dehumidifiers

UL/CSA 60335-2-89 — 17 2021 Household and Similar Electrical Appliances — Safety — Part 2-89: Particular Requirements for Commercial Refrigerating

Appliances with an Incorporated or Remote Refrigerant Unit or Compressor

### 2024 IFC Changes Related to A2L Refrigerant Requirements

### **CHAPTER 2: DEFINITIONS**

FLAMMABLE GAS. A material that is a gas at 68°F (20°C) or less at 14.7 pounds per square inch atmosphere (psia) (101 kPa) of pressure [a material that has a boiling point of 68°F (20°C) or less at 14.7 psia (101 kPa)] which subdivided as follows:

- 1. 4s Category 1A.
  - 1. Agas that is ignitable at 14.7 psia (101 kPa) when in a mixture of 13 percent or less by volume with air; or has
  - Agas with a flammable range at 14.7 psia (101 kPa) with air of not less than 12 percent, regardless of the lower limit, unless data show compliance with Category 1B.
- 2. Category 1B.

A gas that meets the flammability criteria for Category 1A, is not pyrophoric or chemically unstable, and meets one of more of the following:

- A lower flammability limit of more than 6 percent by volume of air; or
- 2. A fundamental burning velocity of less than 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s).

The limits specified shall be determined at 14.7 psia (101 kPa) of pressure and a temperature of 68°F (20°C) in accordance with ASTM E681.

Where not otherwise specified, the term "flammable gas" includes both Category 1A and Category 1B.

### **CHAPTER 6: BUILDING SERVICES AND SYSTEMS**

[M] 608.17 Electrical equipment. Where refrigerant of Groups A2, A3, B2 and B3, as defined in the International Mechanical Code, are used, refrigeration machinery rooms shall conform to the Class I, Division 2, hazardous location classification requirements of NFPA 70.

Exception: Ammonia machinery rooms that are provided with ventilation in accordance with Section 1101.1.2, Exception 1, of the International Mechanical Code.

Machinery rooms for systems containing Group A2L refrigerants that are provided with ventilation in accordance with Section 608.18.

[M] 608.18 Special requirements for Group A2L refrigerant machinery rooms. Machinery rooms with systems containing Group A2L refrigerants that do not comply with the Class I, Division 2, hazardous location electrical requirements of NFPA 70, as permitted by Section 608.17, Exception 2, shall comply with Sections 608.18.1 through 608.18.2.

608.18.1 Ventilation system activation. Ventilation shall be activated by the refrigerant detection system in the machinery room. Refrigerant detection shall be in accordance with Section 608.9 and all of the following:

- 1. The detectors shall activate at or below a refrigerant concentration of 25 percent of the LFL.
- 2. Upon activation, the detection system shall activate the emergency ventilation system in Section 608.18.2.
- 3. The detection, signaling and control circuits shall be supervised.

[M] 608.18.2 Emergency ventilation system. An emergency ventilation system shall be provided at the minimum exhaust rate specified in ASHRAE 15 or Table 608.18.2. Shut down of the emergency ventilation system shall be by manual means.

[M] 608.18.3 Emergency ventilation system discharge. The point of discharge to the atmosphere shall be located outside of the structure at not less than 15 feet (4572 mm) above the adjoining grade level and not less than 20 feet (6096 mm) from any window, ventilation opening or exit.

[M] 608.18 Group A2L and B2L Refrigerant. Machinery rooms for Group A2L and B2L refrigerant shall comply with Sections 608.18.1 through Section 608.18.3.

608.18.1 Elevated Temperatures. Open fiame-producing devices or continuously operating hot surfaces over 1290 °F (700 °C) shall not be permanently installed in the room.

[M] 608.18.2 Refrigerant Detector. In addition to the requirements of Section 1105.3 of the International Mechanical Code, refrigerant detectors shall signal an alarm and activate the ventilation system in accordance with the response time specified in Table 608.18.2.

[M] 608.18.3 Mechanical Ventilation. The machinery room shall have a mechanical ventilation system complying with ASHRAE 15.

### [M] TABLE 608.18.2 GROUP A2L AND B2L DETECTOR ACTIVATION

Activation Level	Maximum Response Time (seconds)	ASHRAE 15 Ventilation Level	Alarm Reset	Alarm Type
Less than or equal to the OEL in Table 1103.1 of the International Mechanical Code	300	1	Automatic	Trouble
Less than or equal to the refrigerant concentration level in Table 1103.1of the International Mechanical Code	<u>15</u>	2	<u>Manual</u>	<u>Emergency</u>

### MINIMUM EXHAUST RATE

REFRIGERANT	Q (M²/SEC)	Q (CFM)
R32	15.4	32,600
R143A	13.6	28,700
R444A	6.46	13,700
R444B	10.6	22,400
R445A	7.83	16,600
R446A	23.9	50,700
R447A	23.8	50,400
R451A	7.04	15,000
R451B	7.05	15,000
R1234YF	7.80	16,600
R1234ZE(E)	<del>5.92</del>	12,600

### **CHAPTER 9: FIRE PROTECTION AND LIFE SAFETY SYSTEMS**

## TABLE 911.1 EXPLOSION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS<sup>f</sup>

[Portions of table not shown remain unchanged.]

	01.400		EXPLOSION CONTROL METHODS	
MATERIAL	CLASS	Barricade construction	Explosion (deflagration) venting or explosion (deflagration) prevention systems	
Hazard Category				
Flammable	Gaseous	Not required	Require <u>d</u> h	
Flammable gas	Liquefied	Not required	Require <u>d</u> h	

h. Not required for Category 1B Flammable Gases having a burning velocity not exceeding 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s).

### CHAPTER 33: FIRE SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION

**3307.2.1** Pipe cleaning and purging. The cleaning and purging of flammable gas piping systems, including cleaning new or existing piping systems, purging piping systems into service and purging piping systems out of service, shall comply with NFPA 56.

### Exceptions:

- 1. Compressed gas piping systems other than fuel gas piping systems where in accordance with Chapter 53.
- 2. Piping systems regulated by the International Fuel Gas Code.
- 3. Liquefied petroleum gas systems in accordance with Chapter 61.
- 4. Cleaning and purging of refrigerant piping systems shall comply with the International Mechanical Code.

### CHAPTER 50: HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – GENERAL PROVISIONS

### 

[Portions of table not shown remain unchanged.]

	TERIAL CLASS GROUP WHEN THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY IS EXCEEDED		STORAGE <sup>b</sup>			USE-CLOSED SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>			USE-OPEN SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>	
MATERIAL			Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)
	Gaseous									
	1A and 1B (High BV) <sup>£</sup>	H-2	NA	NA	1,000 <sup>d, e</sup>	NA.	NA	1,000 <sup>d,e</sup> NA 162,500 <sup>d,e</sup>	NA	NA
Flammable gas	1B (Low BV)	11-2	NA .	NO	162,500 <sup>d,e</sup>	NA.				
riaiiiiiabie gas	Liquified									
	1A and 1B (High BV)	H-2	NA -	(150) <sup>d,e</sup>	NA NA	NA	(150) <sup>d,e</sup>	NA NA	NA	NA
	1B (Low BV) <sup>[</sup>			(10,000) <sup>d,e</sup>	NA.		(10,000) <sup>d,e</sup>	No		

- For use of control areas, see Section 5003.8.3.
- The aggregate quantity in use and storage shall not exceed the quantity listed for storage.
- c. The quantities of alcoholic beverages in retail and wholesale sales occupancies shall not be limited providing the liquids are packaged in individual containers not exceeding 1.3 gallons. In retail and wholesale sales occupancies, the quantities of medicines, foodstuff or consumer products and cosmetics containing not more than 50 percent by volume of water-miscible liquids with the remainder of the solutions not being flammable shall not be limited, provided that such materials are packaged in individual containers not exceeding 1.3 gallons.
- d. Maximum allowable quantities shall be increased 100 percent in buildings equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1. Where Note e applies, the increase for both notes shall be applied accumulatively.
- e. Maximum allowable quantities shall be increased 100 percent where stored in approved storage cabinets, day boxes, gas cabinets, gas rooms, exhausted enclosures or in listed safety cans in accordance with Section 5003.9.10. Where Note d applies, the increase for both notes shall be applied accumulatively.
- Quantities shall not be limited in a building equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1.
- g. Allowed only in buildings equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system.
- h. Containing not more than the maximum allowable quantity per control area of Class IA, Class IB or Class IC flammable liquids.
- i. The maximum allowable quantity shall not apply to fuel oil storage complying with Section 605.4.2.
- j. Quantities in parenthesis indicate quantity units in parenthesis at the head of each column.
- k. A maximum quantity of 220 pounds of solid or 22 gallons of liquid Class 3 oxidizers is allowed where such materials are necessary for maintenance purposes, operation or sanitation of equipment where the storage containers and the manner of storage are approved.
- Net weight of pyrotechnic composition of the fireworks. Where the net weight of the pyrotechnic composition of the fireworks is not known, 25 percent of the gross weight of the fireworks including packaging shall be used.
- m. For gallons of liquids, divide the amount in pounds by 10 in accordance with Section 5003.1.2.
- For storage and display quantities in Group M and storage quantities in Group S occupancies complying with Section 5003.11, see Table 5003.11.1.
- Densely-packed baled cotton that complies with the packing requirements of ISO 8115 shall not be included in this material class.
- p. The following shall not be included in determining the maximum allowable quantities:
  - 1. Liquid or gaseous fuel in fuel tanks on vehicles.
  - 2. Liquid or gaseous fuel in fuel tanks on motorized equipment operated in accordance with this code.
  - 3. Gaseous fuels in piping systems and fixed appliances regulated by the International Fuel Gas Code.
  - 4. Liquid fuels in piping systems and fixed appliances regulated by the International Mechanical Code.
  - Alcohol-based hand rubs classified as Class I or II liquids in dispensers that are installed in accordance with Sections 5705.5 and 5705.5.1. The location of the alcohol-based hand rub (ABHR) dispensers shall be provided in the construction documents.
- Where manufactured, generated or used in such a manner that the concentration and conditions create a fire or explosion hazard based on information prepared in accordance with Section 104.8.2.
- "High BV" Category 1B flammable gas has a burning velocity greater than 3.9 in/s (10cm/s). "Low BV" Category 1B flammable gas has a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less.

### TABLE 5003.1.1(3)

## MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY PER CONTROL AREA OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS POSING A PHYSICAL HAZARD IN AN OUTDOOR CONTROL AREA. b. c. d

[Portions of table not shown remain unchanged.]

			STORAGE <sup>b</sup>		USE	-CLOSED SYSTE	MS <sup>b</sup>	USE-OPEN	SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>
MATERIAL CLASS		Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds) <sup>d</sup>	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds) <sup>d</sup>	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds) <sup>d</sup>
	Gaseous								
	1A and 1B (High BV) <sup>e</sup>	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	3,000	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	1,500	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Flammable gas	1B (Low BV) <sup>a</sup>	Not Applicable		<u>195,000</u>			97,500		
Flammable gas	Liquified								
	1A and 1B (High BV) <sup>a</sup>	Not Applicable	(300)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	(150)	Not Applicable Not A	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	1B (Low BV) a	Not Applicable	(20,000)		Not Applicable	(10,000)		Not Applicable	Not Applicable

For SI: 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 gallon = 3.785 L, 1 cubic foot = 0.02832 m<sup>3</sup>.

- a. For gallons of liquids, divide the amount in pounds by 10 in accordance with Section 5003.1.2.
- b. The aggregate quantities in storage and use shall not exceed the quantity listed for storage.
- c. The aggregate quantity of nonflammable solid and nonflammable or noncombustible liquid hazardous materials allowed in outdoor storage per single property under the same ownership or control used for retail or wholesale sales is allowed to exceed the maximum allowable quantity per control area where such storage is in accordance with Section 5003.11.
- d. Quantities in parentheses indicate quantity units in parentheses at the head of each column.
- e. "High BV" Category 1B flammable gas has a burning velocity greater than 3.9 in/s (10cm/s). "Low BV" Category 1B flammable gas has a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less.

5003.8.3.5 Hazardous materials in Group M display and storage areas and in Group S storage areas. Hazardous materials located in Group M and Group S occupancies shall be in accordance with Sections 5003.8.3.5.1 through 5003.8.3.5.3 5003.8.3.5.4.

5003.8.3.5.4 Flammable gas. The aggregate quantity of Category 1B flammable gas having a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less stored and displayed within a single control area of a Group M occupancy, or in an outdoor control area, or stored in a single control area of a Group S occupancy, is allowed to exceed the maximum allowable quantities per control area specified in Table 5003.1.1(1) without classifying the building or use as a Group H occupancy, provided the materials are stored and displayed in accordance with Section 5003.11.2

5003.11 <u>Maximum allowable quantity for</u> Group M storage and display and Group S storage. The aggregate quantity of nonflammable solid and nonflammable or noncembustible liquid hazardous materials stored and displayed within a single control area of a Group M occupancy, or an outdoor control area, or stored in a single control area of a Group S occupancy, is allowed to exceed the maximum allowable quantity per control area indicated in Section 5003.11.2 through 5003.11.3.11.3 and 5003.11.2 through 5003.11.3.11.3 and 5003.11.2 through 5003.11.3.11.3 and 5003.11.3 and 500

5003.11.1 Nonflammable solid and nonflammable or noncombustible liquid hazardous materials Maximum allowable quantity per outdoor control area in Group Mor S occupancies. The aggregate amount of nonflammable solid and nonflammable or noncombustible liquid hazardous materials stored and displayed within a single control area of a Group Moccupancy, or an outdoor control area, or stored in a single control area of a Group S occupancy, shall not exceed the amounts set forth in Table 5003.11.1. S003.11.2 Maximum allowable quantity per outdoor control area in Group M or S occupancies. The aggregate amount of nonflammable solid and nonflammable or noncombustible liquid hazardous materials stored and displayed within a single outdoor control area of a Group M occupancy shall not exceed the amounts set forth in Table 5003.11.1.

5003.11.3.1 5003.11.1.1.1 Density. Storage and display of solids shall not exceed 200 pounds per square foot (976 kg/m²) of floor area actually occupied by solid merchandise. Storage and display of liquids shall not exceed 20 gallons per square foot (0.50 L/m²) of floor area actually occupied by liquid merchandise.

5003.11.3.2 5003.11.1.1.2 Storage and display height. Display height shall not exceed 6 feet (1829 mm) above the finished floor in display areas of Group M occupancies. Storage height shall not exceed 8 feet (2438 mm) above the finished floor in storage areas of Group M and Group S occupancies.

5003.11.3.3 5003.11.1.1.3 Container location. Individual containers less than 5 gallons (19 L) or less than 25 pounds (11 kg) shall be stored or displayed on pallets, racks or shelves.

5003.11.3.4 5003.11.1.1.4 Racks and shelves. Racks and shelves used for storage or display shall be in accordance with Section 5003.9.9.

5003.11.3.5 5003.11.1.1.5 Container type. Containers shall be approved for the intended use and identified as to their content.

5003.11.3.6 5003.11.1.1.6 Container size. Individual containers shall not exceed 100 pounds (45 kg) for solids or 10 gallons (38 L) for liquids in storage and display areas.

5003.11.3.7 5003.11.1.1.7 Incompatible materials. Incompatible materials shall be separated in accordance with Section 5003.9.8.

5003.11.3.8 5003.11.1.1.8 Floors. Floors shall be in accordance with Section 5004.12.

5003.11.3.9 5003.11.1.1.9 Aisles. Aisles 4 feet (1219 mm) in width shall be maintained on three sides of the storage or display area.

5003.11.3.10 5003.11.1.1.10 Signs. Hazard identification signs shall be provided in accordance with Section 5003.5.

5003.11.3.11 5003.11.1.1.11 Storage plan. A storage plan illustrating the intended storage arrangement, including the location and dimensions of aisles, and storage racks shall be provided.

5003.11.2 Category 1B flammable gas with low burning velocity. The aggregate quantity of Category 1B flammable gas having a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less stored and displayed within a single control area of a Group M occupancy, or an outdoor control area, or stored in a single control area of a Group S occupancy, shall not exceed the amounts set forth in Table 5003.11.2.

### TABLE 5003.11.2

### MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY OF LOW BURNING VELOCITY CATEGORY 1B FLAMMABLE GAS IN GROUP MAND S OCCUPANCIES PER CONTROL AREA \*\*

	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY PER CONTROL AREA				
FLAMMABLE GAS CATEGORY	Sprinklered in accordance with Note b	Nonsprinklered			
Category 1B (Low BV) <sup>d</sup>					
<u>Gaseous</u>	390,000 cu. ft.	195,000 cu. ft			
Liquefied	40,000 lbs. <sup>c</sup>	20,000 lbs.			

For SI: 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 cubic foot = 0.02832 m3, 1 square foot = 0.093 m2, 1 inch/second = 2.5641 cm/s.

- a. Control areas shall be separated from each other by not less than a 1-hour fire barrier.
- b. The building shall be equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system with minimum sprinkler design density of Ordinary Hazard Group 2 in the area where flammable gases are stored or displayed.
- c. Where storage areas exceed 50,000 square feet in area, the maximum allowable quantities area allowed to be increased by 2 percent for each 1,000 square feet of area in excess of 50,000 square feet, up to not more than 100 percent of the table amounts. Separation of control areas is not required. The aggregate amount shall not exceed 80,000 pounds.
- d. "Low BV" Category 1B flammable gas has a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less.

5003.11.2.1 Fire protection and storage arrangements. Fire protection and container storage arrangements for quantities of Category 1B flammable gases permitted by Table 5003.11.2 shall be in accordance with the all of the following:

- 1. Storage of the Category 1B flammable gases on shelves shall not exceed 6 feet (1829 mm) in height, and shelving shall be metal.
- Rack storage, pallet storage or piles of the Category 1B flammable gas greater than 6 feet 6 inches (1981 mm) in height shall be provided with an automatic sprinkler system with a minimum design of Extra Hazard Group 1.
- 3. Combustible commodities shall not be stored above the Category 1B flammable gases.
- 4. Flammable liquids shall be separated from the Category 1B flammable gases by a distance 20 feet (6096 mm). The separation is permitted to be reduced to 10 feet (3048 mm) where secondary containment or diking is provided to retain a flammable liquid spill at a distance of 10 feet (3048 mm) from the Category 1B flammable gas storage.

### 2024 IBC Changes Related to A2L Refrigerant Requirements

[F] 307.4 High-hazard Group H-2. Buildings and structures containing materials that pose a deflagration hazard or a hazard from accelerated burning shall be classified as Group H-2. Such materials shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Class I, II or IIIA flammable or combustible liquids that are used or stored in normally open containers or systems, or in closed containers or systems pressurized at more than 15 pounds per square inch gauge (103.4 kPa).

Combustible dusts where manufactured, generated or used in such a manner that the concentration and conditions create a fire or explosion hazard based on information prepared in accordance with Section 414.1.3.

Cryogenic fluids, flammable.

Category 1A Flammable gases.

Category 1B Flammable gases having a burning velocity greater than 3.9 inches per second (10 cm/s).

Organic peroxides, Class I.

Oxidizers, Class 3, that are used or stored in normally open containers or systems, or in closed containers or systems pressurized at more than 15 pounds per square inch gauge (103 kPa).

Pyrophoric liquids, solids and gases, nondetonable.

Unstable (reactive) materials, Class 3, nondetonable.

Water-reactive materials, Class 3.

[F] 307.5 High-hazard Group H-3. Buildings and structures containing materials that readily support combustion or that pose a *physical hazard* shall be classified as Group H-3. Such materials shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Class I, II or IIIA flammable or combustible liquids that are used or stored in normally closed containers or systems pressurized at 15 pounds per square inch gauge (103.4 kPa) or less.

Combustible fibers, other than densely packed baled cotton, where manufactured, generated or used in such a manner that the concentration and conditions create a fire or explosion hazard based on information prepared in accordance with Section 414.1.3.

Consumer fireworks, 1.4G (Class C, Common).

Cryogenic fluids, oxidizing.

Category 1B flammable gases having a burning velocity of 3.9 inches per second (10 cm/s) or less.

Flammable solids.

Organic peroxides, Class II and III.

Oxidizers, Class 2.

Oxidizers, Class 3, that are used or stored in normally closed containers or systems pressurized at 15 pounds per square inch gauge (103 kPa) or less. Oxidizing gases.

Unstable (reactive) materials, Class 2.

Water-reactive materials, Class 2.

### CHAPTER 4: SPECIAL DETAILED REQUIREMENTS BASED ON OCCUPANCY AND USE

[F] 414.2.5 Hazardous materials in Group M display and storage areas and in Group S storage areas. Hazardous materials located in Group M and Group S occupancies shall be in accordance with Sections 414.2.5.1 through 414.2.5.3 414.2.5.4.

### 414.2.5.4 Flammable gas.

The aggregate quantity of Category 1B flammable gas having a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less stored and displayed within a single control area of a Group M occupancy or stored in a single control area of a Group S occupancy is allowed to exceed the maximum allowable quantities per control area specified in Table 307.1(1) without classifying the building or use as a Group H occupancy, provided the materials are stored and displayed in accordance with the International Fire Code and quantities do not exceed the amounts specified in Table 414.2.5(3).

# TABLE 414.2.5(3) MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY OF LOW BURNING VELOCITY CATEGORY 1B FLAMMABLE GAS IN GROUP M AND S OCCUPANCIES PER CONTROL AREA •

FLAMMABLE GAS CATEGORY	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY PER CONTROL AREA				
PLAINIMABLE GAS CATEGORY	Sprinklered in Accordance with Note b	Nonsprinklered			
Category 1B (Low BV) <sup>e</sup>					
Gaseous	<u>390,000 cu. ft</u> .	195,000 cu. ft.			
<u>Liquefied</u>	40,000 lbs. <sup>c</sup>	20,000 lbs.			

For SI: 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 cubic foot = 0.02832 m3, 1 square foot = 0.093 m2, 1 inch/second = 2.5641 cm/s.

- a. Control areas shall be separated from each other by not less than a 1-hour fire barrier.
- b. The building shall be equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system with minimum sprinkler design density of Ordinary Hazard Group 2 in the area where flammable gases are stored or displayed.
- c. Where storage areas exceed 50,000 square feet in area, the maximum allowable quantities area allowed to be increased by 2 percent for each 1,000 square feet of area in excess of 50,000 square feet, up to not more than 100 percent of the table amounts. Separation of control areas is not required. The aggregate amount shall not exceed 80,000 pounds.
- d. "Low BV" Category 1B flammable gas has a burning velocity of 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s) or less.

### [F] TABLE 414.5.1 EXPLOSION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS®, h

	61.466		EXPLOSION CONTROL METHODS
MATERIAL	CLASS	Barricade construction	Explosion (deflagration) venting or explosion (deflagration) prevention systems <sup>b</sup>
HAZARD CATEGORY	'		
Combustible dusts <sup>c</sup>	_	Not Required	Required
Cryogenic flammables	_	Not Required	Required
	Division 1.1	Required	Not Required
	Division 1.2	Required	Not Required
	Division 1.3	Not Required	Required
Explosives	Division 1.4	Not Required	Required
	Division 1.5	Required	Not Required
	Division 1.6	Required	Not Required
	Gaseous	Not Required	Required <sup>j</sup>
Flammable gas	Liquefied	Not Required	Required j
	IAd	Not Required	Required
Flammable liquid	IBe	Not Required	Required
	U	Required	Not Permitted
Organic peroxides	1	Required	Not Permitted
Oxidizer liquids and solids	4	Required	Not Permitted
Pyrophoric gas	_	Not Required	Required
	4	Required	Not Permitted
	3 Detonable	Required	Not Permitted
Unstable (reactive)	3 Nondetonable	Not Required	Required
	3	Not Required	Required
Water-reactive liquids and solids	2 <sup>5</sup>	Not Required	Required

SPECIAL USES			
Acetylene generator rooms	_	Not Required	Required
Electrochemical energy storage system <sup>i</sup>	-	Not Required	Required
Energy storage system <sup>i</sup>	_	Not Required	Required
Grain processing	_	Not Required	Required
Liquefied petroleum gas-distribution facilities	-	Not Required	Required
Where explosion hazards exist <sup>f</sup>	Detonation	Required	Not Permitted
	Deflagration	Not Required	Required

- a. See Section 414.1.3.
- b. See the International Fire Code.
- c. Combustible dusts where manufactured, generated or used in such a manner that the concentration and conditions create a fire or explosion hazard based on information prepared in accordance with Section 104.8.2 of the International Fire Code. See definition of "Combustible dust" in Chapter 2.
- d. Storage or use.
- e. In open use or dispensing.
- f. Rooms containing dispensing and use of hazardous materials where an explosive environment can occur because of the characteristics or nature of the hazardous materials or as a result of the dispensing or use process.
- g. A method of explosion control shall be provided where Class 2 water-reactive materials can form potentially explosive mixtures.
- h. Explosion venting is not required for Group H-5 fabrication areas complying with Section 415.11.1 and the International Fire Code.
- i. Where explosion control is required in Section 1207 of the International Fire Code.
- j Not required for Category 1B Flammable Gases having a burning velocity not exceeding 3.9 in/s (10 cm/s).